"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; fair, rising temperature to-morrow; wind northwest.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,043. **** NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ROOSEVELT ARRIVES; FAMILY IS WITH HIM

Returning Hunter Is Warmly Greeted as His Boat Steams Into Khartoum.

ESCORTED TO THE PALACE

Bodyguard Drawn Up In His Honor—After Reception He Meets Wife and Daughter at Station.

By JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN,
Former Assistant Secretary of State.
Correspondent of The New York Times and Chicago Tribune.

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KHARTOUM, March 14.—Col. Roosevelt emerged from the jungle this afternoon with his finger on his lips as far as political questions are concerned. Immediately after his arrival he reiterated to a number of journalists that he had nothing to say on the burning issues in America and elsewhere.

He has gone even to the extent of declining to receive a delegation of Syrians who had prepared an address of a political nature, although willing to receive them individually. It is increasingly evident that he will not under any circumstances depart from this fixed rule.

Col. Roosevelt is resting to-night in the palace instead of the hotel, as he had planned, with his wife and daughter, whom he greeted enthusiastically at the railroad station, where he arrived at 5:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Roosevelt showed every sign of happiness at the reunion with her husband and son.

Your correspondent went aboard the steamer Dal on the last lap of the long trip, joining the Roosevelt party at Gordon's Tree, so named because the General slept one night under it. Shortly before the correspondent stepped aboard the ship Col. Roosevelt finished the entire account of his African trip. The scientists on the expedition were not so fortunate. They must prepare the specimens for shipment, and when they reach Washington they must arrange and catalogue them.

This means a tremendous amount of work for Col. Roosevelt upon his return.

While Col. Roosevelt was talking to your correspondent regarding the trip Major Mearns and Kermit Roosevelt landed, the former shooting a couple of birds required for the collection and the latter gathering shells and plants.

Officials Welcome Roosevelt.

Leaving Gordon's Tree, the Dal slowly steamed to Khartoum. Opposite Omdurman, which marks the junction of the Blue and the White Nile, the Dal turned toward the palace. At this point the boat was approached by a launch conveying Slatin Pasha, Inspector General of the Soudan; Wilson Bey, Governor of Khartoum; Capt. Clayton, and the private secretary of the Sirdar, who officially welcomed Col. Roosevelt back to civilization.

Col. Roosevelt was particularly delighted to meet Gen. Slatin, who made a marvelous escape from prison at Khalifa twelve years ago and with whose book he is familiar.

Col. Roosevelt was informed that the stucco building of yellow lying off the shore of the Nile was at his disposal.

"Where is the railroad station?" he asked, evidently thinking first of his wife. It was pointed out and he asked how promptly he could reach it.

They explained that the Sirdar's yacht was at his disposal and would carry him to the station and back to the palace with his wife, daughter, and son.

All of Col. Roosevelt's blacks were on the deck of the Dal enjoying the novelty of the sight, never having before seen anything like a city. They were dressed in cast-off clothes, one wearing some apparel belonging to Col. Roosevelt and Kermit. They were rather uncomfortable, as they never before were clothed like whites. All, the tent man, and Col. Roosevelt were particularly affected at the prospect of separation. All saying that Bwana Makuba, meaning the great master, had been good and thinking always of the comfort of others.

"We are losing a fine friend, a man who is big—big. We are sorry," he said.

When Col. Roosevelt arrived at the palace at 4:45 o'clock a guard of black Soudanese non-commissioned officers made a lane through which Col. Roosevelt passed. Those soldiers in full dress made a striking appearance with uniforms, red aigrettes, bayonets, pendant belts, and short sticks in their hands. Col. Roosevelt met all the Khartoum officials at the palace gardens.

Meets His Wife and Daughter.

At 5:15 o'clock he went to the station, where he greeted his wife and daughter. The station was cleared of all save those meeting friends, and but a few witnesses consequently saw the affectionate greeting of the family. To-night they dined at the palace with Slatin and Clayton.

During the dinner Mr. Cuninghame brought the gun bearers to say goodbye. Ten brought the huge tusks of the last elephant Col. Roosevelt killed. They thanked him in the native tongue for his great consideration, and asked that he come again to Africa for a great hunt, and promised to accompany him.

The way they addressed Col. Roosevelt showed that he was never called Bwana Tumbo by members of the party, who denounce this title. Before

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BROKER HELD FOR CRUELTY.

Stock Exchange Man Charged with Over-Riding Valuable Hunter.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 14.—James Barrett, a prominent broker on the New York Stock Exchange, with offices at 33 New Street, was arrested to-day for, as it is alleged, riding a valuable hurdle jumper so hard yesterday that it had to be killed this afternoon by a special agent for Mrs. Rachel Lynch of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Barrett was arrested this morning as he was about to board the Millionaires' Express at 8 o'clock and taken before J. N. Kennedy, Justice of the Peace, who held the broker in $200 bail on the charge of cruelty to animals. He furnished the cash and will have his hearing on Monday, the 28th.

On Sunday morning Barrett hired a valuable saddle horse at Dwyer's Riding Academy and joined a party of prominent people for a cross-country ride. At 2 o'clock he sent word for Dwyer to send for the animal, as he was through with it. When brought to the stable it was covered with foam, and when the saddle and bridle were taken from the animal it fell exhausted to the floor. Veterinarians stated it was suffering from overriding and had a fractured shoulder blade. The animal was shot this afternoon.

Dwyer said the animal was a splendid specimen of the steeplechase class and was valued at $1,000. He stated he intended to bring suit for damages to that amount against the cross-country rider.

$100,000 FOR N. Y. UNIVERSITY.

Mrs. Jenkins Endows the Medical School in Her Father's Memory.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Council of New York University yesterday afternoon at the office of William F. Havemeyer, 165 Broadway, announcement was made that Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins had given $100,000 for the endowment of the Chair of Medicine in the university and Bellevue Hospital Medical College. The gift is made through Dr. A. Alexander Smith, who was graduated from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1871, and who has been connected with the Faculty since 1878.

The gift is made in recognition of the long friendship existing between the donor and Dr. Smith, and of the interest of the donor's father, Marcellus Hartley, in New York University. Mr. Hartley was a member of the university corporation from 1895 until his death and a member of the Committee on the Medical College from the time of the consolidation of the two medical schools.

In accepting the gift it was voted that the foundation should be named the Marcellus Hartley Chair of Medicine.

AUTO VICTIM FOUND DYING.

James O'Brien, Left on Road Injured, Discovered by a Woman.

James O'Brien is dying in the New Rochelle Hospital of injuries received by being run down by an automobile on the Boston Post Road in New Rochelle late Sunday night. It is believed that the machine was going at a high rate of speed, as there were indications on the roadway that the young man had been dragged at least 500 feet.

The automobilist sped on without seeing that O'Brien was cared for. The accident happened on the Post Road near the entrance to Premium Point, New Rochelle, where C. Oliver Iselin and other wealthy New Yorkers have country homes. Mrs. Hugh G. Curran, who lives in the vicinity, heard groans early yesterday morning, and discovered O'Brien lying on the sidewalk covered with blood. He was hurried to the New Rochelle Hospital, where it was found that both of his legs were broken, one of his arms was nearly torn off, and he had also suffered a fracture of the skull.

The fact that O'Brien was found on the sidewalk leads Chief of Police Timmons and Coroner Boedecker, who are making a search for the automobile, to think that after the car ran over the man it was stopped and the occupants believing that O'Brien was dead, placed him on the sidewalk and then hurried away.

The police have a rim of a lamp found in the roadway, and hope to trace the machine by that. Sergt. Cody of the New Rochelle police said last night that a car had been found at Pelham Manor which had blood on one of its wheels, and the license tag was missing. He is trying to find the owner.

The Coroner and police say the car was owned by several young clubmen who removed the tag after leaving the car at Pelham Manor.

TARRYTOWN HOLDS ELECTION.

Rockefeller Interests Are Supporting John Wirth for Local President.

The village elections take place to-day in North Tarrytown, where the citizens' ticket meets with opposition for the first time in three years. The Rockefeller interests are backing it strongly, and it is predicted to-night that the vote from the Rockefeller estates will carry the ticket through to victory. The citizens' ticket names John Wirth for President. The people's ticket is headed by R. H. Randolph for President. It is a coincidence that five years ago when Mr. Wirth ran for President he was opposed by the Rockefeller forces, but he won out. He made such a good record as President that the Rockefeller vote was swung his way and for three years he went in without opposition.

Now that opposition is in the field the Rockefeller vote from both estates is solidly behind him. Mr. Wirth has always been for an economical administration, and every year he has left a balance in the Treasury. This year the balance is about $4,000. The Rockefellers, especially John D. Rockefeller, employ a large number of Italians, and most of them reside in North Tarrytown. They have all received sample ballots and know how to vote the Wirth ticket.

PLANS TO BAR ORAL BETS.

Senator Agnew Has Stronger Amendments to Race Track Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 14.—Measures to prohibit "oral" bookmaking were introduced to-night by Senator Agnew, who was sponsor for the anti-gambling bills two years ago. The bills with the same object in view now before the Assembly will be amended to conform to the text of the Agnew measures.

One of the bills introduced by Senator Agnew strengthens Section 973 of the penal law prohibiting gambling in any inclosure or other place. Another bill introduced by Senator Agnew exempts Trustees and Directors of a corporation which conducts a disorderly resort from the operation of all penal statutes. The part of the law making such officers liable was overlooked when the anti-race-track gambling bills were passed two years ago.

GAYNOR WANTS TRIAL OF SALOON RAIDERS

Inquiry Into Activity of Policemen Cunningham and Keenan After Transfer.

SUSPECTS THEIR MOTIVES

Recalls Existence of Liquor Dealers' Bribery Fund and Announces He's Preparing to Stop Practice.

Policemen Charles W. Cunningham of the Eldridge Street Station and Thomas Keenan of the Madison Street Station, who, for the last six weeks, have been spending much of their time, when not on duty, raiding saloons for excise violation, apparently have raided one too many. Yesterday afternoon Mayor Gaynor ordered Police Commissioner Baker to put both men on trial, intimating strongly that the zealousness of the policemen may have been for improper purposes.

The Mayor, in his letter, mentioned a large sum of money that liquor dealers use in buying police protection on Sundays. He said that slowly he had been gathering evidence about this fund and that he is getting ready to put a stop to it in the "way which is open to us." This particular part of the letter caused a lot of talk in police circles, and rumors of a sensation in the Mayor's war to purge the force of dishonor, flew thick and fast.

No hint as to the extent of the revelations that may result from the Mayor's investigations was given out at the City Hall. It has been rumored for weeks that an investigation has been under way to uncover those who have participated in the big liquor pool to which the Mayor referred.

Cunningham and Keenan were transferred from the mounted squad on duty in Westchester Village, on Feb. 3 last, three days after they had arrested the bartenders of three of the biggest saloons in that section of the city, one of the places raided being that of the President of the Westchester Liquor Dealers' Association. The men were sent to the east side to walk the pavements.

Both have kept up their war on the saloons that violate the excise law on Sundays, and Cunningham, since he has been in the Eldridge Street Precinct, has made seven excise arrests down there and two others, these last on last Sunday, near his home up in Westchester. Keenan likewise has been busy and was with Cunningham when the arrests of Sunday last were made. Those cases came up for a hearing yesterday, and within a few hours of their disposal the Mayor's letter, accompanied by three affidavits, was on its way to Commissioner Baker. Here is the Mayor's letter:

CITY OF NEW YORK,
Office of the Mayor,
March 14, 1910.

Sir: My attention is called to the fact that Patrolmen Thomas Keenan of the Seventh Precinct and Charles F. Cunningham of the Ninth, both of which are in lower Manhattan, visited together several liquor places several miles away in the Borough of the Bronx yesterday during their regular period of eight hours off duty, for the purpose of making arrests for violations of the liquor tax law, and that they made several arrests for such violations by the sale of liquor to them in side rooms. As their duties are in their own precincts, unless sent outside by an officer over them, and the said hours off duty are given to the men for necessary rest and recuperation, so that they may be able to continue to do duty efficiently, it may well seem that these two patrolmen were actuated by some motive other than zeal for the enforcement of the laws in doing what they did. If, however, they acted through such zeal, some leniency should be shown them, but if through insubordination, or any bad motive, they should be dismissed promptly. When all of the facts shall have been put together in sequence their motive will be apparent enough.

If every patrolman off duty were permitted, without orders or supervision, to leave his own precinct and go at will throughout the city in plain clothes to liquor places to make arrests for violations of the liquor tax law, or to other places or houses to make arrests, the way to extortion of money or blackmail by the members of the force would be without limit. Such a thing cannot be suffered.

Before I came into the office of Mayor I was informed of the large, even vast, sum of money in the aggregate which liquor dealers were paying for what is called protection on Sunday, and I have been slowly gathering the evidence of it since I have been here, and getting ready to put a stop to it in a way which is open to us, and at the same time duly enforce the liquor tax law here in a safe and orderly manner as well or better than it is enforced anywhere else in the State.

These two men did the same thing on Sunday, Jan. 30. I am informed that on that day they were accompanied by John W. Cunningham, who is a brother of the said Patrolman Cunningham, and who was dismissed from the force on Jan. 19, 1906, after a trial before Deputy Commissioner Arthur J. O'Keeffe in Brooklyn, for extorting money, while off duty, from a liquor dealer by threatening him with arrest. I also request your immediate consideration of three affidavits which have been presented that these two patrolmen also have obtained money of several liquor dealers as pretended loans which they have never paid back.

Let them be tried as soon as may be, when the truth whether of mere zeal to do duty, or of insubordination, or of extortion, will fully appear. Very truly yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

William F. Baker, Esq., Police Commissioner.

The affidavits accompanying the letter were not made public and probably will not be, it was said, until they are produced at the trial of the policemen. Commissioner Baker left Police Headquarters soon after receiving the Mayor's letter without making any statement.

Neither of the policemen had been suspended from duty at a late hour last night. They were due back at their station houses at 2 A. M. this morning.

Cunningham was found at his home, but the policeman said he was too sleepy to talk. He lives in a fine house at 1,616 Crosby Avenue, the Bronx. A man who said he was Cunningham's brother said that if charges had been preferred his brother did not know it. He said he was certain there could be no truth in the charges against his brother.

BRONX ARRESTS STAND.

Magistrates Upholds Transferred Policemen for Excise Raids.

James Arent and Thomas Croe, the two bartenders who were arrested by Policemen Cunningham and Keenan Sunday in the Bronx for violating the excise law, were before Magistrate Breen yesterday morning in the Morrisania Court. Arent said he was not ready, and his case was put over until Thursday morning. Croe's examination went on, and he was held in $500 bail for trial. In Arent's case bail was also fixed at $500.

Cunningham and Keenan are the two policemen who were recently transferred from the Tremont Avenue Police Station after they had made arrests in excise cases and incurred the displeasure of Inspector Flood. They were both sent to downtown precincts, and yesterday they

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In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

WOMEN'S BIBLE CLASS TO INTEREST SOCIETY

Mrs. Martin Littleton Organized It as Antidote to Suffrage Excitements.

TEA FOLLOWED MEETINGS

So Earnest Were They, Says a Member, That Nearly Every One Brought Her Own Bible—To Resume Next Year.

A number of New York society women, including among them some of the most prominent names in New York, have been attending a week-day Bible class recently. A man whose wife attends said yesterday that it was a hopeful sign, and would do more for the world at large than woman suffrage. As a matter of fact, the class was started as an antidote to suffrage, though by a woman in favor of, though not a worker for, suffrage for her sex, Mrs. Martin Littleton. Mrs. Littleton felt that a more thorough knowledge of the Bible would have a steadying influence in the exciting times which exist just now in the feminine world, and invited her friends to join a class.

The meetings were held at Mrs. Littleton's home, 113 East Fifty-seventh Street. The instructor was the Rev. Dr. C. I. Scofield, Secretary of the Oxford Revision Society. There was an average attendance of about forty-five prominent society women at the three preliminary meetings of the class, with some Englishwomen visitors.

"People who believe society and frivolity to mean one and the same thing would have been surprised to see these women, well known in social life, who brought their own Bibles, and with them lying open before them followed the instruction," said one of the members.

"Mrs. Littleton is a religious woman, though not a church member," continued this friend, "and she has felt for some time that, with the tremendous agitations of the time, the fight for woman suffrage, and the many new beliefs of all kinds, the foundation of life seemed to be slipping away. She has always said that she would not be happy without a foundation of religious faith to lean upon, and that it has seemed to her that the cruelest thing that could be done in the world was to take away from any one the faith that was the only possible support, in sorrow or in sickness."

One of the best-known women in New York society, though her name has never been associated with religious matters, shares Mrs. Littleton's views. Sitting together at a luncheon one day she and Mrs. Littleton exchanged ideas, found they had much in common, and the other woman was charmed with the idea of taking up the study of the Bible. Mrs. Littleton, who had suggested it, made arrangements to carry out her plan, but with much discouraging advice. No one believed that such a class was practicable in a big city like New York.

"Mr. Littleton discouraged the idea. He said that even if so distinguished a man as Dr. Scofield should be willing to talk to a class of women, there would be so few women it would not be worth while anyway. A distinguished Englishwoman, who was visiting Mrs. Littleton at that time, was positive also that none of the women of the present day were interested enough in religion to take up Bible study in the midst of a busy Winter. Mrs. Littleton made up her mind to be disappointed if need be, but she was bound to make the attempt. She was sure of the support of the one woman who had encouraged her in the idea. She wrote to Dr. Scofield, who was in Boston, and he said that he would be delighted to come up to New York and talk to the women. He considered it a work that was worth while.

"Invitations were sent out to 75 New York women asking them to come to the class at Mrs. Littleton's house for a short half-hour talks for three consecutive afternoons. The invitations were engraved ones, as carefully prepared as they might have been for a wedding or any social function. None of the smaller points that might go to make the class interesting was omitted. Then came the period of waiting to see if New York women would be glad to know more of the Bible. They were.

"There was an average of forty-five at each class. Mr. Scofield had been asked practically to make the Bible clearer reading and to enable the readers to reconcile points which apparently differ. There was real interest taken in the class, as was shown by those who brought their Bibles to aid them. After the half-hour's work tea was served, and there was a discussion of the text under consideration or the class reverted back to the affairs of ordinary life.

"The last of the three sessions of the class took place last Thursday afternoon. But these are considered now only preliminary. The interest was so great that there was a general desire expressed to continue the class, and, while it will be too late for this season, preparations will be made for a longer course of lessons another Winter. The class was held in Lent, but it was only by chance. There was nothing doctrinal in the teaching, no one was asked to what religious denomination she belonged, and the instruction was on purely religious lines."

HELEN DRUMMOND DIES.

Woman Once Convicted as Eva Fox-Strangways Expires in Bellevue.

Eva Fox-Strangways, the Englishwoman known also as Helen Drummond, who said she was a niece of the Earl of Ilchester and was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment in 1907 for passing bad checks, died yesterday in Bellevue Hospital from the effects of self-administered poison taken when she was arrested on March 3 for giving a fraudulent check to the New Amsterdam Hotel for $25.

She arrived in this country in the Summer of 1907 and, owing to acquaintances made on the liner, the Englishwoman was received in society at Newport and Philadelphia. Mrs. Fox-Strangway, as she styled herself, was a well-educated, refined-looking brunette, who had traveled in all parts of the world, and appeared to be on familiar terms with all the foreign notables, from Kings down.

After her release from prison in the Fall of 1908 she appeared in New York under the name of Helen Drummond and had interviews with prominent Americans for English newspapers. Toward the last she had difficulty in obtaining money.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
"Its Purity has made it famous."—Adv.

STRIKE CALL ISSUED FOR 25,000 FIREMEN

Order Within 24 Hours May Tie Up Traffic from Chicago to San Francisco.

MAY INVOKE FEDERAL AID

Action Follows Refusal of Roads to Submit to Arbitration Any Question but Higher Wages Demand.

CHICAGO, March 14.—At midnight to-night W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, announced that a strike of 25,000 firemen on practically all the Western railroads had been called.

Mr. Carter said the decision to strike had been reached at a meeting of the forty-three members of the Western Federated Board of the brotherhood, each member representing a Western railroad.

The exact hour at which the men are to walk out, he said, would be decided upon to-morrow and every member of the union between Chicago and the Pacific coast would then be informed by telegraph when to quit work.

"The strike has been called, that much is certain," Mr. Carter said. "It means that not only 25,000 firemen, members of our union, will go out, but perhaps that many more employes will be thrown out in consequence.

"We gave our ultimatum to the railroads that the men had voted to strike and we were prepared to call one unless we gained an arbitration of all questions in dispute. The railroads refused to arbitrate anything but the wage question.

The railroads to-day informed Mr. Carter that notwithstanding the strike possibility they were determined to stand "pat," refusing to arbitrate anything but the wage question. They announced that if all the wage demand was granted other railroad unions would soon after demand a similar increase, and that this would virtually bankrupt the roads.

"We have figured it out and it would mean a deficit of more than 4 per cent. per annum to every road granting the increase," said O. L. Dickeson, assistant to the President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road. "An arbitration board could easily be convinced of this fact. Still we were willing to submit the wage controversy to mediation, but not the other questions, which clearly concern efficiency and authority."

The railroads have issued a statement declaring that to prevent a strike they will if necessary appeal to the authorities at Washington.

Chairman W. C. Nixon, on behalf of the railroad managers, issued the following statement:

"The railroads have not received the answer of the firemen's committee. Consequently we hesitate to make comment. But it does not seem reasonable that a strike will be called in the face of offered arbitration. The railroads offered to arbitrate the wage question Jan. 27, and this offer still holds good.

"In case the firemen's reply is to the effect that a strike will be called, the railroads will invoke the aid of the Erdman act through the Chairman of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the Commissioner of Labor in Washington to prevent the labor leaders from carrying out their threat."

While many communications have passed between the union officials and the General Managers the latter assert they have not yet received a direct answer to their offer to arbitrate the wage question. This is the answer referred to in Mr. Nixon's statement.

The controversy which has been under discussion for more than six weeks involves forty-seven railroads operating west, northwest and southwest of Chicago and embraces about 150,000 miles of railroad.

It has previously been stated by both sides that if a strike were called it would tie up every freight and passenger train between Chicago and the Pacific Coast.

"Last midnight we decided it was useless to parley further with the railroad managers. We adopted a resolution calling a strike. Owing to the lateness of the hour and in order that the men should not go out in confusion and not knowing the state of affairs, we agreed to wait until to-day before telegraphing the order."

"Will the men quit work to-morrow?" Mr. Carter was asked.

"The men will quit work within twenty-four hours after the order is issued," he replied.

The points in dispute are:

Increase in wages demanded, which the union officers say would amount to about 12½ per cent., but which the railroads assert would amount to 22½ per cent.

The right of the union to representation when a fireman has been promoted to engineman or to another capacity over which another union claims jurisdiction.

Questions of seniority, or the promotion of new men over old-time employes.

The Railroad Managers' Committee, composed of ten of the General Managers of Western railroads and headed by W. C. Nixon, General Manager of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, had already agreed to submit the wage question to arbitration under the Erdman act, but had declined to arbitrate the other two points on the ground that they were matters of official authority and discipline and could not be arbitrated. To this attitude union officials on Sunday sent what they called an "ultimatum," declaring that if all three points were not submitted to settlement by arbitration a strike would be inevitable.

CLEVELAND, March 14.—Officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, which has its headquarters here, when informed of the strike of firemen called in Chicago, declared that they knew nothing about it, and that under no circumstances would the engineers in their organization go out.

They asserted that the engineers would carry out their contracts with the railroads, regardless of what action might be taken by the firemen, and if necessary would employ non-union labor. The strike is represented here as a fight in the labor organization, and is not regarded as important.

Grand Chief Warren S. Stone declined to be quoted.

FOR A GREAT AVIATION PARK.

Place Near Paris to Have Field Three Miles Long.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 14.—A permanent aviation park is soon to be laid out to the north of Paris, this side of Chantilly.

It will consist of 1,000 acres of entirely level land and will be divided into a main ground more than three miles in length for public exhibitions and a small ground for practice.

The place is accessible by both the Northern Railway and the Grande Ceinture.

NEW HOME FOR SZECHENYIS.

Ancient Hungarian Castle to be Rebuilt and Named Schloss Gladys.

VIENNA, March 14.—Count and Countess Laszlo Széchényi have purchased an estate of several thousand acres at Felsoe-Remete, Ung County, Hungary, near the Gallician frontier. The property includes an ancient castle, which will be completely rebuilt. It will be named Schloss Gladys.

The Count and Countess will spend the Summer in America, returning in the Fall to take possession of their new home.

YALE NEWS PROVED ALIBI.

Showed Tchaykovsky Was in New Haven at Time of Plot.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, March 14.—Friends of Nicholas Tchaykovsky, the Russian revolutionist, have sent cablegrams stating that he secured his release at his trial last week through evidence placed before the Russian Government by The Yale Daily News.

The chief charge against him was that he was concerned in a conspiracy against the Russian Government, hatched out on Feb. 13, 1907. The defense was an alibi. Tchaykovsky declared that he was in New Haven that night delivering a lecture at Yale on "Student Life in Russia."

Copies of The Yale Daily News containing an account of his lecture were sent to Russia, and when placed in evidence at the trial established the alibi.

PREFERS CARDS TO CHOIR.

Soprano Resigns Rather Than Give Up Euchre Parties.

NEWBURG, N. Y., March 14.—Miss Katherine M. Seeger, a sister of County Judge A. H. F. Seeger, having presented to her the alternative of retiring from the choir of the Moulton Baptist Church of this city or forsaking card playing, chose the former course to-day and resigned from the choir.

When the Rev. Frank A. Stoddard, the pastor, learned that the soprano in the choir had recently given a euchre party he took her to task and told her she would have to give up cards or resign.

IS SUING MME. TETRAZZINI.

Impresario Says Singer Broke Contract and Deed Was Lost in Earthquake.

Supreme Court Justice Newburger reserved decision yesterday on motions to examine before trial both Isidor Lerner, an impresario, and Mme. Luisa Tetrazzini, whom he is suing for $39,366 for breach of contract.

Lerner declares that he lost in the San Francisco earthquake a contract he had with Mme. Tetrazzini to tour the United States under his management. He says she broke her contract to sing in Venezuela.

TAFT CANCELS VISIT HERE.

Will Go from Washington to Chicago Direct—In New York on March 23.

WASHINGTON, March 14.— President Taft decided to-day to cancel his engagements in New York to-morrow afternoon and evening, and will leave here Wednesday morning for Chicago direct. He will carry out the itinerary for the remainder of his trip as heretofore planned.

After spending St. Patrick's Day in Chicago the President will leave there late that night for Rochester, N. Y., where he will spend Friday afternoon and night. He will leave the following day for Albany, N. Y., arriving there in the early afternoon and remaining until Monday morning, March 21. From Albany he will go to New Haven to attend a forenoon session of the Yale Corporation, and on Monday night, the 21st, will be in Providence, R. I.

He will spend Tuesday, March 22, in New York City, and will return to Washington the morning of the 23d.

TAGGART'S HOTEL NOT GUILTY

Indiana Loses Suit to Annul the Charter Because of Gambling.

PAOLI, Ind., March 14.—The State to-day lost its suit to annul the charter of the French Lick Springs Hotel Company, the jury returning a verdict for the defendants, who were charged with countenancing gambling at the hotel casino. It is probable that an appeal will be taken to the State Supreme Court.

Thomas Taggart, former National Democratic Chairman, is President of the hotel company. He was a witness in the case.

John W. Kern, former Democratic candidate for Vice President, was the leading attorney for the hotel company. Attorney General James Bingham of Indiana prosecuted the State's case personally.

TAFT MEETS OHIOANS.

J. G. Schmidlapp of Cincinnati Joins in Political Conference.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Wade H. Ellis, Chairman of the Ohio Republican State Executive Committee; Myron T. Herrick of Cleveland, Ohio, who is a candidate for the Senatorial nomination in Ohio, and Jacob G. Schmidlapp of Cincinnati were guests of the President at luncheon at the White House to-day and discussed with him the Ohio political situation.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 14.—Jacob G. Schmidlapp's presence at the White House conference to-day has a particular meaning in Cincinnati. For several years he has been considered one of the strongest political leaders in Southern Ohio, and many men have expressed their desire that he run for Governor. However, he has none of the organization's backing in Cincinnati, and if he does run for Governor the race must be conducted without the backing of the Cox machine. Before returning to Cincinnati Mr. Ellis will go to New York to go over with the leaders there several matters of political moment, as well as to consider several phases of the Government's cases in the courts there.

WOODRUFF DEFIED ROOT TO OUST HIM

Friends of State Chairman Declare Senator Left Conference Here Beaten at All Points.

WHO WROTE ROOT MESSAGE?

Not Brackett, Say Root and Brackett—Davenport's Prediction That It Would Come.

If any one had any lingering doubt that Timothy L. Woodruff, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, did not come out on top at the Sunday night conference with Senator Elihu Root, which it had been confidently asserted in many quarters was to result in the complete annihilation of Mr. Woodruff, so far as Republican State politics is concerned, that doubt was dissipated yesterday when Mr. Woodruff appeared at his office in the Cambridge Building. Mr. Woodruff not only appeared as happy as a newly elected Assemblyman, but he was plainly aggressive in his demonstrations of joy. Mr. Root when he left for Washington was correspondingly downcast and gloomy.

William Barnes, Jr., who is standing shoulder to shoulder with Chairman Woodruff in the present complication, was almost as pleased as Mr. Woodruff when seen yesterday at the Republican Club.

"It's all over," said Mr. Barnes, rubbing his hands with glee. "There'll be no more trouble. After this everybody will mind his own business."

It was the general opinion among Republican politicians, even those favorable to Senator Root, that the latter had made a mistake in calling for a "show down" so early in the game. Senator Root, it was pointed out, had thoroughly underestimated his opponents' strength, and his being so decisively beaten at the very beginning of hostilities would make it extremely hard for him to regain his lost ground if it would not actually discredit him with his own friends. It was predicted that he would have an interesting session with President Taft when he got back to Washington.

Although Mr. Woodruff would not discuss what happened at the conference or go into particulars in regard to the present State situation, it was learned that his victory was much more substantial than even he had admitted Sunday night. It can be stated on good authority that Mr. Woodruff has no intention of resigning from the State Chairmanship either now or in the Fall, when his term expires. Moreover, he does not believe that his enemies, the so-called "Federal crowd," have it in their power to defeat him at the primaries no matter how much they would like to do so.

Senator Root Got a Surprise.

"I would like to tell you just what happened at the conference last night," said Mr. Woodruff with the manner of one who could a tale unfold if he so desired, "but it would be very improper to do so at this time. The Republican Party in the State is in a very delicate situation; there is no use disguising that fact, and for me to talk at present would mean that I would complicate things still more. I am still Chairman of the State Committee. That sums up the matter pretty thoroughly, I think."

While Mr. Woodruff would not tell what happened when Senator Root, backed by the "Federal crowd," to say nothing of Gov. Hughes, appeared suddenly in full panoply of war to demand his scalp, there are others who profess to know what did take place, and these individuals did the talking for the State Chairman.

"Senator Root," said a close friend of Mr. Woodruff, "was the most surprised man in the United States when he left Mr. Woodruff last night. He came over from Washington vested with full authority to end the career of Mr. Woodruff. When the explosion occurred, however, it didn't do any more damage than a pop gun.

"Mr. Woodruff went at him hammer and tongs and talked straight from the shoulder. I didn't think Mr. Woodruff had it in him, and to-day I took off my hat to him. I think it will be a long time before Mr. Root will come over here on a similar mission. In his suave way Mr. Root said he did not come over to depose Mr. Woodruff; that his only mission was to discuss the State situation with him. He then proceeded to talk about the Allds case.

"Mr. Woodruff called his bluff right away. He told him that he understood the motives of Mr. Root's visit perfectly and that they had better get down to cases. Mr. Woodruff said it would be absurd to build any premises on the outcome of the present State Senate investigation, as no man could tell what the investigation would bring forth, that so far as he knew there was to be no whitewashing, and that Gov. Hughes himself could not desire the investigators to go deeper than he, Mr. Woodruff, desired them to go.

Not Afraid of Federal Club.

"'What you came over here for,' Mr. Woodruff told Mr. Root in substance, 'is to get me out of the State Committee. Now, I defy you to go ahead and do it.'

"Mr. Woodruff then took up the matter of Federal patronage, which he knew is the club that will be used in trying to defeat him at the primaries. He showed that he had nothing whatever to fear. There are only three members of the State Committee who occupy Federal jobs, and none of these, he declared, would desert him. The three are Collector of Customs John A. Merritt of Niagara Falls, Collector John F. O'Brien of Plattsburg, and Naval Officer Kracke of Brooklyn, who was reappointed by President Taft, but whose appointment has not yet been confirmed. Mr. Kracke, it is violating no confidence to say, is a close personal friend of Mr. Woodruff, and he owes his present position entirely to the State Chairman. Only a few days ago he told Mr. Woodruff that he was going to stick by him in the present fight to the bitter end, and when Mr. Woodruff got out of politics he was going to get out, too. As for Mr. Merritt, he comes from Speaker Wadsworth's district, and Speaker Wadsworth is standing close to Mr. Woodruff in the latter's fight against Gov. Hughes's direct nominations bill.

"Mr. O'Brien comes from Senator Malby's district, and Mr. Malby, too, is in the Woodruff-Barnes camp. With nothing to fear from these three Federal office holders, Mr. Woodruff feels that he is in a position to laugh at the threats of the 'Federal crowd' to undo him. But Mr. Woodruff made it much stronger than this.' He told Mr. Root that the people of New York State wouldn't stand for interference from Washington.

"Mr. Woodruff realized that he held the whip hand as the result of the Senator Hinman fiasco at Albany, and he made good use of it. The fact that Senator Cobb was elected over Senator Hin-

man as Republican leader of the Senate, despite the famous Root telegram urging the election of Hinman as the choice of President Taft and Gov. Hughes, took all the ammunition out of Root's arsenal. Mr. Woodruff told Mr. Root bluntly that he was willing to call a meeting of the State Committee and have the question of his being deposed thrashed out at the very start. Mr. Root protested that that was not his purpose at all, and he had all he could do to persuade Mr. Woodruff from calling the meeting. Even after the conference was over Mr. Woodruff was not sure but he would send out the call, anyway. He wanted to prove to the 'Federal crowd' how thoroughly his friends in the State stood behind him.

Woodruff as a Hughes Supporter.

"Mr. Woodruff further explained to Mr. Root how he was always a stanch believer in the policies of Gov. Hughes. The only time he had ever opposed Gov. Hughes was on the present Direct Nominations bill.

"Although Mr. Root was not pleased to hear it Mr. Woodruff told him that he was being made a catspaw by the Albany 'ring,' composed of Senator Edgar T. Brackett, Representative John W. Dwight, and Representative J. Sloat Fassett. These men, Mr. Woodruff pointed out, had a special reason for their enmity to the State Chairman, and they had hoodwinked Senator Root into the belief that Mr. Woodruff had to go for the best interests of the party. It was simply a question, however, of using Root to grind their axes for them. Senator Root fell for the scheme, and Mr. Woodruff told him he ought to be ashamed of himself.

"Mr. Root was plainly told that the desire on the part of the enemies of Mr. Woodruff for an extensive investigation of the corruption at Albany was mere subterfuge, and a play to the gallery. He said that they did not desire at heart to have any such an investigation; that they knew it would not be a good thing for the Republican Party, but that they hoped, by taking this stand, to be able to bunco the people.

"Mr. Root frankly admitted that he was not in favor of the present investigation being extended any further than was absolutely necessary. If the investigation is extended, Mr. Woodruff pointed out, it may go so far as to reach to New York and take in corporations with which Mr. Root himself was connected, with results which might not be altogether to Mr. Root's liking.

"That argument seemed to impress Mr. Root very much. Mr. Woodruff further told his visitor that he had personal reasons for not wanting to give up the chairmanship. He had his own reputation to think of. For him to retire now, practically under fire, would mean a confession that he himself was to blame in part at least for what the party was now going through.

"Such was very far from the case. He reminded the Senator that when Senator Allds and Conger, Speaker Nixon et al. were on top in Albany and the things were going on which formed the basis for the present investigation he was Lieutenant Governor, and if he should quit now the public would jump at the conclusion that he was afraid of the disclosures and a quitter.

Inside History of Root's Telegram.

"Another thing that Mr. Woodruff disclosed, to Mr. Root's surprise, was the inside history of the telegram advising the selection of Senator Hinman. Mr. Woodruff told Mr. Root to his face that he did not send the telegram at all, but that it was written in Albany by Senator Brackett on a telegraph blank obtained at a local telegraph office there.

"While Mr. Root denied that Senator Brackett wrote it, he did not insist that he wrote and sent it himself. Mr. Woodruff has proof that Senator Brackett wrote the message and that State Senator Davenport read it over the long-distance telephone to Mr. Root at Washington, and the latter sent back his approval.

"The whole scheme, in fact, was cooked up in Albany by Mr. Woodruff's enemies, and Mr. Root was led to believe that he had to interfere for the best interests of the party, while, as a matter of fact, he was simply playing into the hands of a few disgruntled politicians in Albany. Mr. Root tamed down considerably by the time the conference was over, and he went back to Washington a sadder and a wiser man. The last thing Mr. Woodruff told him was to go ahead and throw him out if he thought he could do it. Mr. Woodruff took the aggressive all through the conference, and he won a signal victory.

"It is very doubtful if any further effort will be made to get rid of him. By the time this term as Chairman is up next Fall he will be stronger with the people than ever, and the State organization will be in a better position than it could possibly be if it were turned over to Mr. Woodruff's enemies."

One construction put on Senator Root's attempt to reconstruct the State organization was to the effect that it was part of a deep-seated purpose to undermine ex-President Roosevelt's influence and to keep the organization from falling into his hands. It was pointed out that Mr. Roosevelt, upon his return, would play an important part in the political situation, not only in New York State but in the Nation, and that the "Federal crowd" see the importance of getting control of the State organization themselves, and thus thwart Mr. Roosevelt if he attempts to "play politics."

Mr. Griscom Silent.

Lloyd C. Griscom, President of the Republican County Committee, who is allied with the Root forces, said last night that he did not desire to discuss the situation.

Other friends of Senator Root took the attitude that Senator Root's visit had at least one good result in that Mr. Woodruff had promised to work for some of Gov. Hughes's policies, including the Telephone and Telegraph bill and Speaker Wadsworth's short ballot measure. There will also be a compromise on the Green-Hinman Direct Nominations bill, which will result in the present measure being considerable modified, so as to meet the demands of the Woodruff-Barnes faction. It is altogether likely, it was said, that the name of the bill, Green-Hinman, would be retained, so that it wouldn't appear that there had been too much of a back down. The bill, however, will incorporate most of the features of the Mead-Phillips measure, which has the backing of Mr. Woodruff.

"Senator Root did not come here to humiliate Chairman Woodruff or to throw him out of office," said one of Mr. Root's sympathizers. "He came to tell Mr. Woodruff that it wouldn't be the part of wisdom to antagonize Gov. Hughes's measures too far. Mr. Woodruff promised to be good, and he will be allowed to remain in office. If he gets too obstreperous he will not be allowed a re-election as Chairman. Senator Root tells that Mr. Woodruff has been taken sufficiently to task, and now every effort will be made to promote harmony among the factions."

ROOT DENIES TELEGRAM STORY.

Washington Satisfied the Senator's Visit to New York Effected Results.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Senator Root returned from his political trip to New York this evening, and was noncommittal here as he had been there regarding his talk with Republican State Chairman Woodruff. It was learned from other sources, however, that his journey was not without results, and that the situation is considerably less unsatisfactory to the Administration than it was before Mr. Root went to New York.

It may be said authoritatively now that Mr. Root did not go Mr. Woodruff with a set demand that the State Chairman should resign his place at once. Nor did he present himself in the attitude of a boss seeking to give orders as to what should be done or not done in State Republican affairs. It is not the intention of Mr. Root to assume any such attitude, nor will President Taft do so. It is not the desire of either to appear in that light. But Mr. Root did tell Mr. Woodruff in plain terms that in the judgment of himself and other New York Republicans in Washington the course of Mr. Woodruff in opposition to the measures recommended by Gov. Hughes had shown him to be out of sympathy with the great body of the party in New York State and no longer qualified to serve as Chairman of the State Committee. He did ask Mr. Woodruff to resign the Chairmanship and Woodruff refused to do so.

That puts the next move up to the so-called "Federal crowd." They are preparing right now to make that move. It is the intention first of all to have the members of the State Committee take stock of the sentiment of the Republican voters in their districts and find out what the people think of Gov. Hughes on the one hand and Mr. Woodruff on the other. That doesn't mean necessarily that there will be an effort to force the resignation of Mr. Woodruff before the regular Fall meeting of the State Committee, although in the judgment of Mr. Root and others here it would be very much better for the party's prospects in the coming elections if Woodruff would get out and give his successor time and opportunity to familiarize himself more thoroughly with the general situation in the State before the campaign opens up.

Mr. Root made it quite clear to Chairman Woodruff that, in the opinion of himself, the President, and other eminent Republicans interested in the success of the party in New York, it was very important for the Republicans in the Legislature to stand by Gov. Hughes and his legislative programme.

Especially is it important that there shall be no whitewashing of Senators Allds on the Conger charges. It is understood that Woodruff told Senator Root that so far as the legislative programme was concerned he was in favor of some of the items in it and against others, and that as far as the Allds investigation is concerned he was emphatically of the opinion that the verdict should be rendered on the merits of the case.

It is clear that in the view of the New York Republicans the usefulness of Senator Allds has been ended, and the quicker he is retired from public life the better for the party. It is not believed that a verdict in his favor would ever be accepted by any considerable number of the voters of the State, and that it would work tremendous damage to the party to have a verdict given favorable to Allds unless supported by the strongest evidence.

The New York tangle has awakened the utmost interest here among men of both parties from other States, and there is increasing talk that the split in the Republican Party there is like that of 1881, which foreshadowed the crushing defeat of 1882, when Grover Cleveland was elected Governor by 192,000. But through all the talk there runs constantly the remark: "Wait until Roosevelt gets back. He will have some scheme for straightening things out."

The confidence in the political genius of Col. Roosevelt and in his ability to pull or whip the factions into line and to make them work together is almost unlimited, and there are not a few politicians who simply refuse to discuss the possibilities for the future in New York, on the ground that it is idle to do so until it appears what Mr. Roosevelt is going to do.

On his arrival here this evening Senator Root denied emphatically the story that the telegram sent from here to State Senator Davenport last week urging the election of Senator Hinman to be President pro tem. of the State Senate had been written really by Senator Brackett and telephoned to him for his approval.

Representative Dwight also denied the story to-night, declaring that he knew positively that it was not true.

BRACKETT DENIES IT, TOO.

Says One Who Believes He Wrote Telegram Should Be Left to His Foolishness.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 14.—The authenticity of the now historic Root telegram advocating the election of Senator Harvey D. Hinman as President pro tem of the Senate is to-night being brought into question by the Republican leaders who took part in the various councils of war and peace in New York yesterday.

From friends of Republican State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff came the most positive assertions that Senator Root did not write the telegram. They say it was written by Senator Edgar Truman Brackett of Saratoga, delivered by him to Senator Fred M. Davenport of Onelda, and afterward read to Mr. Root over the long-distance telephone by Senator Davenport, who acted as the spokesman of Senator Root here, with the result that Mr. Root authorized its use at the Republican Senate caucus held last Tuesday night. From Senator Brackett came a positive denial of this assertion to-night.

According to one of the Republican leaders here who presumably would be in a position to know Mr. Woodruff brought the subject up quite abruptly in the course of his conference with Senator Root in New York last night.

"You know, Senator," Mr. Woodruff is reported to have said, "that Senator Brackett is the author of that telegram."

"Senator Brackett did not write it," Senator Root, according to this leader, replied.

The inference left by this reply was that in any event Senator Root had not formulated the message himself.

Neither Senator Davenport, who read the Root telegram before the caucus, nor Senator Brackett, who is declared to have written it, came to the Capitol for the Senate session this evening. Senator Davenport, it was said, was at his home in Clinton, Oneida County. Senator Brackett was at Saratoga Springs, where the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES got into communication with him over the long distance telephone late this evening.

"Anybody who is foolish enough to believe that I wrote that telegram should be left to his foolishness," said the Senator.

"I knew nothing about it until shortly before it was delivered into the hands of Senator Davenport. He told me it would come."

It was explained here to-night that Senator Root called Mr. Davenport on the long distance telephone, told him that the message had been filed, and what it contained.

While the most positive assertions are forthcoming to-night from men closely affiliated with the Republican State machine that Senator Root returned to Washington satisfied that the party situation in the State was not so critical as to demand extreme measures, and that all would be harmony from now on, the atmosphere at the Capitol is far from peaceful.

Members of the Senate who heeded the advice of Senator Root and Gov. Hughes and gave their support to Senator Hinman in the Senate caucus last Thursday night declare with equal assurance that the matter is far from ended, and that so far only the version of Mr. Woodruff's friends regarding the outcome of yesterday's conferences has reached the public.

The friends of the State Chairman at the Capitol are anxious to have it appear that Senator Root has been misled by reports regarding the situation at Albany, brought to him by Senator Brackett of Saratoga during the latter's visit to Washington last week.

On the other hand it is stated by men in the opposition camp that the negotiations which led to the intervention of Senator Root had been long in progress when Senator Brackett went to Washington and that, therefore, Brackett was not a factor in the situation at all.

It is regarded as significant, though, that with the exception of Lloyd C. Griscom none of the leaders in complete sympathy with Senator Root and entirely out of sympathy with the programme of the Republican machine were invited to confer with Senator Root. They explain this by saying that Senator Root already was in close touch with their version of what was required, that this had been talked over very fully at the recent Saturday conference in New York City, at which President Taft and Gov. Hughes were present, and that Senator Root came to New York yesterday to hear the other side. They stoutly maintain that yesterday's conferences have not created any radical change in the situation, unless they are entirely misinformed.

CONGER EXPECTS VICTORY.

Believes Senate Will Sustain Bribery Charges Against Allds.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 14.—Senator Benn Conger was asked to-day if he believed the Senate would sustain his charges against Senator Allds.

"Yes," he said. "I cannot see any other conclusion from the evidence we produced."

Root Invited to Albany Dinner.

ALBANY, March 14.—United States Senator Elihu Root has been invited to be one of the speakers at the University Club dinner in this city next Saturday night, which is to be addressed by President Taft, Earl Grey, Governor General of Canada; Gov. Hughes, and others. His acceptance has not yet been received.

CHAUFFEUR GUILTY OF KILLING

Denike Convicted of Manslaughter for Running Down a Switchman.

It took a jury in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon little less than half an hour to convict Charles Denike of 44 St. Felix Street, a young chauffeur, for manslaughter in the second degree for running down and killing John Lyons, an aged switchman in the employ of the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, at the junction of De Kalb Avenue and Fulton Street on Dec. 12 last. This is the first conviction of its kind in Kings County.

Lyons was 60 years old, and lived with his wife and children at 276 Hart Street. He had adjusted the switch at De Kalb Avenue and Fulton Street when a taxicab driven by Denike came whizzing up Fulton Street from Borough Hall. The machine struck and dragged him several feet. The chauffeur did not stop, but sped out of sight. Lyons was picked up unconscious and hurried to the Brooklyn Hospital, where he died a few hours later.

A search of every garage in the city was made for the guilty chauffeur. Detectives got a vague description of the car from eye witnesses, but no license number. Detective Manning was in possession of a bonnet hook of the automobile which struck Lyons. This part of the machine was found on the pavement near where the accident happened. Manning found the auto to which this particular bonnet hook belonged in Rudd's garage. The detectives learned that this machine was hustled hurriedly into the garage about ten minutes after the time that Lyons was run down. In the car were Denike and another chauffeur, Jerome Cavanaugh of 332 Franklin Street, who is also employed by the Rudd Taxi Cab Company. The latter's machine was responsible for killing Lyons, but when Cavanaugh was confronted with the blame he told the detectives that he was not driving the car when it struck Lyons, but that Denike was then in charge. It was then learned that Cavanaugh and Denike had ridden downtown to a restaurant. On their way back from Borough Hall Lyons was killed.

The trial of Denike was begun before Justice Crane in the Supreme Court yesterday. The jury went out at 5 o'clock and returned shortly before 5:30 with a verdict of guilty and a recommendation for clemency.

Hen Brings Her Own Egg to Market.

HEMPSTEAD, N. Y., March 14.—Great excitement was caused to-day in Main Street in this village when a Plymouth Rock hen rushed to the doorstep of a shop where Easter offerings were on sale and laid an egg on the mat. The wife of the proprietor put the egg in the show window.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

TO

CLEVELAND

13¾ Hours

Hudson Terminal, New York

TO

Euclid Avenue Station, Cleveland

"The 24-Hour St. Louis"

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR

Leaves NEW YORK { West 23d Street 6:25 P. M. / Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets 6:30 P. M. / Hudson Terminal 6:35 P. M.

Arrives CLEVELAND { Euclid Avenue 7:20 A. M. / Union Station 7:30 A. M.

Euclid Avenue Station is in the heart of the Cleveland residential district

OTHER THROUGH SLEEPING CARS

CHICAGO LIMITED . . . . . { Lv. New York 4:55 P. M. / Ar. Cleveland 7.30 A. M.

CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS { Lv. New York 8:25 P. M. / Ar. Cleveland 11:30 A. M.

Other Cleveland trains leave New York at 7:55 A. M., 10:55 A. M., 7:55 P. M., and arrive Cleveland 10:30 P. M., 5:00 A. M., and 5:05 P. M., respectively.

Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Offices at 263 Fifth Avenue (open until 10.00 P. M. daily, including Sundays and holidays; Telephone "1032 Madison Square," Pullman 'phone "6990 Madison Square"), 182 Fifth Avenue, 170, 461, 1354 Broadway, 345 Columbus Avenue, 111 West 125th Street, 2798 Third Avenue, 34 Mulberry Street, West Twenty-third Street Station, Hudson Terminal Station. Stations foot of Desbrosses Street and foot of Cortlandt Street, New York; 336 Fulton Street, 4 Court Street, 479 Nostrand Avenue, 390 Broadway, Flatbush Avenue (Long Island R. R. Station), and Annex Station, foot of Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

BOOM BENNET FOR GOVERNOR

East Siders Pleased by His Work for Immigration Would Promote Congressman.

PRAISED BY EX-GOV. ODELL

Former Leader Says He'd Make a Good Candidate—Sarcastic Over Root's Attempt at "Bossism."

The first mild notes of a gubernatorial boom for Congressman William S. Bennet sounded last night on the east side when some 400 friends of the Congressman gave him a dinner in Little Hungary. They began by telling him how much they appreciated his work as a Congressman and as Chairman of the Immigration Committee of Congress.

In fact, the ostensible purpose of the dinner was to convey an expression of gratitude of the east side for Mr. Bennet's broad policy of an open door for all desirable immigrants. But the keynote of the dinner seemed to be designed to put him in line for the Republican nomination for Governor next Fall. Men of all political creeds were there, and they showered the Congressman with verbal bouquets to the point of embarrasment.

Ex-Gov. Odell got down near to the subject which seemed to be on most of the diners' minds when he referred to Congressman Bennet as a likely man to lead the Republicans to victory. And he prefaced his indorsement by saying things about reform administrations and paying his respects to Mayor Gaynor.

"This gathering is to do honor to a man who believes in organization," said ex-Gov. Odell. "We have had a good deal of reform these days, and I am not one of those who would send it to the place where a former District Attorney wished it, for I don't want to get in a hotter place to-night.

"I am looking forward to the time when there will be a return of sanity," continued Mr. Odell. "A time when we will get what we desire through organization, and not by blackening our neighbors, a time when there will be less mudslinging and more of the human charities.

"After talking so much of doing away with bossism, we have had a recent exhibition of bossism which outclassed anything which happened in the days of the old guard."

This reference to the Root episode brought a rousing applause from the diners. Timothy L. Woodruff had left the room a little before this, having asked the toastmaster to excuse him from making a speech.

"It may be that this coming Autumn there will come a demand for a leader of high principles," he said. "And where can you find a man who fills the bill better than this young man from Orange County—the Hon. William S. Bennet?"

Gustave Hartman was the toastmaster. He said that the Government was now in need of men of great ideals, and that Congressman Bennet had proved himself to be such a man.

Congressman Bennet had much to say of the foreign born in New York.

"It did not need the words that have been spoken to make me know that the impulse for this gathering sprang, aside from friendship, from such of my work in Congress as has been connected with the immigrant," he said. "To be interested in immigration and the immigrant is natural in this city of the foreign born. For five years, in and out of Congress, I have insisted that the immigrant, a human being, must be considered as such; that it is wrong to treat the immigration problem in the mass. The tears of the immigrant mother are as bitter, the hopes and fears of the immigrant father as real, the plans of the immigrant's child as ambitious, as are our own.

Among those at the guests' table were Lloyd C. Griscom, Chairman of the Republican County Committee; Controller Prendergast, Judge Nathan Bijur, Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, James Bennet, Samuel S Koenig, Postmaster Edward M. Morgan, Borough President McAneny, District Attorney Whitman, Henry W. Taft, ex-Judge M. Linn Bruce, Abraham Gruber, Edward Lauterbach, William Williams, Henry Goldfogle, the Rev. Joseph Silverman, and Frank C. Laughlin.

The committee which arranged the dinner to Congressman Bennet had expected Senator Chauncey M. Depew, Congressman Herbert Parsons, Nathan Straus, and Otto Bannard to be there. But none of them appeared. They sent regrets. But there were speakers enough to keep things going until long after midnight. Among them were Congressman William Sulzer, Dr. George S. Davis, Job E. Hedges, the Rev. Maurice H. Harris, Albert Falck, and ex-Mayor Seth Low. Each of them congratulated Congressman Bennet on his work in Congress and wished him more power.

GAYNOR WANTS TRIAL OF SALOON RAIDERS

Continued from Page 1.

had a day off and spent it in the Bronx, making the two arrests.

Croe was represented by Lawyer Samuel Greenberg, who asked Policeman Cunningham how he had come to make an arrest in a precinct so far from his own. The policeman said there was no particular reason for making the arrest except that he saw the law being violated. He said that he and Keenan went into the saloon, which is at 174th Street and Third Avenue, and sat down at a table. They ordered a drink of whisky and a glass of beer, which were served to them by the prisoner. The door leading to the bar was open, the policeman testified.

Lawyer Greenberg asked for the discharge of his client, on the ground that the policemen had exceeded their authority in coming into a foreign precinct to look for excise violations. The Magistrate smiled at the request and said:

"That argument might go before the Mayor, but it won't go here. A policeman is a policeman at all times, and, no matter what part of the city he may be in, if he has reason to believe that the law is being violated, he has a perfect right to make an arrest. In fact, if he did not do so he would hold himself open to charges before the Police Commissioner for not doing his duty."

There is every indication at Police Headquarters in the Bronx that the officials are perturbed over the action of the two policemen. No one could be found in the building yesterday morning who would say anything about the case.

POLICE SENT BACK TO DUTY.

Eleven policemen who have been assigned to duty at the Board of Elections office and nine who "assisted" in the department of the Borough of Manhattan were relieved of their sinecures yesterday by Police Commissioner Baker, and sent to various precincts to do patrol duty. The Commissioner says he intends to hunt out other policemen and put them on regular police duty.

His action was the result of complaints made by citizens, civic bodies, and also the findings of the Kings County Grand Jury concerning the adequacy of police in Brooklyn.

"I need men," the Commissioner said, "and I am going to put all these men out on the streets. I don't know just how successful I shall be in keeping them out, but I am going to try."

He said that there are now at the office of the Corporation Counsel sixteen policemen, two Sergeants, and two Lieutenants, and an equal number in the Controller's office. In the latter department, he said, five to seven men were asked for each day for duty at the paymaster's office.

"As soon as the Board of Estimate gives the Magistrates money enough to appoint court attendants I will take the court police and put them out on patrol."

SEEKS TO CHARTER CHARITIES

Applications from Swedish Church and Brownsville Women Go to State Board.

William Rhinelander Stewart, Dr. Stephen Smith, and Joseph C. Baldwin, Jr., acting as a committee of the State Charity Board at the United Charities Building yesterday, heard applications of several organizations that wish to establish charities in and about this city.

The Maternity Aid asked permission to establish a hospital where women about to become mothers might go with secrecy. There was opposition to this from Dr. Brannan of Bellevue and the Allied Hospitals and from the Jewish Maternity Hospital.

The Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church of Brooklyn wanted to establish a Home for Aged Swedes on Coney Island Avenue. There was no opposition, but as the proposed charter was not made out correctly the application was held in abeyance.

An organization of Brownsville women applied for a charter for the Hebrew Ladies' Day Nursery of Brownsville. The granting of this charter was opposed by the Friendly Free Day Nursery of East New York, but the spokesmen for the institution said their objections would be withdrawn provided the new nursery confined its work to Brownsville.

The committee will report its recommendations at the next regular meeting of the State Board to be held April 13.

ROOSEVELT ARRIVES; FAMILY IS WITH HIM

Continued from Page 1.

their departure the Roosevelts intend to give a luncheon for white members of the expedition. Mr. Cuninghame was deeply affected at the prospect of separation, and says he is glad the expedition is ended, but is also sorry—glad because Col. Roosevelt returned in such splendid health and sorry because the hunt is over. He says if the people could understand the extensive character of the collection of animals and birds, shells, and plants, they must realize its tremendous importance to science.

This is considered more remarkable in view of the fact that the other whites, with the exception of himself and Kermit, were attacked by fever.

Wife Brings Evening Clothes.

Col. Roosevelt came to Khartoum in a khaki suit and gray shirt, with pigskin boots that reached almost to the knee, a helmet, and a green tie, which constitute a dress suit. To-night he is garbed in evening clothes which were brought by his wife, the first time he had worn such a suit since he left Nairobi.

"I've had a splendid time," he said, "and I have got through in excellent health."

Col. Roosevelt was anxious that the papers state his inability to reply personally to the thousands of letters he has received asking for trophies and expressing interest in him and also sending greetings on his return to civilization. Col. Roosevelt is still his own secretary.

ROOSEVELT GLAD TO BE BACK.

Says Trip Was Splendid, but Had Lasted Long Enough.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 14.—A special dispatch from Khartoum to The Daily Mail says:

"Col. Roosevelt, in conversation this evening, said:

"'My health has been marvelous. I have had no attack of fever for six months, and this I attribute to the great care I took in regard to water and diet. I drank no alcohol on the march.

"'After all,' he concluded, 'I believe I am glad to be back. It was splendid while it lasted, but it had lasted long enough.'"

SAYS "WATCH ROOSEVELT."

Ex-Gov. Folk Says Former President Will Influence the Next Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., March 14.—"Watch Roosevelt," said ex-Gov. Folk of Missouri to-day in discussing the coming Congressional campaign. Mr. Folk was the principal speaker at a Democratic banquet to-night.

"A great deal depends on what Roosevelt does when he returns and what stand he takes," he continued. "I can't make any predictions as to what he will do, but whatever it is it will have a profound political influence.

"In my travels through the country I find an overwhelming sentiment against the Payne-Aldrich Tariff bill. Unless this sentiment undergoes a change between now and the coming election the political complexion of the next Congress will surely be Democratic.

"I would like to see the Democratic Party make a clean-cut stand against the system of protection. There is no principle involved in the fight to reduce the tariff on some articles and leave it on others. A contest on these lines is merely a sham battle."

ROOSEVELT WEDDING JUNE 16.

Family Friend Says ex-President Approves and Will Arrive in Time.

It became known yesterday through a friend of the family that the date for the wedding of Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and Miss Eleanor B. Alexander has been fixed for Thursday, June 16, and that it had been approved of by Mr. Roosevelt, who will arrive in New York in time to be present at the ceremony. So far no arrangements nave been made by any steamship company for the passage of the Roosevelt party.

To be here in ample time for the wedding, it is considered probable that the party will cross from Liverpool on May 31 by the Cunard liner Caronia, if Mr. Roosevelt delivers his last lecture in England, but in the event of his going from London to Vienna, he may return from Bremen on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie, which sails on June 7, via Southampton and Cherbourg, and is due in New York on June 14, two days before the date of the wedding.

The friend who gave the information regarding the date of the wedding said that the ex-President would not decide which liner he would return by until he had met Mrs. Roosevelt in Khartoum and had a consultation with her.

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Add a tablespoonful of Grenadine Syrup or Curacoa to a wineglass full of Amer Picon with Carbonated Water.

MACCRACKEN SCORED AT ALUMNI DINNER

He Measured Men by the Money They Gave, Not What They Did, the Toastmaster Says.

CHEERS FOR CHANCELLOR

Dr. Lyman Abbott Speaks in Praise of His Work—Says New Head of N. Y. University Must Draw It Together.

A vigorous attack upon the policy of Chancellor Henry M. MacCracken was made last night by the Rev. Dr. T. Calvin McClelland, President of the alumni, at the annual dinner of the Alumni Association, at the Waldorf. The criticism was greeted by hearty applause from half the diners. The other half applauded the praise of Chancellor MacCracken which Dr. Lyman Abbott, editor of Outlook, paid in his speech.

Although Chancellor MacCracken and his son, John H. MacCracken, syndic of the university, were included among the guests' list, neither was present, and no letter of regret from them was read. It was said that the Chancellor had not attended an alumni dinner for the last three years. One of his sons, however, Prof. Noble MacCracken, assistant professor of law at Yale, was present, and was surrounded by friends who approved every sentiment favorable to the Chancellor.

At the outset McClelland spoke of the failure of the alumni to obtain a greater representation upon the college council.

"We have discovered our Alma Mater has a new definition of an alumnus," he said. "An alumnus of New York University is a son naturally and legitimately born of the Alma Mater, also an adopted son of another scholastic mother, also a foundling with no scholastic mother whatever. And our university is falling into the hands of the foundlings that have no scholastic mother.

"The sons of New York University under Chancellor MacCracken are measured not by what they are, but by what they have given; not by what they accomplish for the good of the world, but by how much they contribute in dollars and cents. On you and me has been laid the golden yardstick to measure us by wnat we have given in gold. We have yielded until we are sick of it. Now the time has come for us to demand a new standard of measurement, to say nothing of putting a stop to conferring all the degrees, with which New York University has been so prodigal.

"I am the last man to belittle the great work that our Chancellor has done for the university, but I want to say what I, for one, expect and hope the incoming Chancellor to be. He should be a man of sterling honesty, absolute integrity, a man whose executive ability is as unquestioned as his moral integrity, and, lastly, a man who shall have the ability to gather around himself a body of councilmen who will be able to attract the confidence and affection of the members of his various Faculties.

"The new Chancellor must stand for the idea that a college is not a place to train men to make a living, but to grow a life.

"We want a man, also, who has not merely the respect of a few New England preparatory schools, but who has the respect of other colleges and college Faculties."

Dr. Lyman Abbott spoke on the uses of a university, and said:

"When I graduated from New York University in 1853 there were only sixteen in my class. We did not have a great Faculty or great buildings, but we had a great college.

"What is the function of a great university? It seems to me there are two things necessary; first, the university must give scholarship, and second, it must give power. Knowing what the experiences of the past have to give us is scholarship, but this is not enough. We must be able to apply those experiences or we fail. Fools learn by their own experiences—wise men learn by the experiences of others.

"Power, the ability to use the experiences of others, is just as essential as knowledge. The lack of this power is responsible for all the failures in American education. There is some truth in the remark that a college education is worthless if, by college education, we mean simply an academic course. When a boy leaves college, he generally has to start at the bottom because he has not learned how to connect with life, to apply his education.

"A man may go to a theological institution and learn how to read the Testament in Hebrew, but if he has not learned to apply the great truths taught in the Bible he is a failure. Let us be done with this academic instruction which does not train men to apply what they learn."

Then Dr. Abbott went on to discuss the qualifications of the new Chancellor, and said:

"In considering who shall be our next Chancellor, then, it is very important that the man chosen shall have power as well as scholarship, ability to teach and ability to organize, so that all the work he does shall knit together our university of many parts into an harmonious whole."

AT HIS DESK AT 97.

Henry Dexter Celebrates His Birthday by Working Twelve Hours.

Henry Dexter, founder of the American News Company, celebrated his ninety-seventh birthday yesterday by working twelve hours. In spite of his advanced age, Mr. Dexter enjoys the health of a much younger man. In speaking of this Mr. Dexter said:

"I see nothing wonderful in the fact that I have lived twenty years longer than most other men in my generation. I think it is due to plain, temperate living more than anything else. For an old fellow I am enjoying fairly good health, but I begin to feel I am getting old. The mistake most people make these days is in living too rapidly. The rich men are not satisfied with their riches, but always want to get more. Sometimes the newspapers speak of me as 'Millionaire Henry Dexter.' I am not a millionaire, and never expect to be. I quit Wall Street years ago, when I considered that I had made enough to live on comfortably. Since then I have traveled. If I had tied myself down to Wall Street to make more money I should have missed all this.

"I have been paying taxes in this State all my life, but when my son was murdered in the Adirondacks in 1903 the State failed to bring the murderer to justice. He is still at large. If I were twenty years younger I should go up there myself and take him. If he offered resistance I would shoot him in his tracks."

Eyeglass misinformation

You should realize and appreciate the responsibility involved in the correct prescribing of glasses. You cannot secure "proper" glasses by "trying on" different pairs—like shoes or hats.

Each eye must be painstakingly examined by a Registered Physician, a skilled *Oculist*. The days of "over the counter," jewelry or department store eyeglass service are gone.

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WERE FIRST SUFFRAGETTES.

Blanchard Says Pueblo Squaws Have Always Had Full Women's Rights.

"The Pueblo Indian women were the original suffragettes in this country. They have been the supreme bosses of the home for many hundred years, and have long enjoyed the privileges of women's rights. They even select their own husbands, and frequently build their own houses to suit themselves."

This remark was made yesterday by J. C. Blanchard, statistician of the United States Reclamation Service, during his lecture at the Waldorf-Astoria, when he spoke on the subject of "The Irrigation of God's Forgotten Land." Continuing his remarks regarding the Indian women of the West, the lecturer declared that among the Navajos a mother-in-law held just as unenviable a position in Indian society as her prototype does in civilization.

"The son-in-law," he said, "was never permitted to look into her face, nor to speak to her." By means of lantern slides Mr. Blanchard showed the progress of irrigation in Arizona.

"Very few people realize," he said, "that there are 77,000 miles of irrigation canals in this country, sufficient to twice girdle the earth. Arizona is America's Egypt, and the entire City of New York could be placed in a dozen places in its grand cañons. Plato and Socrates dreamed their dreams in a rainless land, but the versatility of the West is not confined to any one region." In speaking of the work now going on at the Roosevelt Dam, at the source of Salt River, in Arizona, the lecturer compared the immensity of the project to the building of the Pyramids in Egypt. He said there were now 600 Apache Indians on the Government payroll, and they had proved themselves first-class laborers.

THEATRICALS FOR SUFFRAGE.

Two Benefits to be Given for Party—Belasco to Aid Them.

Two theatrical performances are to be given this month for the benefit of woman suffrage. The first will be presented by David Belasco and Charlotte Walker with the entire cast of "Just a Wife," on the evening of March 21. All the returns, with the exception of the absolute cost of production, will be turned over to the party.

Ethel Barrymore has announced herself a suffragist and has cabled Charles Frohman to ask if she may take part in a performance which will be given in Maxine Elliott's Theatre on the afternoon of March 31. Miss Elliott, who is also a Suffragist, has given the theatre for the occasion. Miss Forbes-Robertson is arranging the performance. There will be three plays, "Before the Dawn," by Miss Bessie Hatton; "A Woman's Influence," by Miss Gertrude Jennings, and "How the Vote Was Won," by Miss Cicely Hamilton and Miss Cristopher St. John.

Among the patronesses are Mrs. Archibald Alexander, Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, Miss Ethel Barrymore, Mrs. George Bonner, Mrs. John Winters Brannon, Mrs. Walston Hill Brown, Mrs. Wendell T. Bush, Mrs. Francis Higginson Cabot, Mrs. Herbert S. Carpenter, Mrs. Emanuel Einstein, Miss Maxine Elliott, Mrs. John H. Hammond, Mrs. Stuart Henry, Mrs. Robert G. Ingersoll, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mrs. Martin W. Littleton, Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mrs. Clarence Mackay, Mrs. John E. Milholland, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Jr.

Those who will appear in the play are Miss Helen Ashley, Miss Janet Beecher, Miss Ruth Holt Boucicault, Miss Kate Carlyon, Mrs. Harriet Otis Dellenbaugh, Miss Fola La Follette, Miss Margaret McKinney, Miss Beatrice Forbes-Robertson, Miss Molly Pearson, Miss Allison Skinner, Miss Evelyn Weedon; Alexander Cassy, Robert McKay, Eric Maturin, Miss Montague Rutherford.

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Plain Models, 4 for $10
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In common with most men, no doubt you would prefer to have your Spring Shirts made to order. But asked about it, you would probably raise the objection of cost. Suppose, however, you were told that the objection had been removed? It has been—here.

Our prices are about ⅓ less than elsewhere demanded for equal qualities.

A handsome assortment of distinctive Spring Shirtings from the foremost of the world's weavers.

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HEADS GET TOGETHER ON CARMEN'S STRIKE

Broker Brings About Talk Between Philadelphia Transit President and Employes' Leader.

NO BANK BOYCOTT IN SIGHT

Milkmen, Grocers' Clerks, and Others Ordered Out Sunday Night Were Still at Work Yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—The first step taken by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company toward settling the dispute with its striking employes, and, incidentally, the ending of the sympathetic strike which has now been in progress for ten days, was taken late to-day when President C. O. Kruger of the Rapid Transit Company conferred with W. D. Mahon, President of the Amalgamated Street and Electric Railway Employes. The meeting of the labor leader and the rapid transit official was the result of outside influence, and this is the first time an official of the company has dealt with any National officer of the Street Car Men's Union.

To-day's conference was held in the office of George H. Earle, one of the representatives of the city on the Transit company's Board of Directors. Mr. Earle and a sub-committee of the General Committee in charge of the sympathetic strike were also present.

The sub-committee consisted of William J. Tracy, Vice Chairman of the Committee of Ten; Charles Leps, Secretary of the Committee, and Frank McCusker, a member of the committee, and a general organizer of the Textile Trades. This sub-committee met Mr. Earle at the request of Edward Lowber Welsh, a member of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, after he had procured a letter from Earle stating the latter's willingness to discuss the situation.

When the delegation met Mr. Earle it was suggested that they were not competent to discuss the carmen's grievances, and W. D. Mahon, the carmen's President, was sent for. Shortly afterward President Kruger, whose office is in the same building, was telephoned for by Mr. Earle and joined the party.

Amicable Meeting, Earle Says.

No agreement was suggested, according to those present. But Mr. Earle said, afterward:

"The meeting was a most congenial one. We established a friendly basis. I am not prepared to predict anything, but am willing to aid in any feasible proposition that will tend to end the strike." He added that after the sub-committee had talked over the general situation with him they suggested that the conference be made more specifically one between the striking carmen and Mr. Earle as a rapid transit Director.

"I agreed to this," continued Mr. Earle, "and they sent for Mr. Mahon. Nothing could have been more agreeable, and I found Mr. Mahon quite courteous. Upon his entry the conference settled down to a discussion of the transit situation. Mr. Mahon asked many questions.

"I called up Mr. Kruger, and he came over. Mr. Kruger answered Mr. Mahon's questions. There were no negotiations suggested, nor did Mr. Kruger make any comment. He merely answered questions."

Mahon left Mr. Earle's office and went to Brill's Hotel, where he was closeted with C. O. Pratt for some time. Tracy, Keps, and McCusker rejoined the other members of the Committee of Ten, who were awaiting their return. None of the committee would make a statement about the future efforts on their part to patch up the differences between the Rapid Transit Company and its striking employes, but several declared that they hoped that a settlement would be effected speedily, and that they saw in this conference a basis for building negotiations.

It was declared that C. O. Pratt was to leave the city next week and his withdrawal if the rumor proves true, will be the first move of a definite plan to end the strike.

The willingness of the transit officials to open negotiations with the street car men is reported to be the result of action by members of the Stock Exchange who, it is said, have been supporting the stock of the company. The brokers are reported to have stated that if the strike were not ended before next Wednesday no further support would be given the stock.

Leaders of the sympathetic strike intimated rather strongly that they would be put to extraordinary ends to keep the general striking body together very much longer.

The calling out by the Central Labor Union of all union men employed in the supplying of milk, bread, and other necessaries of life had no serious effect to-day. Union men explain that the action of the Central Labor Union yesterday did not become generally known until to-day, and that all union men engaged in the handling of food products will eventually obey the strike order. Large milk dealers and others, however, assert that the strike will not seriously affect the food supply of the city, as the men employed in these lines of trade are not strongly organized.

No Bank Boycott Yet.

The Committee of Ten of the general strike movement announced to-day that there would be no sudden withdrawal of union funds from financial institutions in accordance with the order last night. The committee states that most of the money of union organizations is deposited in savings institutions, which require notice of withdrawal. The deposits, it was further stated, would be gradually withdrawn. Commenting on the strikers' move to withdraw funds from the banks, a high official of the Clearing House said:

"It is all buncombe and won't cause a ripple."

J. Tatnall Lea, President of the First National Bank, one of the large institutions, said:

"It shows that the men are at their wits' ends. It is absurd on its face. No credit balance of any labor union is on our books. We have no deposits from laboring men, unless they are men like myself who labor every day."

Joseph Moore, Jr., President of the National Bank of Northern Liberties, said:

"It is a radical step and the outcome of high feeling. I don't think ultimately much money will be withdrawn. The move is an effort to array class against class."

"We shall not pay any attention to the matter," said Samuel G. Dennison, President of the Savings Fund Society of Germantown. "It is a mere threat. Depositors would simply be losing their interest. Where would they put their money except in places where there would be danger of it being stolen?"

The Rapid Transit Company announced to-day that it had employed 285 men recruited in Buffalo. The company declares it now has 5,000 conductors and motormen at work and needs 1,600 more to bring its service up to the standard.

The number of working people of all classes idle because of the strike is still a matter of dispute. The city authorities have not given out any statistics since those issued by Director of Public Safety Clay, indicating that only 20,000 men and women struck. Neither have the labor leaders revised their figures of 125,000.

About 200 men out of the 3,000 on strike at the Baldwin Locomotive Works returned to work to-day. The Baldwin strikers held a meeting this morning and formed a union with temporary officers. A permanent organization will be effected later. The union leaders say a delegation of the men called upon Supt. Wauclain of the Baldwin plant to-day and asked permission to unionize the works. The union leaders stated that if this permission is granted all the strikers will return to work. The Superintendent has not yet given his answer.

PITTSBURG CARMEN VOTE

Unanimous for Supporting Philadelphians—"Strike" Not Mentioned.

PITTSBURG, March 14.—"Are you in sympathy with the Philadelphia brethren to the extent that if called upon you would act in their support?"

To this ballot, the exact significance of which is known only to the men themselves, nearly 3,000 union motormen and conductors of Pittsburg gave an affirmative answer to-night. It had been generally understood that the question of a strike in Pittsburg in sympathy with the Philadelphians would be put to a vote to-night, but up to a late hour it was known that no ballot other than the indefinite one quoted above was submitted to the employes.

From the attitude of the men it was regarded that the vote they took meant more than financial or moral support, but even though it includes a strike this action, it is said, would be withheld as a trump card for the State Federation of Labor to play if the Philadelphia situation does not soon clear itself.

The vote to-night on the ballot quoted above was said to be unanimous. Voting, however, continues until 3 o'clock in the morning.

NOT SWEEPING INJUNCTION.

Judge Pritchard Explains Decision in Coal Miners' Case.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., March 14.—Judge Jeter C. Pritchard of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals to-day gave to the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES the following statement:

"The action of the Circuit Court of Appeals in dismissing the appeal in the case of Lewis et al. vs. the Hinchman Coal and Coke Company was without significance, inasmuch as the case on its merits has not been determined and is now pending in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of West Virginia. The case came to the Circuit Court of Appeals on an appeal from a denial of a motion to modify an injunction theretofore granted by Judge Dayton. This motion was filed long after the order granting the injunction, and, being denied by the court below, was not appealable, inasmuch as it was an appeal from an order refusing to modify an injunction which was made after the thirty days had elapsed in which an appeal is allowable from an order granting or continuing an injunction.

"The Circuit Court of Appeals did not even discuss or consider the merits of the case in the opinion filed; that is a matter which rests absolutely at the present with the Circuit Court in which the case is pending."

The decision had been described as making perpetual a sweeping injunction against the United Mine Workers of America.

PAPER STRIKERS SUED.

Company Alleges Damages to Property —Also Issues Peace Manifesto.

CORINTH, N. Y., March 14.—The second week of the papermakers' strike in the mills of the International Paper Company at this place began to-day. According to President J. H. Malin of the Paper Mill Workers' Union, the paper company has submitted to the leaders of the strikers an invitation to confer upon some of the alleged grievances of the employes, but the strikers insist that all of the grievances must be considered.

The International Paper Company has brought an action against 1,500 striking employes as members of the International Brotherhood of Papermakers and of the Pulp Sulphite and Paper Mill Workers' Union to recover $100,000 for damages alleged to have been done the company's property by the present strike. The company in its complaint in connection with the injunction served in Glens Falls and Fort Edward claims that it has been deprived of $60,000 worth of business daily.

The unions have secured attorneys who will oppose the injunction proceedings brought by the paper company, and the strikers assert that they have received assurance that in case paper is manufactured by strikebreakers in the company's mills, the members of the International Typographical and allied printing unions will refuse to permit their members to work upon it.

The International Paper Company issued a statement last night to the "present and former employes of the International Paper Company," in which the company professes "severally and collectively only the kindliest feeling" toward the men, but urges them to bear in mind that the Managers and Directors of the corporation are trustees of the property of its stockholders, charged with the duty to manage the property for their best interest, as well as the duty and responsibility of managing the property with fairness and justice to the employes.

"We would remind you," the statement says, "that our stockholders are almost as numerous as our employes, and that a large proportion of them are quite as dependent for their living expenses and comfort upon the income from their investment in this company as you and your families are upon your wages. A large proportion of our stockholders are women."

STABILE JURY DISAGREES.

Ten Are Said to Have Voted to Acquit Student of Murder.

The jury in the case of Vincent Stabile, the young City College student on trial before Judge Crain in General Sessions for the murder of Jack McGrath in front of 540 West Fifty-third Street on Sept. 25, disagreed at 10:15 o'clock last night and was discharged. It was said that the jurors stood ten for acquittal and two against.

Several witnesses testified at the trial that Stabile had deliberately shot McGrath in the back of the head; but at the Coroner's inquest two witnesses, Ryan and Sherman, bore out Stabile's own statement that he had stumbled while pursued by McGrath and a gang of youths, and that his revolver had been discharged accidentally. This testimony was read into the record at the trial, although neither Ryan nor Sherman appeared there.

Judge Crain last night ordered the jury, when they asked whether they should consider this testimony, to consider all the evidence that they believed to be true.

There was a considerable delegation of City College students to hear the verdict.

CAMBRIA STEEL EARNS MORE.

Report for 1909 Shows an Increase to 5.64 Per Cent. from 3.31.

The annual report of the Cambria Steel Company for the year ended Dec. 31 shows net earnings of $2,016,039, against $824,159 in 1908. The total income was $2,924,278, against $1,801,849 in the previous year. The fixed charges of $386,191 left a net income of $2,538,086, against $1,493,756 in 1908, which was equal, before charges for depreciation were deducted, to 5.64 per cent. on the $45,000,000 capital stock, as compared with 3.31 per cent. in the previous year.

The payment of $1,800,000 in dividends left a balance of $738,086, against which $500,000 was charged for depreciation and $200,000 for betterments and improvements. This left a balance of $38,086 in surplus, which brought the total surplus to $2,441,794. Accounts charged off reduced the surplus on profit and loss by $43,065, to $2,398,729.

OIL FIGHT BEGINS IN SUPREME COURT

Milburn Urges That Standard Oil Is No Monopoly and Did Not Throttle Competition.

BENCH INTERRUPTS OFTEN

Courtroom Crowded for Argument on Appeal from Circuit Court Decision Dissolving New Jersey Company.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The last stage in the Government's suit for the dissolution of the Standard Oil Company was reached to-day when argument began in the Supreme Court upon the appeal of the company from the decree of the United States Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Missouri finding it guilty of violating the Sherman anti-trust law and ordering it to dissolve. The argument will continue to-morrow, when Frank B. Kellogg will reply for the Government, and will extend over Wednesday. Then the court will give Thursday and Friday to hearing argument on the pending corporation tax cases. It is understood that next Monday, after handing down what decisions are then ready, the court will take a recess for two weeks until April 4, and it is possible that when it convenes the decision of the Government suit for the dissolution of the American Tobacco Company will be ready for delivery.

This was a great day in the Supreme Court. The somnolent air of the august chamber is not usually attractive to the crowds that throng the Capitol during a session of Congress, but to-day long before 12 o'clock, the hour when the court meets, the small, stuffy room was filled to overflowing, and extra chairs had been placed in all the aisles. Thereafter no one was admitted except as some one came out. Within the rail the space was filled with members of the bar, only a few of whom besides those connected with the Standard Oil case had business with the court. The array of counsel for the Government and the Standard Oil Company included some of the best legal talent in the country. Attorney General Wickersham himself was on hand to conduct the Government's case, and the corps of lawyers for the defendant company, headed by John G. Milburn, was big enough to transact the legal business of a nation.

Milburn Begins Argument.

It took the court about three-quarters of an hour to get through the few decisions and orders of the day and to admit the fifteen or twenty lawyers who were waiting to be admitted to this court. Then at 20 minutes to 1 o'clock Attorney General Wickersham asked the court to devote the rest of the time to-day and to-morrow and Wednesday to this case. The court agreed and without further preliminaries Mr. Milburn began his statement in behalf of the Standard Oil Company. As he spoke the clerks of the court passed along the bench and deposited in front of each Justice a great pile of documents, including the briefs and printed arguments of counsel on both sides.

Only eight members of the court were present, Justice Moody being still unable to take up his duties on the bench owing to rheumatism. His inability to participate in the hearing of argument will make it possible to have a decision by an evenly divided court. It that should result the decree of the Circuit Court will be affirmed.

The greater part of Mr. Milburn's address to the court consisted of a review of the growth of the Standard Oil, with the object of laying the foundation for the claim that the corporations entering into the reorganization of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey in 1899 were noncompetitive, because for many years they had been under a so-called common ownership.

He told of the tremendous size of the business of the Standard Oil, and said large factors in this growth were the building of pipe lines "which anybody had a right to build"; the building of refineries, and the extending of the marketing facilities throughout this country and the entire world.

He said inasmuch as the Circuit Court had held that the mere method of organization was a conspiracy to monopolize and had not considered the alleged monopolistic conduct, he felt an embarrassment about discussing whether they violated the Sherman anti-trust law.

"You discuss them in your brief, do you not?" queried one of the Justices.

"Oh, yes," was the response.

Reverting to the alleged monopolistic conduct of the Standard Oil, Mr. Milburn said he did not believe that the corporation was in restraint of trade, in view of the "common ownership." It had never restrained the liberties or capital of any one who has entered into it, nor any one who was its competitor, he asserted. Instead of being a monopoly, Mr. Milburn urged that the amount of business done was actually decreasing.

Justice Harlan Interrupts.

Justice Harlan asked Mr. Milburn if he would call an organization of men to buy all the coal lands in Pennsylvania a conspiracy in restraint of trade and a monopoly.

"The question you put is one difficult of solution," responded the counsel. He explained to the court that he was really getting "out of his line of business" in discussing monopolies.

"I think you are in your line," said Justice White.

"Well," observed Mr. Milburn, "Napoleon complained that the laws did not lend themselves to the imagination, but he had never read the Sherman Anti-trust act."

Taking up the charges of monopolistic conduct alleged to have been shown in transportation discriminations, he declared the idea that railroads throughout the country would discriminate in favor of a business that afforded only one-half of 1 per cent. of the total traffic was preposterous. As to the Government cries of tremendous discriminations in favor of the Standard Oil refining points and against the independent refining points, he declared:

"No independent refiner since 1887, when the Inter-State Commerce act was passed, has complained to the Inter-State Commerce Commission of discriminations."

Of the alleged unfair competition, he said: "Competition does not breed the virtues. It is the lower nature that comes uppermost under such conditions, you know. But are we to be held responsible for all the acts of our employes?"

Out of 37,000 towns in which the Standard Oil does business, he said, the record showed complaints of unfair competition from 37. An example of those who had complained of competition, he said, was one ex-employe who had explained he quit the Standard Oil because of its bad moral influence on business. This man, it was said, took with him files of the Standard Oil when he quit its service, and these files were used by the Government in the preparation of the case.

Reply to Corruption Charges.

As to the charge that Standard Oil men corrupted railroad officials in order to obtain information as to its competitors' business, he asserted that employes found doing so would be discharged. Experience had taught the Standard Oil, he said, that it had to be more virtuous than most corporations.

Mr. Milburn attacked the jurisdiction of the Circuit Court, whose decree was in question, saying that while the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey with all its great properties, was located in New Jersey and all the individual defendants were residents of New York except one, "who is largely in Florida," the action was begun "away out in Missouri, where only one subsidiary marketing company was resident and all the other defendants required to go there for trial."

He was explaining the views which actuated the court's decree. Day interrupted.

"I suppose you will tell us at the proper time what the decree was," suggested the Justice.

Mr. Milburn did so at once.

Justice White, who later interrupted Mr. Milburn, wanted to know if the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey was the only stockholder of the subsidiary companies. Mr. Milburn said it was.

"How does that affect the existence of the subsidiary companies?" inquired the Justice.

"The question has not arisen," was the reply.

"But it arises right here," Justice White said. "In Louisiana, for instance, if the stockholders are reduced to less than twelve it goes out of existence."

The Circuit Court's Findings.

The Circuit Court, whose decree named the seven individual defendants, John D. Rockefeller, William Rockefeller, Henry M. Flagler, Henry H. Rogers, John D. Archbold, Oliver H. Payne, and Charles M. Pratt, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, and other defendant companies, found that in 1899, by exchange of stock by the seven individuals, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey acquired the legal title to a majority of the stock of nineteen companies, which in turn controlled a large number of others, all but one engaged in the oil business.

The court enjoined the principal company and its Directors from exercising any control over the subsidiary companies; it enjoined the subsidiary companies from declaring or paying any dividends to the principal company, but not from distributing ratably to the shareholders of the principal company the stock of the subsidiary company; it enjoined those found to be in the "illegal combination" from continuing in it or forming a new combination by means of aggregation of the physical properties in the hands of the member of the combination, and forbade those in the combination from engaging in inter-State commerce until the combination was discontinued.

United Wireless at Long Beach.

The United Wireless Telegraph Company yesterday opened its station on the Hotel Nassau at Long Beach, L. I., and will handle there the marine business which has been handled by its Manhattan Beach station. Until the United Company's new high-powered station at Montauk Point, L. I., is ready for business the Nassau Hotel station will receive and transmit messages to and from ships at sea.

CITES SLEDGE TRIPS IN PEARY'S DEFENSE

Congressman Englebright Gives Old Arctic Records to Prove North Pole's Discovery.

ONE MADE 121 MILES A DAY

Alaska Team Won $10,000 by It—To Hurry Up the Bills That Would Reward the Explorer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—A statement vigorously defending the claims of Commander Robert E. Peary to the discovery of the north pole has been issued by Representative Englebright of California, who was the one member of the Sub-Committee of the House to vote against any postponement of the reward of Explorer Peary by Congress. Mr. Engelbright's statement is in answer to the attack made upon the Peary claims by Representative Macon of Arkansas.

"I have no doubt whatever that Mr. Peary has reached the pole," said Representative Englebright to-day. "According to published reports of Mr. Peary, he left Cape Columbia March 1, 1909, reached the north pole April 6, and arrived at Cape Columbia April 23, making a round trip of 955 miles, measured in a direct line, in fifty-four days, or an average of a little less than eighteen miles a day, which is the proper figure to compare with the trips of McClintock, who averaged fourteen miles a day, including waste time.

"Peary, after he left Bartlett, made 152 miles to the north pole in five days, or an average of 30 miles a day. Returning he covered the same distance in three days, at the rate of 50 miles a day. The remainder of the return trip he made in thirteen days, or at an average of 25 miles a day. These figures have been commented upon as being impossible in making the distance in the time specified.

"Mr. Macon calls attention to the sledge journeys of Lockwood, quoting from Greely's Handbook, that his daily travel was nine miles a day. A few paragraphs further in the article is the statement that in the year following, 1883, he made the same distance in six days that he did the year before in twenty-one days, which would give an average of 31½ miles a day.

"A. D. Nash of California has had a large experience in Alaska with dog sledges. In the Spring of 1900 he made a trip from Dawson to Nome, a distance of 1,400 miles, in twenty-six days, or an average of almost 54 miles a day.

"Mr. Nash had a mail contract in 1902-3 from Nome to Kotzebue, Alaska, a distance of 300 miles. The department records that the mail was carried from Kotzebue to Nome, from April 29, 1902, to May 8, 1903, a distance of 300 miles, in ten days, an average of 30 miles a day.

"Published accounts of the races of the Nome Kennel Club of Alaska over the 412-mile course from Cripple Creek to Nome, give the time made by the Beerger team as 82 hours and 2 minutes, or an average of 121 miles a day, winning a prize of $10,000.

"The annual report of the Secretary of War for the year 1908 contains the report of the Board of Road Commissioners for Alaska, in which I find one man, John Heston, with his own dog team, made the trip from Seattle to Nome in thirty days—by steamer to Valdez and twenty-three days from there, at an average of more than 40 miles per day.

"The distance from Valdez to Cape Nome is over 1,100 miles, a greater distance than from Cape Columbia to the north pole and back again, over considerable rough territory, and yet Mr. Heston made the trip with a single dog team, making a daily average of practically that of the best reported by Peary and almost triple the average time of Mr. Peary."

Representative Englebright announces his intention to endeavor to hasten action before the Naval Affairs Committee upon the various bills now before it, providing that Commander Peary shall be rewarded by Congress for his feat.

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Two Ways of

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The old way consumes at least a month—suiting the convenience of the seamstress. Mother drudges matching-up materials and trimmings—Little Girl is cross because constantly torn from play for fittings—the routine of the house is destroyed—one or two garments are sure to be failures—and, finally, the total cost exceeds the estimate.

By the new way, we save you money, time and labor, and your little girl is more perfectly dressed.

We save you money, for we buy materials in large quantities for less than you can.

We save you time and labor, for you can select an entire wardrobe in a few hours.

We give you better designs, for our corps of trained designers constantly study the needs of the little girl—how to make her clothes more beautiful, more practical.

We give you quite as good workmanship, fine needlework and finish as if the garments were made under your own supervision.

We pay for the failures—not you—for we offer you only perfect garments.

Our extensive assortments of new, fresh coats and frocks are now complete.

School Dresses	1.45 to 9.75
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Bulletin of New Perforated Music Rolls for March

6062	Annie Laurie, with variations; transcription by Lange.	6056	My Southern Rose. Earl Taylor.
6075	The Arcadians, Selection No. 1. Talbot and Monckton.	6063	Ocean Surf. John Francis Gilder.
6076	The Arcadians, Selection No. 2 Talbot and Monckton.	6072	The Old Town, Selection. Luders and others.
6068	Come After Breakfast. Medley two-step. Brymn, Smith and Ayer, introducing:—"I'm Not That Kind of a Girl."	6064	On the Bosporus. Turkish Intermezzo. Paul Lincke.
6061	The Enterpriser. Military march and two-step. J. Lampe.	6060	Pearl Feather. Amelia Scott.
6069	Faust. Ballet music. Ch. Gounod.	6067	Pineapple Rag. Scott Joplin.
6074	The Flirting Princess. Selection. Howard and Orlob.	6071	The Shamrock. Selection of Irish melodies. Wm. Middleton.
6058	Hanako, Japanese intermezzo. Aletter.	6059	Shanghai, A Tom-Tom Dance, march and two-step. Carl Gray.
6070	Luders' Hits. Gustav Luders.	6073	Spring Songs by Famous Composers.
6066	My Gypsy Sweetheart ("Old Dutch"). Victor Herbert.	6078	Stop That Rag ("The Jolly Bachelors"). Ted Snyder.
		6054	The Swan (Le Cygne). C. Saint-Saens.
		6077	Top o' the Morning. Silvio Hein.
		6055	The Holy City. Sacred Cantata Selection. Alfred R. Gaul.

The above is the new music added for the month of March to our music roll library.

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LAUGHLIN ECCENTRIC WHILE IN BERLIN

Pittsburg Man Who Killed Himself Had Refused to Leave His Apartment.

CAUSED BROTHER CONCERN

But Secretary of Embassy Thought Mrs. Taft's Brother-in-Law Had Improved in Health.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 14.—Irwin B. Laughlin, First Secretary of the American Embassy, left Berlin to-night on his way to America in connection with the death of his brother, Thomas McK. Laughlin. He goes first to Belgium to consult his cousin, Grant Smith, Secretary of the American Legation in Brussels. Thence he goes to England, sailing on the Lusitania next Saturday.

Thomas Laughlin's eccentricities while visiting his brother in Berlin in February excited general remark. He had accompanied Irwin Laughlin across the ocean in the hope that the voyage would do him good, but when he arrived in Germany after a motor trip in France he was in a state of the deepest melancholy and caused his brother great concern. He declined to leave his apartment at the Hotel Adlon, refused all overtures to enjoy himself socially, and was even unwilling to meet people. The only person he could be persuaded to receive was Robert P. Nevin, a former newspaper man of Pittsburg, who was an old friend. Mr. Nevin visited Laughlin only once, coming away with a firm impression that he was a complete nervous wreck.

Eventually his conduct in Berlin so disturbed Secretary Irwin that he had his brother placed in charge of a physician, who practically remained in constant attendance. Thinking a change of scene might be beneficial, the Secretary had the physician take his brother to Munich, where an eminent specialist in nervous diseases was consulted and Thomas Laughlin returned to Berlin.

His brother thought him so improved that it was regarded as quite safe to allow him to cross the ocean, which he did, in company with friends, sailing from England.

Mr. Laughlin declines to believe the report that his brother committed suicide. His private advices speak only of apoplexy as the cause of death, and the physician who attended the sick man in Berlin declares that apoplexy might well have killed him because his entire condition was favorable to such an attack.

The American Embassy authorities assert that it is untrue that they were at all instrumental in having Thomas Laughlin taken home last month.

DEFENDS NAVAL INCREASE.

McKenna Says British Expenditures Are Necessitated by Other Powers.

LONDON, March 14.—Introducing the navy estimates in the House of Commons to-day, Reginald McKenna, First Lord of the Admiralty, expressed regret that he was unable to hold out any hope for a future decline in the estimates. He defended the present large increase, which he said had been rendered necessary by the building programmes of foreign nations. An expenditure of over $200,000,000 was imperative to properly safeguard the security of the country and to provide against contingencies.

He explained that, counting the Australian and New Zealand ships, which would still be in British waters, Great Britain would have 22 Dreadnoughts in the Summer of 1912. In the following January 5 Dreadnoughts in addition to this year's programme would be added to the fleet, and thus Great Britain's security through this type of ship would be absolutely secure.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERLIN, March 14.—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg announced in the Reichstag to-day that it was the intention of the Government to submit a bill modifying the Constitution of Alsace-Lorraine so as to give that territory a greater measure of self-government.

GENEVA, March 14.—Brutus J. Clay, the former American Minister to Switzerland, who with Mrs. Clay has been here for some weeks, left for Amsterdam to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Clay will sail for the United States on March 19.

Ladies' Day at Lotos Club.

Ladies' day will be celebrated at the Lotos Club to-morrow. Miss Mary Garden will be present. The reception will last from 3 to 5 P. M.

AMERICAN HOTEL UNLIKELY.

Hospital Not Planning to Vacate London Site Considered.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 14.—An investigation of the report that St. George's Hospital at Hyde Park corner is to be bought by an American syndicate which proposes to erect a monster hotel on the site tends to discredit the probability of the scheme ever being carried into execution.

It has been talked of here for some time, and is understood to have originated in the belief that the governors of the hospital desired to transfer the institution to another site.

William West, Chairman of the Board of Governors, told me that there was no foundation for the report regarding the removal of the hospital.

ROSEBERY URGES HIS PLAN.

Tells House of Lords Reform Must Come from Within.

LONDON, March 14.—The House of Lords entered upon a discussion to-day of the self-denying ordinance proposed by Lord Rosebery preparatory to the radical reform of the upper chamber. The great crowd present indicated the general interest in the subject. Not a seat in the Chamber was vacant when Lord Rosebery rose to move that the House resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the best means of reforming the existing organization, so as to constitute itself a strong and efficient second chamber.

He presented a set of resolutions to the effect that there was a necessity of a strong and efficient second chamber for the well-being of the State; that such a chamber would be best obtainable by the reform and reconstitution of the House of Lords, and that a necessary preliminary to such reform and reconstitution was the acceptance of the principle that the possession of a peerage in itself should no longer afford the right to sit and vote in the House of Lords.

Lord Rosebery declared that the time had come for a reform from within without waiting for the Government to carry out its proposals to hamstring the peers and so emasculate the House of Lords that it would become no better than a painted chamber in which no self-respecting person would care to sit. He said that it was wished to establish the elective principle, but it must not be through popular elections, but by elections by associations, corporations, and county councils.

Lord Rosebery scorned the suggestion of a single chamber, which he declared was a proposal to dig the grave of the empire. In America, he said, the veto of the Senate was stronger than was ever the veto of a sovereign. He trembled at the scorn of the United States when contemplating great Britain's one-eyed, one-legged search for a constitution.

ASQUITH TO PUSH BUDGET.

Says It Will Be Disposed of Before Parliament Rises in Spring.

LONDON, March 14.—Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons to-day that the budget would be reintroduced and disposed of before Parliament rises for the Spring recess.

It is generally believed that the Nationalists will abstain from voting, in which case the budget will be passed. If the budget is defeated, there is no doubt the Government will resign, and go to the country again on the budget and the reform of the House of Lords.

STORM A SEARING OFFICE.

Depositors Clamorous In Demanding Settlement of Their Accounts.

Bright and early yesterday morning depositors of the failed private banking house of Searing & Co. appeared at the main office of the concern in the building at 7 Wall Street. They had been led to expect that a cash settlement was to be made, because of the statement made before United States Commissioner Alexander on Monday.

The offices of Searing & Co. were closed and the janitor of 7 Wall Street had a strenuous two hours persuading the depositors of the uptown branches of the failed firm that there was no money for distribution at the main office.

There were many women in the crowd, and after learning that there was nothing to be obtained at the bankrupt's office, they besieged the offices of the receiver at 26 Liberty Street, those of his counsel, McLaughlin and Russell, and Coe A. Sprague, of 165 Broadway, and the offices of the Delaware & Eastern Railroad Company at 10 Bridge Street.

Some of the depositors refused to be convinced that no money was to be forthcoming, and returned to the main office. They were referred by the employes of the building to former District Attorney E. Crosby Kindleberger, at 2 Rector Street, who is attorney for depositors who are seeking to find grounds for criminal action against the firm.

REAR ADMIRAL NAZRO QUITS.

Forced to Resign Because of His Failure to Meet Physical Tests.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Rear Admiral A. P. Nazro is the first naval officer of high degree to fall a victim to the requirement that all naval officers must pass a severe physical test by walking fifty miles in three days or making a corresponding exhibition of endurance on a bicycle. Admiral Nazro failed to meet these requirements because of Bright's disease, and an order was published to-day announcing his retirement from the Naval Service in consequence.

SCANDAL EXCITES FRENCH CHAMBER

Heated Interchanges Attend Efforts of the Government to Clear Its Skirts.

FULL INQUIRY PROMISED

Millerand Defends His Connection with Duez—Other Liquidators' Names Brought in During Debate.

PARIS, March 14.—The Duez interpellation was resumed in the Chamber of Deputies to-day, and M. Millerand, Minister of Public Works, Posts and Telegraphs, took the tribune to defend himself against certain insinuations. He characterized as fables the rumors that he had received $180,000 in fees from Duez, and that he had accepted $2,000 hush money. He explained that he had pleaded a case for Duez in 1907, but only because the suit involved complicated questions relating to the law itself. For this service he received a fee of $2,000. The Minister declared that his political life was an open book, which contained nothing of which he was ashamed.

M. Barthou, Minister of Justice, followed M. Millerand on the platform and declared that it was proposed to conceal nothing. He then explained that Duez had been appointed on the urgent recommendation of M. Imbert, and that Lecouturier and Manage, the two other chief liquidators, had had the indorsement of the Public Prosecutor at the formal suggestion of the Chancery. The latter statement created a sensation in the Chamber. M. Barthou went on:

"Nothing will be concealed. We intend to probe this affair and to ascertain whether there is any gangrene in our judicial organization."

The Minister paused for a moment during the applause that greeted this statement, and then added:

"If anybody is responsible he will be punished, but it is not a party question."

He was interrupted at this point by M. Delahaye, who shouted:

"That was the cry at the time of the Panama scandal."

Barthou replied that Parliament was responsible equally with the Government, and then announced that it was the purpose of the Government to appeal from the judgment in the liquidation cases wherever it was possible, saying that a circular containing instructions to this effect had already been dispatched to the Public Prosecutors.

M. Labori, Radical-Republican, here interrupted with the comment:

"These measures come too late. The Government is responsible."

Amid violent and frequent interruptions the Minister of Justice reviewed the Chartreuse affair, arguing that the Government was powerless, as the court at Grenoble had examined and rejected the hypothesis of collusion among Lecouturier, Cusenier, and Duez, and had condemned M. Marnier, the head of a rival concern, to pay Lecouturier $400,000 damages. He said the case against Lecouturier had not yet entered a criminal phase. In conclusion he announced that the Government proposed to reorganize the corporation and that the official receivers who now enjoyed a monopoly would introduce the most rigorous inspection and make the corporation collectively responsible for individual defalcations.

Paul Beauregard, Progressive Republican, declared amid cheers from the Right that the republic did not belong to the majority, whose initial mistake was the adoption of the policy of confiscation. He insisted that M. Barthou was not frank. What the country wished to know, he said, was how it happened that the Chartreuse property, where liquors were manufactured by the Chartreuse Fathers, and which was worth millions of francs, had been sold for 500,000 francs, ($100,000.)

"You told the country," said Beauregard, addressing the Minister of Justice, "that the property of the congregations furnished billions of francs. Where is it?"

M. Labori agreed that Minister Barthou was dodging the real issue, and he warned the majority, to which the Minister belonged, that it could not afford to be placed in an equivocal position before the country. He added:

"Promises by the Government will not suffice. The country cannot understand a renewal of such scandals."

At this point a combination of the Right and Centre forced an adjournment.

A cipher list of persons, who M. Duez, the embezzling liquidator of the properties of the religious orders, declares received hush money from him, promises to play in the present scandal a part similar to that of the famous checkbook of M. Thierret, which served to compromise so many French politicians in the Panama Canal affair. None of the names from this code list has yet been published.

The Journal claims to possess proof that all of Duez's operations were tainted with fraud and collusion. The paper says that establishments worth $400,000 were sold for $30,000, while some were leased for a period of thirty years under private understandings, by which Duez was to receive large annual payments.

NOT GUILTY, SAY WABASH MEN.

Railroad Directors Indicted for Giving Rebates File Demurrers.

Three of the railroad men indicted by the Federal Grand Jury last November for giving rebates in connection with the handling of freight between railroads and a combination of steamship lines in the transatlantic trade appeared yesterday before Judge Holt in the United States Circuit Court and entered pleas of not guilty with leave to withdraw for the purpose of filing demurrers. The defendants were William C. Maxwell, General Traffic Manager of the Wabash Railroad; David Ives, former General Traffic Manager of the Wabash, and Frederick C. Friese, foreign agent of the road. All were released in $5,000 bail.

The three men arraigned yesterday were indicted along with Adrian Gips, General Agent of Holland-America Steamship Company; Robert Burnap, former Traffic Agent of the Central Vermont Railroad, and William Schmidt, formerly a freight agent of the Wabash on Nov. 2. Gips has already been released in $10,000 bail, and Burnap and Schmidt have not yet been arraigned. The indictments followed an investigation of rebating between various railroads and steamship lines, which was undertaken upon the presentation by a newspaper of evidence showing how the rebating system was maintained.

The other two defendants are expected to plead in a few days.

YOUNG KNOX IS AT WORK.

Has Begun Task of Supporting a Wife as an Automobile Salesman.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 14.—Philander C. Knox, Jr., whose runaway marriage last week with Miss May Boller, a Providence girl, was followed by an unsuccessful plea to his father, the Secretary of State, for the parental blessing, began to-day to earn his living.

The young man, who was still at school when he married, received numerous offers of employment, ranging from the vaudeville stage to newspaper work. His choice of the position of an automobile salesman has already been chronicled. He has been an expert chauffeur for some time. The amount of his salary is not known, but it is understood that he is to receive a fixed wage and commission. In supporting his wife, however, young Knox is not dependent entirely upon his salary. He has an income of $100 a month, which he received through the will of his grandmother.

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are ready with the usual goodness of BROKAW quality, and in the best variety we have ever shown.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY

W. & J. SLOANE

BRUSSELS CARPETS
Moderate in Cost

THE widespread popularity of our Brussels Carpet is well deserved. It has been found to possess qualities that for many purposes make it more suitable than any other floor covering. Where good appearance and exceptional durability are desired at only a moderate price, our Brussels is without a superior. Our stock includes over 300 different patterns; a collection not equaled elsewhere.

Prices $1 per yard upward.

Free delivery within 100 miles.

Broadway & Nineteenth Street

NO matter where you live you can get Campbell's Tomato Soup if you want it.

Any good grocer will supply you. If he hasn't it, he will get it for you. Or if not, send us your name and address and we will see that you are supplied.

It is well worth your while to insist on

Campbell's Tomato Soup

It is beyond question the finest tomato soup made. It is the richest and smoothest. It has the brightest natural color, and the most palatable flavor. It contains no meat-product; no preservative; no coloring-matter. It is a favorite soup in the finest homes. No amount of money and care will produce better. Don't be satisfied until you have tried it.

If any Campbell's Soup is not up to your expectations, the grocer returns your money.

Why do my eyes so brightly shine?
Why is my belt so tight?
I'm filled with *Campbell's Soup* so fine;
And also with delight.

21 kinds 10c a can

Asparagus	Mulligatawny
Beef	Mutton Broth
Bouillon	Ox Tail
Celery	Pea
Chicken	Pepper Pot
Chicken-Gumbo (Okra)	Printanier
Clam Bouillon	Tomato
Clam Chowder	Tomato-Okra
Consommé	Vegetable
Julienne	Vermicelli-Tomato
Mock Turtle	

Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

JOSEPH CAMPBELL COMPANY
Camden N J

Look for the red-and-white label

YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE

Between New York & Philadelphia
VIA
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

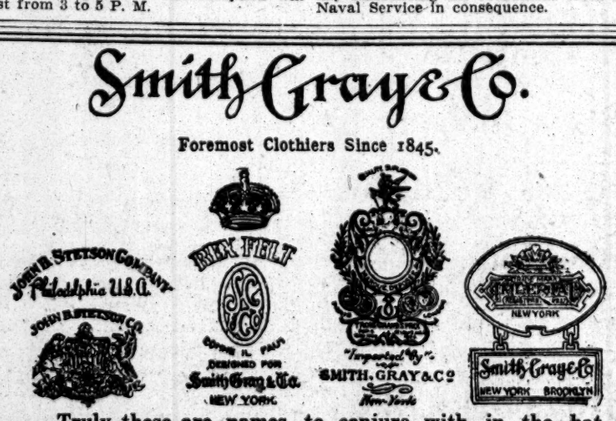
A two-hour train every hour on the hour, from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. from Liberty St. In addition to other trains. Ten minutes before the hour from West 23d Street.

Dining cars, morning, noon and night. Parlor cars on all trains. Sleepers on midnight train.

TWO HOUR TRAIN EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.


JOHN B. STETSON COMPANY Philadelphia U.S.A.
JOHN B. STETSON CO.
REX FELT
DESIGNED FOR Smith Gray & Co. NEW YORK
"Imported by" SMITH, GRAY & CO. New York
GENERAL
NEW YORK
Smith Gray & Co. NEW YORK BROOKLYN

Truly these are names to conjure with in the hat world—the crowning efforts of the best makers of two continents is spread before you.

Stetson soft and stiff hats . . . $3.50 and $5.00
They need no words of commendation from Smith Gray & Co.

Rex Felt Derbies $5.00
Exclusively a Smith Gray & Co. production, The peer of any $5.00 derby shown anywhere.

Mossant & Vallon French soft hats . . $4 and $5.00
Imported direct for Smith Gray & Co. On the continent Mossant & Vallon soft hats are the popular favorite of critical and smart dressers.

Imperial soft and stiff hats $3.00
Truly an imperial hat at this price, over 50 styles, exclusively in Smith Gray & Co. stores.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Greenhut and Company
Dry Goods

The handsomest rest and lounging room in New York City is on our Third Floor, and our patrons are welcome to make frequent use of it.

Tea is served throughout the day without charge.

Not Necessary to Make Purchases to Secure
Extra "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps To-day

You will be given free, whether you make purchases or not, as many sets of ten "S. & H." Complimentary Stamps as you may require for books unfilled—but only one set of ten stamps of any one date and only 100 free stamps good in any one book.

In addition to the above, the usual stamps will be given with all cash or charge purchases. DOUBLE Stamps Before Noon. SINGLE Stamps After Noon.

Distinguished Showing of New Black Silks

A display characteristic of the House of Greenhut compelling your admiration more for the discriminating selection of weaves than for mere size, and specializing in Imported and Domestic weaves for mourning or dress occasions.

In Colored Shantungs we show every reliable and fashionable make of rough weaves from the modestly priced to the heavy high grade motoring quality.

For Tuesday's special selling we announce—

36 inch All Silk Black Dress Messaline—
A closely woven, lustrous Dress Satin, recommended for wear. Usually sold at $1.25 yard — $1.00

Colored Diagonal Shantung—
In 12 new Spring colorings—a heavy quality, suitable for motor garments or general dress wear. Usually $2.00 yard, at — $1.50

Also these Important Specials in Dress Goods—

Black Rampoir Chuddah—
A dust-resisting, lustrous, jet black fabric of mohair and wool—45 inches wide— Made to sell at $2.00 yard, at — $1.50

Colored Silk Warp Henrietta—
A splendid showing of the latest Paris shades. 44 inches wide. Usually sold at $2.00 yard, at — $1.50

Main Floor—Greenhut and Company.

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th St. Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

WALTHAM WATCHES

COLONIAL SERIES

These watches are a noteworthy addition to the Waltham line. They are exceptionally thin and may be had with Enamel dials and Silver and Gilded finished metal dials of artistic design. Colonial Series watches appeal to the most critical buyers. Sold by all jewelers. Guaranteed by the makers.

WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY
WALTHAM, MASS.

Evans Ale

contains all the elements of a typical perfect liquid food—as nourishing as milk and equivalent to beef in making blood and sinew. Possesses a large amount of nutritive material and only a small amount of alcohol—thus making the ideal malt tonic.

In splits if desired.....Leading Places.
C. H. Evans & Sons.....Hudson, N. Y.

BETWEEN the new and the old way of ironing—what a contrast!

The old way meant work in the kitchen, a hot stove in hot weather;

Labor in changing cold for hot irons;

Constant interruption of work, waste of time.

The new, the electric way, means ironing where most convenient, in kitchen, sewing room, the porch in hot weather—wherever there is a lighting socket;

No walking back and forth;

No stopping work;

The right temperature in the iron *always*;

Therefore, better work.

The electric way is the cool, comfortable, efficient way;

And it is an economical way, about 2 cents an hour for current.

Edison Service in the house is a boon to the housewife.

The New York Edison Company

Always at Your Service

55 Duane Street

Telephone — Worth 3000

Cammeyer
Stamped on a Shoe means Standard of Merit
6th Ave. & 20th St.

U-CAN-B-E-Z SHOE
For Men
Who Want Comfort.
Prices
$5.00 & $6.00

They are built along the natural lines of the foot, thereby insuring perfect ease.

We carry Every Style of Men's Shoes at all prices.

Every customer receives the individual attention of a competent clerk.

"A Toast"
COOK'S IMPERIAL EXTRA DRY CHAMPAGNE
Served Everywhere

Father's Share Equals Widow's

in the personal estate of man dying without a will, survived by widow and father, but no children. PROBATE PROCEEDINGS AND ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES, an interesting book by member of New York Bar, gives full information regarding wills and distribution of estates of deceased persons. Mailed for Twenty-five cents.

GUSTAV GOODMANN, 346 B'WAY, N. Y.

SAYS CLAUSEN SELLS SPURIOUS PAINTINGS

Counsel for Collector Evans Tells Jury That Has Been His Business for Years.

TWO FOR CORCORAN GALLERY

Evans Seeks to Recover $5,350 Paid for Two Pictures Taken from National Gallery Collection as Bogus.

The suit of William T. Evans, the art collector, to recover from William Clausen, the art dealer, $5,350 paid for two pictures which Evans presented to the Corcoran Art Gallery in Washington, and later withdrew because art critics pronounced them spurious, began yesterday in the Supreme Court, before Justice Page and a jury.

Mr. Evans, the complainant, on the stand showed that he felt the sting of questions which threw his knowledge as an art critic into doubt, to put it mildly, and placed him in an unpleasant position before other critics in the courtroom.

"Near Newport" and "The Old Mill Near St. Cloud," the two pictures which Clausen had sold to Evans as the work of Homer D. Martin, were conspicuously placed against the bench.

Frank R. Lawrence outlined Mr. Evans's case to the jury. He said he would prove that Clausen had been in the business of selling spurious paintings for years. He said the jury might be interested to know what artists could so well imitate celebrated paintings, and hinted that their names might be disclosed at the trial. He said that Mr. Evans was actuated by the most public-spirited motives in bringing the suit. Mr. Lawrence is President of the Lotos Club, where the two pictures in dispute had been on exhibition, by courtesy of Mr. Evans.

His Acquaintance With Artists.

Ex-Judge Edward W. Hatch conducted the examination of Mr. Evans, who took the stand as his own first witness. He described himself as a business man with a taste for art. He said that Homer D. Martin, whom he had known intimately was an American landscape artist whose work was not appreciated during his life. He knew Alexander H. Wynant, the painter, from 1880 to his death in 1898. He also knew George Inness, and had bought paintings from him as early as 1882. He was a friend of Ralph Albert Blakelock, who was committed to the State Asylum at Middletown in 1899.

Mr. Evans said he had commenced to collect pictures as early as 1879 and had collected them ever since. In 1898 he concluded to sell his collection of pictures by foreign artists and collect pictures by American artists only. Patriotic motives only, he said, actuated him in making this decision.

Late in 1903 he received a circular letter from Clausen. He called at the Clausen gallery and there for the first time saw the picture now known as "Near Newport." Clausen told him, he said, that he had bought the picture from the private secretary of James Stillman. In his examination before trial, which was filed with the County Clerk a few days ago, Mr. Clausen said he had bought this picture from a gentlemen from Vermont named Chittenden.

Confiding, Mr. Evans said, in Clausen's integrity he had paid $2,850 for this picture. The title of it then was "Oyster Bay." He had noticed that the picture resembled one that he had presented to the Lotos Club, named "Newport Neck," and suggested that "Near Newport" would be a better name for the picture. Mr. Clausen, he said, concurred in this change of name. At that time there was a keen demand for paintings by Martin.

Value of Martin Paintings.

Paintings by Martin had increased greatly in value after the artist's death. This increase ranged from 500 to 1,000 per cent. He gave specific instances. One was a painting sold by Martin for $535 which brought $3,600 three years after his death, and is now worth easily $20,000. Another sold by Martin for $2,000 in 1903 is now worth $12,000. The "Near Newport" picture, he said, would be worth $3,000 if genuine, otherwise $200 or $300 was a good price for it.

"Near Newport" and "The Old Mill Near St. Cloud," Mr. Evans said, formed the nucleus of a collection of fifty-two paintings which he presented to the Corcoran Art Gallery in 1907. The collection attracted 2,000 to 3,000 visitors a week. He had made the donation from purely patriotic and philanthropic motives, he said. The paintings remained till the Spring of 1908, when he took them away, because an investigation had convinced him that they were spurious.

Mr. Evans said he saw "The Old Mill Near St. Cloud" in 1903 at Clausen's Gallery. He paid $2,500 for it. He said the picture was worth only $250 if a forgery.

Attorney Eisner for Mr. Clausen raised an objection when ex-Judge Hatch asked Mr. Evans whether or not he had bought other pictures from Clausen. He said that no other pictures should be brought into the present controversy. Justice Page overruled the objection. He said that it would be material to show that the defendant had sold spurious pictures on other occasions as bearing on the question of intent and knowledge, just as it was pertinent in cases where the charge was passing counterfeit money to show that the defendant had passed other counterfeit money. This is the first time that spurious pictures have been classed with counterfeit money.

Another Canvas in Doubt.

Mr. Evans answered that he had bought "Afternoon in Midfield" from Mr. Clausen in 1904 under the representation that George Inness had painted it. Experts questioned this picture, and Mr. Evans said he withdrew it from the Corcoran Gallery. He said he paid $875 for it.

Attorney Eisner subjected Mr. Evans to a severe cross-examination. Mr. Evans denied that he bought pictures to sell. He said he had sold pictures, but resented being called a "dealer." He defined a dealer as "one who buys pictures for profit." He said he had included some pictures not his own when he disposed of his collection of foreign pictures, because the artists, knowing that there was a demand for his pictures, had begged him to include some of their works in the collection offered for sale.

Attorney Eisner failed in his attempt to make Mr. Evans admit that he was a party to his deception by reason of his own certainty that the pictures were genuine. He said he liked the pictures as a matter of taste, and relied on Mr. Clausen's representations. He said he would have discovered their fraudulent character of he had made a microscopic examination.

Mr. Evans showed great discomfiture when he admitted he had written a letter to the Corcoran Art Gallery pronouncing the two spurious paintings the two finest examples of Martin's work that he had been able to obtain. He said he could tell new pictures by "use of the olfactory nerve" and by "pressing my thumb into the pigment."

"Pictures commence to disintegrate and mellow at once," he said, "and ripen within a year." He said a magnifying glass would show artificial discoloration on the pictures Clausen sold to him.

Among the Art patrons in court to aid Mr. Evans were Frederick Ballard Williams, Leopold Dessar, Henry W. Ranger, J. Francis Murphy, and Frederick W. Kost. Henry Smith, the Park Commissioner, who has a large private collection, exhibited a keen interest.

WEIGHER PUT ON TRIAL.

Customs Agent Charged with Falsifying Returns on Figs.

Simon J. Mescal, a Government customs weigher, under indictment for conspiracy to effect the fraudulent entry of underweighed fig importations, was put on trial yesterday before Judge Holt in the United States Circuit Court. The morning was taken up with the selection of a jury. The defendant is a Brooklynite and is being defended by George V. S. Williams of that borough. Assistant United States District Attorneys Wemple and Smith are prosecuting for the Government.

Mescal was indicted jointly with Eustadio D. Papavasilopulo and Daniel Michapulo, fig importers, who are out on bail and not concerned in the present trial. The indictment includes several counts charging fraudulent weighing of consignments of figs imported from Greece.

METROPOLITAN RECEPTION.

New Wing Opened and Whistler Paintings Exhibited.

The Metropolitan Museum of Art had one of the most representative receptions in its history last evening at the opening of its new wing of decorative arts and exhibition of pictures of James McNeill Whistler. Heading the Reception Committee were the Vice President, Joseph H. Choate, in the absence of J. Pierpont Morgan, the President, and Mrs. Choate; Robert W. De Forest, Second Vice President and Secretary, and Mrs. De Forest; George F. Baker, George Blumenthal, F. D. Millet, and D. C. French. Mayor Gaynor was present, representing the city.

In the Whistler collection are about forty paintings by the artist, only this form of his work being shown in this exhibition. It is the beginning of a new field of work in the Museum, a continuous series of loan exhibitions, to be held in the gallery occupied by the Hudson-Fulton Collection. The appreciation of these exhibits and of Whistler's work individually was shown by the great interest of the visitors last evening, who crowded the room where the paintings were hung.

The new wing is one of the finest parts of the Museum, impressive in architecture, and the one part of the Museum designed for the collection which it is to contain. When Mr. Morgan purchased the great Hoentschel collection of French decorative arts Mr. McKim, the architect of the wing, visited Paris before the collection was removed to study it with reference to its future housing.

The wing is composed of a large central hall, with arched ceiling surrounded by two stories of smaller galleries, making in all twenty-five exhibition rooms. The visitors last evening had only time for a casual view of the many rooms, but the large hall with its tapestry hangings, its Della Robbias and sculpture, made an impression without an examination in detail. Different periods are represented in the different rooms.

The Whistler exhibition will be continued until the end of May. Among those sending pictures are H. H. Benedict, Richard A. Canfield, Charles L. Freer, Detroit; Howard Mansfield, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, and Herbert Pratt of Brooklyn.

WHITE PLAINS ELECTRIC LINE.

Throngs Out to Greet First of New York Central's New Service.

It might be said that the populations of Mount Vernon, Bronxville, Tuckahoe, Crestwood, Scarsdale, Hartsdale, and White Plains were at the respective railroad stations in those places yesterday to see the first electric train on the Harlem Division go through to White Plains.

Electric trains up to now have been going only as far as Wakefield.

Ninety-five schedule trains a day will be run in the future, each train more comfortable than the old, being equipped with electrical ventilating devices and better lights. This is why almost everybody in the seven towns affected turned out to see the first train of the kind go through.

The electric trains will begin operating on the regular schedule at 12:01 to-morrow morning. The day of the steam horse for the residents of this section, as one of the village Presidents put it yesterday, is over.

Yesterday's train of seven cars carried President James G. Cannon and two hundred and fifty other members of the Westchester County Chamber of Commerce. Among them were Henry M. Lester, Joseph P. Day, Clarence S. McClellan, William Ryan, James V. Lawrence, Howard E. Foster, H. E. Angell, William R. Bull, State Senator J. Mayhew Wainwright, Judge Joseph H. Beall, President L. S. Miller of the New York, Westchester & Boston line; George B. Corsa, Walter P. Blackman, Henry R. Barrett, J. P. Gage, C. F. Griffen, Daniel P. Hays, A. W. Lawrence, E. F. Hill, H. H. Law, Thomas Leary, Henry R. Lounsbery, E. K. Martin, C. L. Van Fossen, F. V. Millard, J. C. Stevens, F. A. Stratton, O. J. Mayer, W. B. Randall, Albert Turner, and Joseph Wood, and Chief Engineer G. W. Kittredge, General Supt. A. R. Whaley of the Electric Division, General Passenger Agent Gerrit Fort, Assistant General Passenger Agent L. F. Vosburgh, and Supt. C. L. Bardo of the New York Central.

A big brass band and a buffet lunch helped make life pleasant aboard.

Court Stops Singing of "Clap Hands."

Yesterday in the United States Circuit Court Seymour Furth, a composer, acting for himself and Blanche Ring, applied for an injunction to restrain Reine Davis, a vaudeville performer, from singing "Clap Hands," a song composed by Mr. Furth and sung by Miss Ring. Judge Lacombe granted a temporary injunction, to be heard Friday, and Miss Davis was served with the papers at the American Music Hall last night. She refrained from singing the song, and later in the evening explained to Miss Ring her reasons for using it.

Birds of a Feather

It is not the policy of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL to allude to its contemporaries. Nevertheless, we feel it proper to point out occasionally that THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL has been and is *the leader*, the *creative* force in journalism for women. The advances in magazine quality and the progress in helpfulness were conceived in THE JOURNAL offices.

Those who *follow* know what the leader *has done* and *is doing*, but they do *not* know what he is *going to do next*. In short, the force that *makes* a leader *maintains* a leader.

We have emphasized to our advertisers the importance of being *in front*—of doing a thing *first*. Advertisers with this ambition will do well to consider the advantage of having their advertising associated with the magazine which is first in circulation, first in initiative and first in influence.

The Curtis Publishing Company
Philadelphia
New York Chicago Boston

The circulation of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL is more than 1,300,000 copies each month. The same forces which have created THE JOURNAL'S unique circulation have, at the same time, made it an advertising medium of unique power.

PHIL DALY, NOTED GAMBLER, IS DEAD

Long Proprietor of the Famous Pennsylvania Clubhouse at Long Branch.

"SQUARE DEAL" HIS MOTTO

Wealthy Players Trusted Him Implicitly—Shot by Edward Meredith in 1888 and Narrowly Escaped Death.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., March 14.—Phil Daly, for many years proprietor of the Pennsylvania Club house, Long Branch, died here to-night of heart disease following an attack of the grip. He had been an invalid for many years and since his retirement from the clubhouse twelve years ago had lived a secluded life.

Mr. Daly was born in Philadelphia seventy-five years ago. He took charge of the Pennsylvania Club in 1876 and had full management until twelve years ago, when the place was closed by the New Jersey authorities. He leaves a widow and three children.

"A square deal" was the motto of Phillip Daly, and in his varied career from country boy to gambler, he gave and expected square treatment. This and his pride in a reputation for strict honesty won for him a place at the top of his self-chosen profession. Rich players trusted him implicitly, and vast sums were placed in his keeping with only his word for a receipt.

Phil Daly began life as a country boy. He simply drifted into gambling. He ran a gambling house in Philadelphia for many years.

He was also interested in a house in this city. He founded the Pennsylvania Club at Long Branch. It soon became as famous as Long Branch. There were no restrictions on gambling then and Daly's club became noted for its equipment and cuisine as for the high play that went on there.

Rich players learned to trust Daly so implicitly that it led to introducing a new feature in gambling resorts. They would go to Daly and place with $50,000 or s much as $100,000 at a time, and say that they were going to "play" the races or try their luck at cards, and would "play against" the deposit. At the end of the season, or after the gambler had got enough, the remainder of his deposit would be handed to him. In these transactions no receipts were given by Daly, and no accounts rendered. All knew that strict honesty had directed and guarded every detail.

Another characteristic of the Pennsylvania Club, which also brought it large patronage and the widest celebrity, was its fine cuisine. Daly often boasted that his cook could supply at once any dish that could be suggested by the epicure. Among those who sought the club for its dinners were such men as President Chester A. Arthur, Samuel Ward, Charles Reed, John Chamberlain, Pierre and George L. Lorillard, John Hoey, the founder of Hollywood; J. B. Hagin, the California millionaire; Charles Freischmann, James Fisk, Jr., and John Morrissey.

In December, 1888, Daly was shot by Edward Meredith and narrowly escaped with his life. He had come to this city and was staying at the Coleman House. One day a note came to him asking him to come to 406 Fourth Avenue on "important business." It was signed "Addie Stanton." He paid no attention to the note, and in a few days received another, urging him to call. He went to the house and was taken into the front room on the second floor. A young woman admitted him and left the room as soon as he had seated himself.

Daly had risen to look at a picture when he heard the door behind him thrown open suddenly, and he turned and found two men. One pointed a revolver at Daly's head and ordered him to throw up his hands. Instead of doing so he rushed at the man with the revolver. The man fired and Daly fell. The bullet struck him in the forehead, making an ugly but not a fatal wound. At the time Daly had $30,000 in money in his pockets, and wore diamonds that were valued at many thousands more, but the would-be robbers did not stay to finish their work.

Two men and two women were afterward connected with the crime and arrested. They were Edward Meredith, Henry Hermann, Adelaide Stanton, and Ella Hammond. Meredith was convicted and sent to Sing Sing for several years.

Daly's health was broken by the bullet wound he received in 1888. He ran the Pennsylvania Club for about a dozen years. Many years ago Gov. Fort, then Judge of the Circuit Court, began a crusade to stamp out gambling at the New Jersey seashore resorts. The Pennsylvania Club closed its doors. Daly dropped out of sight, and many of his friends thought he was dead. His real estate holdings were in his wife's name.

Just a year ago the club property and other holdings in Long Branch were sold by Mrs. Catherine Daly, and then the fact became generally known that the aged gambler, broken in health, was living in seclusion in the care of his loyal wife.

John Jameson
Three Stars
Whiskey
Will put new life into you and keep you in good health and good spirits.
W. A. Taylor & Co., Agents, 29 B'way, N. Y.

F. G. BAILEY SENTENCED.

Man Back of Goldsboro Expedition Goes to Sing Sing.

Following his conviction of grand larceny, Francis G. Bailey, ex-President of the defunct Export Shipping Company, which had offices at 11 Broadway, was sentenced to Sing Sing for not less than four years and six months or more than seven years and one month by Justice Davis, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday morning.

Clarke L. Jordan, counsel for Bailey, urged Justice Davis to impose a light sentence, saying if the authorities had not interfered the creditors would have been paid in full. He said that Bailey had no intention to commit a crime. Justice Davis interrupted the lawyer toward the end to say that the defendant apparently had no honest intention, as he had sailed from New York without obtaining clearance papers for his steamer Golsboro.

Bailey, with his brother, Alfred W. Bailey, who is now serving a sentence in Sing Sing, was charged with the larceny of $45,000 worth of merchandise. He got control of the Goldsboro, and on May 3, 1908, sailed from New York and was arrested at Honduras, but escaped the New York police officials by disappearing over the side of the steamer. He was later rearrested and brought back here.

B. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's
B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

Continuation of Our Annual *Sale of Dress Goods and Silks*

Main Floor.

Women who came in response to our announcement in the Sunday papers expected to find very unusual values in Dress Goods and Silks. They were not disappointed. The buying was spirited. Every woman who bought saved money.

The following items are still on sale:

$1.00 All-Wool Diagonals, 74c
New Spring Colors, 44 inches wide.

$1.00 All-Wool Panamas, 76c
Spring Colors and Black, 50 inches wide.

$1.00 Hopsacking Suiting, 78c
Twenty-seven Colors, 43 inches wide.

$1.10 Wool Whipcord Serge, 84c
Twenty-three Colors, 42 inches wide.

$1.75 Wool Satin Majestic, 89c
Spring Colors, 54 inches wide.

$2.00 Silk-Warped Henrietta, $1.56
Twenty-one Colors, 43 inches wide.

$1.00 Imported Black Mohair, 68c
44 inches wide.

$1.50 Imported Black Voile, 86c
42 inches wide.

$2.25 Black Broadcloth, $1.48
Satin-finished, 50 inches wide.

Among the Silks:

75c Colored Taffeta Silks, 49c
Full Color Range, 19 inches wide.

$2.00 Imported Foulard Silks, 99c
Many Designs and Colorings, 43 inches wide.

$2.25 Satin Cachemire de Soie, $1.19
Twenty-six Colors, 33 inches wide.

$1.25 Black Taffeta at 79c
35 inches wide.

$1.50 Black Dress Satin at 99c
40 inches wide.

$2.00 Black Cachemire de Soie, $1.19
40 inches wide.

Extra To-day:—A List of Attractive "Tuesday Specials" Advertised in Sunday's Papers.

50c for 1000 Sheets White or Yellow Paper for Copies
5000 Sheets, $2.25; Discount on 100 Packages.

1000 Sheets Pure White Onion Skin Paper, 75c; 5000 Sheets, $3.50
100 Sheets "Non-Smut" Pencil Carbon, 12¼x18, $2.00; 1000, $15.00
100 Stenographers' Pencil Note Books, $2.40; 1000, $18.50
1000 Sheets Medium Weight Bond Paper, 90c; 5,000 Sheets, $4.00
100 Sheets Excellent Billing Carbon, 6x8½, 50c; 1000 Sheets, $4.25
100 " " " " 14x17, $2.25; 1000 Sheets, $18.00
Typewriter or Pencil Carbon in all odd sizes at special prices.

The above prices are for this week only. Call 2380 Worth, write, or come in to see us. Samples upon request. Every article guaranteed.

THE PAGE TREDWAY COMPANY, 320 Broadway

FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING
Site of Fifth Avenue Hotel
Facing Madison Square

TWENTY-THIRD STREET

LOCATION
Fifth Avenue & Broadway, the most central and conspicuous in the entire business world.

LIGHT AND AIR
No such open space exists in the business section of New York, and no building ever presented such a front of windows on all four sides, besides the court, which is as wide as a street.

APPOINTMENTS AND CARE
The interior finish gives the light fullest opportunity. The appointments are excelled by no office building in the world and the management will never be outdone in the care-taking of the building and offices.

Fifth Avenue Building Company, Owners, Madison Square, New York.

TWENTY-FOURTH STREET

FIFTH AVENUE BROADWAY

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS.

10 Minutes Jersey City to Hoyt Street.

The Fashion Event of the Spring Season.
Showing the Paris Hats.

Formal Opening of the Millinery Salon.

And Superb Adaptations by Our Own Inimitable Artists.

Introducing the masterpieces of Pouyanne, Georgette, the Maison Louis, Marie Louise, Borocco, who has succeeded the noted Rolland; Mangin Maurice, the master in bonnet making; Amicy, Germaine, Coroline Reboux, Suzanne Talbot, Lambert Bernheim, Mme. Louison, Helbing, Tore, Mme. Feurly, Carlier, and others.

Take the Subway, Brooklyn Express, to Hoyt Street—the A. & S. Station.

Advertising Gains in February

In February, this year, The New York Times printed 531,093 agate lines of advertising, compared with 475,368 lines in February, 1909, an increase of 55,725 lines, and a greater gain than the combined gains of the three other morning newspapers popularly classed with The Times as to character of circulation.

The daily sale of The New York Times exceeds 175,000 copies and the purchasing power of its readers is not surpassed by any other newspaper in the world.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Clean your hands with
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And you can work better.
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W. L. DOUGLAS $3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES
Boys' Shoes, $2.00 & $2.50
W. L. Douglas shoes are the lowest price, quality considered, in the world. Their excellent style, easy fitting and long wearing qualities excel those of other makes. If you have been paying high prices for your shoes, the next time you need a pair give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. You can save money on your footwear and get shoes that are just as good in every way as those that have been costing you higher prices.
If you could visit our large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than other makes.
UNION MADE. *Fast Color Eyelets.*
CAUTION—W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on the bottom to protect the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. **Take No Substitute.** If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, write for Mail Order Catalog.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
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853 Broadway.	250 West 125th St.
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1437 Broadway.	421 Fulton Street.
984 Third Avenue.	708 Broadway.
1452 Third Avenue.	1007 Broadway.
2202 Third Avenue.	1367 Broadway.
2779 Third Avenue.	478 Fifth Avenue.
NEWARK—785 Broad Street.	
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Ave.	

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is not all in going without glasses. There's danger in having an inexperienced person examine your eyes or even in wearing the SAME glasses too long. We retain
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WE CHARGE FOR GLASSES ONLY
Perfect-Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50
J. Ehrlich & Sons.
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UNITED TUNGSTEN LAMPS
⅓ More Light
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Large Users of Electricity can't afford to ignore this.
United Tungsten Lamp Co.
Are the Doctors
Office hours from early to late, no charge for consultation.
Stores, Lofts, Residences Equipped. Estimates given—Lamps and Fixtures at wholesale and retail.
N. B.—*Special candelabra (bull shape) Tungsten Lamps for private residences.*
Write, Call or Phone And DO IT TO-DAY.
Suite 448 Marbridge Building,
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Telephones: Murray Hill 4189-4190.

All coffee ails yield to well-made
Postum Coffee
Be sure it's well boiled.

WATERPROOF TARPAULINS For Covering Merchandise.
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Hunyadi János
Natural Laxative Water

Quickly Relieves:—
Biliousness,
Sick Headache,
Stomach Disorders.
Best remedy for
CONSTIPATION

SEATS IN SUBWAY NOW IN NON-RUSH HOURS

New Train Schedule in Operation Works Well and Prevents Early Congestion.

BUT NOT IN RUSH HOURS

Little Difference Made Then, Though Running Time Is Within 15 Seconds of Safety Limit.

Frank Hedley, General Manager of the Interborough, announced at 6:30 o'clock yesterday evening that the accelerated schedule of the Subway, which went into effect yesterday, had been so far a success that in the three hours during which the evening rush service had been in operation with intervals between trains of only one minute and forty-eight seconds, only four minutes had been lost. He declared himself thoroughly well satisfied and expressed his belief that as good results might be expected in the future.

Private observers said that as a matter of fact, the trains appeared to run even more frequently than the new schedule calls for. At the Grand Central Station, it was remarked, six or seven expresses would come in at average intervals of only a minute and a half, and, as a rule, the length of their stop was only between forty and fifty seconds. Practically at all times an express train was in sight at this station, and what delays there were were caused by the vagaries of the passengers rather than any slackness in the service.

One train pulled in with its rear car laden with a crowd of immigrants, weighted down with bundles and luggage. Only one interpreter was in charge of them, and they were too excited to move fast. The train dispatcher in the lookout in the centre of the station began to ring his bell long before they were all out, but they could not be discharged quickly and the train was delayed one minute and seven seconds.

Even some of the American passengers did not step as lively as they might. One portly citizen thought apparently that he might take his time as he reached the platform. From either side a stream of uptown passengers struck him. He was swept backward into the train he had just left, and was kept wedged in firmly as the guard closed the door. He was carried on to Seventy-second Street.

In the regular rush hour the new schedule made little difference. The Subway has been run to its capacity for some time in the early morning and evening hours, and there was just the same crush as ever. But for the hour or so before the offices begin to close, when there has been a crush caused by shoppers and the ordinary traffic, the effect was noticeable. From a little before 4 o'clock, when the downtown expresses began to run on the 1 minute and 48 seconds headway, there was no trouble in getting seats.

In the same way in the middle of the day the new two-and-a-half-minute schedule had its effect. Mr. Hedley said that even when trains were running three minutes apart there had always been seats for everybody in either the front or the rear cars. With the new time table, practically everybody got a seat wherever he got on.

Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission was at the Grand Central station in the height of the evening rush hour. He said that he believed the Interborough was doing the best it could, but that yesterday there were bound to be some irregularities, as it was the first time the new schedule had been placed in operation.

Mr. Hedley pointed out what a great difference to the entire service a small delay at any station causes.

"One of the Broadway trains was delayed at South Ferry to-night," he remarked. "Consequently a Lenox Avenue train from Brooklyn got in ahead of it and there were three Lenox Avenue trains one after the other. There was only a twenty second delay in the arrival of a Broadway train, but it was quite clear how it disorganized the Broadway traffic. As a matter of fact, if a southbound train is delayed two minutes at Seventy-second Street it takes the Subway an hour and a quarter to recover it. By the time the train reaches Atlantic Avenue it will be not two minutes but seven or eight minutes late. As soon as the delay has occurred the news has been telephoned to the dispatcher at Atlantic Avenue and he has begun to rob the traffic. That is, instead of dispatching trains every minute and forty-eight seconds he will send them out on a two-minute headway. Consequently the accident will affect the uptown traffic before the train which was delayed has reached its terminal and started north again."

Mr. Hedley said that on a minute and 48 seconds schedule the trains are being run at only 15 seconds longer intervals than the theoretical minimum. That is to say, by calculating the time in which a train can be brought to a stop and taking into consideration the position of the block signals and other technical matters, it is possible to find out exactly how far apart trains might be operated supposing everything ran smoothly. To this interval the officials have added only 15 seconds.

Mr. Hedley was asked why a local so frequently pulls out of an express station just as an express comes in.

"We do it," he replied, "because we always remember there is a train coming up behind the local. With such a brief headway as we use, our whole object has to be to move our trains as quickly as possible and cut the stops down. If we were to delay an extra half minute it would mean that the local behind would be delayed also, and it is best in the long run to operate each line separately and to move the trains along as fast as we possibly can."

EARLY TRIAL FOR JOHNSON.

Court Consents to Call Pugilist's Case for March 23.

Jack Johnson, the negro heavyweight boxer, will be tried for assault in the second degree before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions on March 23. District Attorney Whitman conceded the preference of the case on the urgent request made yesterday by Johnson's lawyer, and Judge Mulqueen, sitting in Part I., announced that he would try it himself.

If left to the mercies of the calendar the case might not be called until late in May or early June, and Johnson, who is in Milwaukee, wants to get to the coast for training. There is a general hope that the incident may be disposed of before the time for the big fight.

The pugilist was indicted on the complaint of Norman H. Pinder, a diminutive negro, who appeared at the District Attorney's office very much the worse for a thrashing. He says that Johnson did it and Johnson says he did not.

Aged Man Hit by an Ambulance.

Jacob Jess, 68 years old, of 86 West 135th Street, while attempting to cross Fifth Avenue at 135th Street yesterday morning, was struck and knocked down by an ambulance from the Harlem Hospital which was going up the avenue. The driver, Charles O'Connor, saw the old man cross in front of him and tried to pull up his horse but could not do so. Dr. McCombs, who was in the ambulance at the time, attended the old man and found that he was only slightly injured.

To Discuss City Missionary Work.

A mass meeting representing all evangelical denominations in New York will be held to-night under the auspices of the Evangelical Summer Tent committee in the Calvary Baptist Church in West Fifty-seventh Street, of which the Rev. R. S. MacArthur is pastor. The meeting is called to discuss the problem of stimulating religious work in the city.

Check to Aid Cotter Family.

THE TIMES received yesterday a check for $5 from "J. V. L." for the Cotter family.

TO ACCUSED FIANCEE'S AID.

Dr. Rutzkauskas Meets Sophie Kritchman for First Time at Murder Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 14.—There was a dramatic scene in the trial of Sophie Kritchman for murder to-day when Dr. Antonas K. Rutzkauskas of 8,829 Commercial Avenue, Chicago, to whom she is engaged, saw her for the first time.

Their courtship began under romantic conditions and was carried on wholly by correspondence, and when she was put on trial for murder the doctor's faith in his sweetheart did not waver. He first telegraphed her $200, and as soon as his professional engagements would permit came to her. They met in an affectionate embrace and all day to-day he sat by her side in the courtroom, and kissed her an affectionate farewell when she was taken back to her cell at the close of court.

Miss Kritchman was on the witness stand nearly all day, undergoing a grilling cross-examination as to the killing of Bronislaw Kulvinkas. She and Joe Mitchell of Naugatuck are charged with murdering him. He was found riddled with sixteen bullet holes and a note beside him read:

"Sopie killed me. It seems that I must die by Sophie Kritchman's hand."

Miss Kritchman is a good-looking Lithuanian music teacher of Naugatuck. She is only 18 years old. Dr. Rutzkauskas is at the head of the National movement in Chicago for the uplifting of the Lithuanian race.

Baron and Baroness Korff Arrive.

Among those who arrived yesterday on the Hamburg-American liner Amerika was Baron and Baroness S. A. Korff and son, who come here to visit the Baroness's father, former Surgeon General William K. Vander Reypen of the navy. The Baron is professor of history of law at the University of Helsingfors, Finland. While here he will lecture on Russian history at Johns Hopkins, Baltimore.

JANNEY IN TROUBLE WHEN ON DUTY HERE

Officer Reported a Suicide at Manila Court-martialed for Neglect of Duty.

COL. AMES SAT ON COURT

Army Board Still Investigating Mysterious Shooting—Don't Believe Janney Intended Suicide.

MANILA, March 14.—The mysterious circumstances attending the killing of Second Lieut. Clarence M. Janney of the Twelfth Infantry, which occurred Saturday at Fort William McKinley, have not yet been cleared up. It is generally believed that Janney killed himself, but it is uncertain whether this was by accident or design.

Janney attended a dinner party at the house of Lieut. Col. Robert F. Ames, accompanied by his wife. Suddenly Janney left the house, and some time afterward returned with a revolver in his hand. He entered the house, and in a moment there was a report, and Janney fell, with a bullet in his head, dying instantly.

Doubt clouds Janney's purpose in arming and returning to Lieut. Col. Ames's house. Capt. William H. Jordan, Jr., Twelfth Infantry, who was the fourth member of the party, says that an argument occurred during the dinner, and Janney withdrew. Later Capt. Jordan went to search for him, but missed him, as Janney entered the house by the rear.

Lieut. Col. Ames and Mrs. Janney were the only witnesses of the tragedy. They agree that Janney rushed in, flourishing a pistol, which was suddenly discharged. Many believe that Janney planned a demonstration and that he had no intention of committing suicide or shooting his wife or Ames. A special board is investigating the affair.

The body will be sent home by a transport sailing on March 23. Janney was a native of Virginia.

The reported suicide in Manila last Saturday of Second Lieut. C. M. Janney, Twelfth United States Infantry, was the occasion of much talk yesterday in army circles in this city, where Lieut. Janney was stationed before his transfer to the Philippines. Officers who knew Janney could hardly bring themselves to believe that the young officer had killed himself, as he was considered lacking in nerve.

Janney was peculiar, and when he was at Governors Island he kept more or less to himself. Toward the close of his service there he began to neglect his work, and finally was court-martialed on a number of charges, among them the improper preparation of court-martial cases, to which he was assigned, and repeated failure to acknowledge official communications concerning some unaccounted property, from the Secretary of War and various high officers in the army.

Col. Ames, in whose home Lieut. Janney died, was a member of the court that tried and convicted him. For his shortcomings the court imposed a severe sentence on the young officer, restricting him to the military limits of Governors Island, besides deducting $20 a month from his pay for a long period. Janney was still under arrest when ordered to the Philippines.

It was just before he was court-martialed that Janney surprised everybody on Governors Island by slipping over to Jersey City and there marrying Mrs. Madaline McKissick, the widow of a man named Brugierre, after whose death she had resumed her maiden name. The Janneys returned to Governors Island to live, but neither of them took part to any extent in the social life of the garrison.

Col. Ames is considered one of the peppiest officers in the service. When in New York he spent most of his time when not on duty at the Lambs and the Army and Navy Club. Col. Heistand, who was the Adjutant General of the department while Ames was in New York, said once that he was always talking and was never seen without a crowd around him listening to his tales of the frontier and the Far East.

Just before he left for Manila Col. Ames, with other officers, was ordered to take the Roosevelt ninety-mile riding test. The rules of that test provide that the same horse must be used for the whole distance. Ames had an old, broken-down white nag assigned to his use, and he was disgusted. He wanted something faster. Finally, after negotiating about fifty miles, he quietly obtained a better mount and finished his ride.

President Roosevelt heard about Ames and his two horses, and the result was that the little Colonel had to take his ride all over again, and on the same old horse he had started out with. Col. Ames was twitted unmercifully by his brother-officers as a result.

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Write for free booklet, "The Influence of a Desk."
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Spring Overcoats For Men $15 to $40
To the individualist—to the man who would be *himself* rather than a tailor's dummy—our new series of models appeal most forcibly.
Varying in weave, pattern, form and length, you will find at least one Hackett-Carhart Spring Overcoat to satisfy your specific taste and needs, and at a price which the garment more than justifies.
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841 Broadway, at 13th St. 265 Broadway, near Chambers St.

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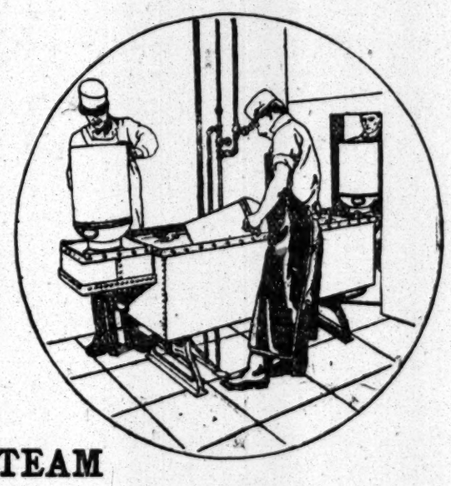
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Costs One Hundred Dollars and its name is
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The cost of a good operator during the average life of a Typewriter is Several Thousand Dollars
And remember that no operator can do the most work or the best work except on the best machine.
Compare your outlay for the machine with your outlay for the operator and you will see why it is true economy to buy the
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WOMEN'S AND MISSES' RIDING HABITS
ADAPTATIONS OF THE LATEST FOREIGN MODELS ARE BEING SHOWN IN A VARIETY OF DESIGNS, APPROPRIATE FOR SIDE- OR CROSS-SADDLE RIDING.
EQUESTRIAN GARMENTS MADE TO ORDER FROM SELECTED MATERIALS IN APPROVED FASHIONS; ALSO MADE-UP AND READY FOR IMMEDIATE WEAR, IN CLOTH AND LINEN CRASH.
EQUESTRIAN TIGHTS OF RIBBED MATERIALS; KNICKERBOCKERS AND BLOOMERS OF PONGEE, CHINA SILK AND BRILLIANTINE.
A COMPLETE LINE OF RIDING HATS, BOOTS AND GLOVES.
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Special Easter showing of
Trimmed Millinery
For Carriage and Street Wear
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And a large collection of
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Furs Stored With Us Are Safe
1. Because long experience in caring for valuable peltry has perfected our storage methods so that furs cannot deteriorate under the conditions with which we surround them.
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Your physician will tell you that a clean mouth is essential to good health.
If you brush your teeth regularly every morning and every night, with Sanitol Tooth Powder or Sanitol Tooth Paste, decay will be prevented and your teeth will be kept white.
Yes, your general health will be better.
25c, wherever toilet articles are sold.

FRED TENNEY PLAYS FIRST BASE AGAIN

Veteran Unable to Run Fast, but Shows a Keen Batting Eye at Marlin.

BY FRED TENNEY,
First Baseman of the Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 14.—The Giant squad returned from Dallas this morning, and everybody was out in the field here for the usual practice. Only one "casualty" took place on the trip back from Dallas. Pitcher Scott had the misfortune to get his foot cut while attempting to climb into an upper berth. Seymour and Devore didn't return with the boys, they remaining there for medical treatment.

The weather was fine this morning, and after the usual batting and fielding practice Manager McGraw thought he would take advantage of the warm weather and resume the morning games. Two teams were picked and a few innings played. Then the boys returned to the hotel.

This afternoon there was a game between the Regulars and the Yannigans. Merkle did not show up to play for the Regulars, so I took my old place for the first time this year. The improvement in my condition has been very rapid, and while I can run some I did not attempt to extend myself. My batting eye is very good, as I got a double and a single in three trips to the plate.

Mathewson, Parsons, and Keiber worked for the Yannigans. Matty was practically unhittable, and is really in the best condition of any of the pitchers here. What runs were scored by the Regulars were off Parsons and Keiber. Wiltse, Crandall, and Weimer worked for the Regulars. It was the first time Wiltse has been on the slab in a game this year. He showed his lack of work, as his control was very bad, and when he did get the ball over the plate he was hit hard. Crandall, who succeeded him, was much more effective, and the run getting of the Yannigans had a sudden stop. Weimer was equally effective, but the Yannigans had gathered enough runs off Wiltse to easily win the game. Spencer continued his hard hitting by getting a home run over the right-field fence with two men on the bases.

Snodgrass did the clean-up act in the first inning, when, with three on the bases and two out, he hit to deep right centre for three bags.

To-morrow and Wednesday a team goes to Waco to play the Indianapolis Club two games.

Our old friend Frank Bowerman is with that club, and will doubtless work his hardest to win the game.

Here's a way to stop one Spring leak—

Cut out the tailor's label charge on your Spring suit.

Fabrics of the identical quality and character that go with a tailor's label into suits at $60, $70 or $80, are here in suits at half those prices.

Silk lined, if you want 'em that way.

Suits up to $45 and at lesser prices for more modest purses.

Between fur-coat and duster seasons!

Motor coats of heavy or medium weight worsteds and cheviots—many cravenetted.

Double-breasted, with plaided wool linings and box collars. $30 to $40.

The best of the best!

The Stetson "Special," exclusive with us in New York, $5.

The Knapp-Felt Preferred Derby, also exclusive with us, $5.

New blocks of other qualities of the same good makes at lesser prices.

Ever have trouble with the fit of a "Star?"

Not likely!

The "Star" shirt makers pay a ten cent bonus to their examiners for every mistake they catch.

Cited simply as an instance of the extreme "Star" care.

Spring "Star" negligees now $1.50 to $3.

$1.00 is all we ask!

Yet our Dollar Glove is really in the usual $1.50 class—is an imported glove of real Cape leather.

All the usual shades of tan.

A chronic ailment needs a chronic remedy!

"Cushion" shoes for chronic standees, $5.

Specially constructed steel arches and cushion insoles.

At 13th St. and Warren St. stores only—

A Spring underwear bargain of weight for wear now.

Natural gray wool with just enough threads of cotton in the weave to make it absolutely unshrinkable.

1023 regular shirts and drawers, including stout sizes.

$2.00 and $2.50 regularly.

$1.35.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores,

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YANKEE YOUNGSTERS WIN.

Manager Stallings Leads Recruits in Battle Against Chase's Regulars.

Special to The New York Times.

ATHENS, Ga., March 14.—The younger squad of the Yankees shut out the regulars in this afternoon's six-inning battle by the score of 3 to 0. It was the first time since Manager Stallings has taken hold of the New York team here that the first team tasted defeat. The manager is congratulating himself to-night as he handled the winning nine and matched his managerial wits against those of Capt. Hal Chase. There was more at stake for both manager and aid than usual, as Frank Farrell, the club owner, was among the bleacherites.

It was certainly a splendid day for the recruits. The youngsters did about everything that was accomplished. Had it not been for Harry Wolter, who played right field for Chase, the sting of defeat would have been even keener. Wolter was the best card of the day. He was at the bat but twice, yet he found Warnop and Quinn each for a three-base swat. He spoiled one of these himself by trying for a home run. Foster's quick relay from Manning nipping him. Chase wasted another three-sacker by Wolter when he fell down with his end of the squeeze play in the fourth round. Mitchell, the recruit catcher, was hitting them often and far. He walked the first time up, but doubled and singled afterward.

Little Foster, who continued to distinguish himself in every department, came through with his usual home run. He should have had two. Birdie Cree caught what looked like a prospective homer in the first play of the game. It was one of the most remarkable running catches ever seen. Foster's four-base smash broke the hearts of the regulars. Clunn, who worked the first pitching trick for them, was effective, though wild in the first two innings. Jack Warhop opened the third period with a triple to deep left off the southpaw. Here Foster made his long drive.

The fielding was of high class on both sides, as five double plays show. Many of these were the result of attempts at the hit-and-run play or other "inside play" that went wrong. The work on the bases, especially on the part of the regulars, was not good. In the second inning Warhop picked both Engle and Gardner off first base. These made the first outs of the inning.

Jim Vaughn played first base for Stallings. He certainly handled himself well at the position. He is fast on his feet, and made a couple of pickups as gracefully as Chase could have done. He showed good judgment on balls and strikes, for both Clunn and Carroll walked him. Wolter was the only one of the regulars to get as far as third base.

Otis Johnson is expected from the coast to-morrow. Kleinow and Hemphill will be here by Wednesday. Both President Farrell and Tom Foley set up the cigars in honor of the first shut-out of the season. The teams will battle again to-morrow, possibly on the new grounds, which were too soggy for use to-day. The score:

									R.	H.	E.
Yannigans	0	0	1	2	0	0	—		3	5	0
Regulars	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	3	1

Batteries—Warhop, Quinn, and Mitchell; Clunn, Carroll, and Sweeney.

OPPOSE SUNDAY BASEBALL.

Evangelical Alliance Aims to Prevent Sabbath Play in Ohio.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 14.—At the meeting of the Evangelical Alliance, held here this morning and composed of the ministers of all the Evangelical churches in Cincinnati, a formal motion was passed to work against the playing of baseball on Sundays.

The ministers reported that they had heard recently from other similar organizations in all cities of Ohio that these ministers have passed resolutions to the same effect. They have also passed resolutions upholding the work of the enemies of cigarettes and written to their representatives in Columbus asking that they do everything possible to pass an anti-Sunday baseball and an anti-cigarette measure now before the Ohio General Assembly, in session in Columbus.

One member of the alliance said this afternoon that the ministers would send men to Columbus to "lobby" for both bills. They say that more can be done by men on the ground than by writing to their legislators.

At the present time there are before the General Assembly two bills on the baseball question, one to legalize Sunday baseball and another making Sunday baseball a misdemeanor. The ministers say they will work tooth and nail to have the anti-baseball measure passed.

Brooklyn Teams Play Tie Game.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 14.—A cold wave curtailed the Brooklyn Club's practice to-day. Manager Dahlen had his men out on the lot in the morning and put them through a hard grueling, but in the afternoon a seven-inning game between the regulars and colts made up the programme. The regulars were lucky to pull out with a tie, the teams being evenly matched owing to the fact that two or three of the players were laid up on injured. The score was 2 to 2. Tim Jordan was not in the game because his knees bothered him.

Rucker and Bell were absent with sore arms and Ulrich got a crack on the kneepan from a foul tip in the fourth inning that will probably put him on the hospital list for some time. The game was hurried owing to the cold weather, which accounts for the light batting. Doc Scanlon held the colts hitless for three innings, and then a double by Myers, two passes, and a single by Mowrey letting in two runs in the fourth. Dessau relieved him, holding the colts to three hits.

Other Baseball Results.

At Hot Springs—Boston American Regulars, 5; Boston Second, 3.

At Atlanta—Philadelphia American Regulars, 3; Philadelphia American Second, 0.

At New Orleans—Cleveland Americans, 4; Chicago Nationals, 2.

Wagner Will Sign with Pirates.

PITTSBURG, March 14.—While there never has been any doubt that Hans Wagner would play with the Pittsburg team, a sigh of relief went up from the fans to-day when it was announced that the big shortstop had agreed to terms and would sign his contract Friday. Wagner will not go to West Baden with the team, but will join it at St. Louis for the Southern trip.

ENGLISH WOMAN PLAYS FINE TENNIS

Mrs. Frederick G. Schmitz Reaches Semi-Final in Indoor Championship.

Mrs. Frederick G. Schmitz of England yesterday won her place in the semi-final round of the women's National indoor tennis championship at the Seventh Regiment Armory. Mrs. Schmitz disposed in turn of Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce, a former Hudson River champion, 6—2, 6—2, and Miss Alice Fish, 6—4, 6—2. It was by the latter victory that Mrs. Schmitz won the place in the semi-final, in which she coupled with Miss Margaret S. Grove, the Southern Girl, who has displayed such splendid skill.

The progress of the doubles during the day was slower. Two pairs—Mrs. Weaver and Mrs. L. Millens Burt and Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clara Kuttroff—reached the semi-finals. In coming through, Mrs. Weaver and Mrs. Burt defeated Mrs. A. H. Oeder and Mrs. Albert Humphries, 6—4, 6—4, while Miss Wagner and Miss Kuttroff defeated Miss Katherine McCook and Miss Evelyn Witherbee, 6—1, 6—2. The other important doubles were those in which the indoor championship team—Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Miss Marcus—defeated Mrs. C. W. Remsen and Miss Edith Handy, 6—1, 6—2, and Miss Fanny Fish and Miss Alice Fish defeated Miss Verdi and Miss Robinson-Smith, 6—3, 6—love. The summary:

Women's Indoor National Championship Singles.—Second Round—Mrs. S. F. Weaver defeated Mrs. C. W. Remsen, 6—2, 6—3; Miss Erna Marcus defeated Miss Fanny M. Fish, 7—5, 5—7, 6—1; Mrs. Frederick G. Schmitz defeated Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce, 6—2, 6—2. Third Round—Mrs. S. F. Weaver defeated Mrs. Albert Humphries, 6—4, 6—2; Mrs. Frederick G. Schmitz defeated Miss Alice L. Fish, 6—4, 6—2.

Women's Indoor National Championship Doubles.—First Round—Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Miss Erna Marcus defeated Mrs. C. W. Remsen and Miss Edith Handy, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Fanny M. Fish and Miss Alice L. Fish defeated Miss Verdi and Miss Robinson-Smith, 6—3, 6—0; Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clara Kuttroff defeated Mrs. G. B. de Gersdorff and Mrs. F. W. Jenkins, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Katherine McCook and Miss Evelyn Witherbee defeated Miss Edith A. Bagg and Miss Margaret Thomas, 6—8, 8—6, 6—3. Second Round—Mrs. S. F. Weaver and Mrs. L. Millens Burt defeated Mrs. A. H. Oeder and Mrs. Albert Humphries, 6—4, 6—4; Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clara Kuttroff defeated Miss Katherine McCook and Miss Evelyn Witherbee, 6—1, 6—2.

Consolation Singles.—First Round—Miss Blanche Brine vs. Miss Gertrude Della-Torre, 7—5, 2—5, unfinished; Miss Pickhardt defeated Miss Worrishoffer, by default; Miss McCook defeated Miss Browne, by default; Miss Thomas defeated Mrs. de Gersdorff, 6—4, 4—6, 8—6; Miss Elsie Dietz defeated Miss Marie Wagner by default.

INTER-CITY TENNIS MATCHES.

Metropolitan League Plans for Series —New Playing Rule.

A series of inter-city team matches with Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, in addition to the regular championship contests, was planned at the annual meeting of the Metropolitan Lawn Tennis League yesterday, held at the lower Delmonico's, in Beaver Street. A rule was passed by which no club may play men in the championship finals who have not competed in at least two of the preliminary series of matches.

It was decided that the league should apply to the United States Lawn Tennis Association for membership and recognition, although all of the clubs are now members individually of that body.

The election of officers resulted in Otto H. Hinck, Montclair Athletic Club, being returned as President and Walter L. Pate, Brooklyn Tennis Club, as Secretary and Treasurer. The Schedule Committee for the year will be composed of Otto H. Hinck, Walter L. Pate, and Henry C. Martin.

Among the attending delegates were William H. Connell, Bedford Park; Arthur A. Hassell, Brooklyn; Walter M. Hall, Hamilton Grange; Dr. William Rosenbaum, Harlem; Harry S. Roberts, Knickerbocker Field Club; Robert Le Roy, New York Lawn Tennis Club, and R. C. Abbe, Park Slope Tennis Club.

English Tennis Challenge Accepted.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 14.—The Australasian Association has accepted the challenge of the English Lawn Tennis Association for the Dwight F. Davis International Cup. The Australasians have decided to play out their preliminaries in time to permit of the finals being played in December.

NEWS FOR THE GOLFERS.

According to Park Commissioner Higgins, those who frequent the public golf links at Van Cortlandt Park this season will find the conditions much improved. He has declared himself in favor of the employment of experienced golfers whose duty it will be to do all in their power to raise the standard more on a par with the leading club courses. The shower and locker accommodations are also to be enlarged.

Word has been received to the effect that the Country Club of Atlantic City has decided upon April 28, 29, and 30 for its annual Spring open tournament. This is the week following Lakewood, and the chances are that the South Jersey Club will obtain its usual large entry. Anticipating this, provision has been made for six sixteens. There will be an 18-hole qualifying round.

WESTON'S RECORD WALK.

Pedestrian Covers 72 Miles on Eve of His 72d Birthday.

Special to The New York Times.

KINSLEY, Kan., March 14.—Edward Payson Weston, the pedestrian, arrived in Kinsley at 7:45 this evening, having walked from Ingalls to Kinsley to-day, a distance of sixty-three miles. He rested here an hour and then proceeded nine miles further, making a distance of seventy-two miles for the twenty-four hours. As to-morrow is his seventy-second birthday he wanted to break the record to-day by walking seventy-two miles. Probably a thousand people met him at Kinsley, and the citizens of Kinsley presented him with a gold watch for a birthday present and in token of his wonderful walk to-day.

Mr. Weston is apparently in good condition, and made a nice speech, thanking the people for the reception given him here, stating the Kansas people would always have a warm place in his heart, and that he would advise his Eastern friends to come to Kansas and get a good farm.

GARFIELD, Kan., March 14.—Edward Payson Weston has completed his day's task and will rest over night at a farmhouse about three miles west of Garfield, as he has walked one mile for each year of his life to-day, and did not wish to make the walk on to Garfield.

NATIONAL AERO DEFENSE.

Important Subject Will Be Discussed at Aero Club Dinner.

The annual banquet of the Aero Club of America will take place at the Hotel St. Regis March 24, at 7 P. M. The banquet will be held in commemoration of the winning of both international trophies by the Aero Club, and it is expected that both of the cups will be on exhibition on this occasion.

The chief topic of discussion by the speakers will be the necessity of the United States Government to provide itself with a suitable aeronautical equipment for national defense. The speakers will include Congressmen James L. Slayden of Texas and J. Sloat Fassett of New York. Brig. Gen. James J. Allen will represent the United States Signal Corps. Invitations have been sent to President Taft, the Secretary of War, and Major Gen. Leonard H. Wood, commanding the Division of the Atlantic.

Moving pictures of the recent aviation meeetings will be shown, and the entertainment will close with a moving picture recently imported from Paris, which shows in a graphic manner what aerial warfare will be in the near future, and the destruction of cities by bombs launched from airships.

Harlem Memorial Day Regatta.

At the weekly meeting of the Harlem Regatta Association last night the programme for the Memorial Day regatta was adopted. There will be sixteen events, all one and one-fourth miles straightaway, over the Harlem River course. The senior single handicap will be the first event of its kind ever put on the Harlem regatta programme. The shells will be started from the line according to their time handicaps. The list of events follows: Junior, intermediate, senior, and association single sculls; junior, intermediate, and senior double sculls; junior quadruple sculls, junior four-oared gigs, senior four-oared shells, junior, intermediate, and senior eight-oared shells, quarter-mile dash for senior scullers, junior octuple sculls, and senior single handicap.

Whitney's Bobbin II. Wins Stake.

LONDON, March 14.—The flat racing season opened to-day with a meeting at Lincoln, and the first race of any importance was won by H. P. Whitney's Bobbin II. This was the Batthyany Plate, a handicap, of 500 sovereigns, for three-year-olds and upward, distance five furlongs. A field of fourteen finished. Syce was second and Master Hopson third. August Belmont's Bordoir started, but was unplaced.

Jockey Dragged Fifty Yards Unhurt.

OAKLAND, Cal., March 14.—The track at Emeryville was sloppy to-day. In the feature event Jockey Selden, rider of Phil Mohr, was knocked off in a false break and dragged fifty yards. He escaped injury. Phil Mohr ran around the track and jumped the fence. Remounted, he finished second to Richard Reed.

Seven Miles in 5 Minutes for Iceboat.

MENOMINEE, Mich., March 14.—The Sirius, skippered by Ed Nowac, won the iceboat race here yesterday and established what is believed to be a world's record—seven miles in five minutes. During the race the Clipper, which was in second place, broke in two. The occupants, Robert Cleary and Jack Coe, were painfully but not fatally hurt.

Baldwin and Hyland Draw.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 14.—Matty Baldwin and Dick Hyland fought ten rounds to a draw here to-night.

Pool Results at Doyle's.

In the afternoon game yesterday of the amateur pool tournament now in progress at Doyle's Billiard Academy, Broadway and Forty-second Street, E. Seabury defeated R. Fischer by the score of 75 to 37. Seabury's high run was 16. In the evening game C. Emerson defeated E. Reynolds by the score of 75 to 68, Emerson making a high run of 15. In this afternoon's game H. Phelps will oppose R. Fischer and in the evening James E. Gilmore will meet G. Brown.

BONHAG AND TAIT COMPARED.

Figures Show These Two Evenly Matched for To-night's Race.

When two crack runners of international reputation cover a mile in times that are but fractions of a second apart, each on a ten-lap track, and when those runners are scheduled to meet in a special mile and a half race three nights later, it does seem as if that was an event to be looked forward to and noted with considerable interest.

On Saturday night George Bonhag finished in third place in the Baxter mile at the Garden, the winner's time being 4 minutes 22 1-5 seconds. Bonhag was just far enough behind Kiviat, who carried off the palm that night, to have made his time, had it been taken on a stop watch, 4 minutes 24 seconds.

That same night Jack Tait, the Canadian champion, ran a mile against time—a rather more difficult task than to have actual competitors on the track with him—at the armory of the Fifth Maryland Infantry, in Baltimore, in 4 minutes 24 seconds. He broke the State record by 10 seconds, and that record had withstood all kinds of onslaughts by all sorts and conditions of runners for ten years.

These two cracks meet to-night in Madison Square Garden in a special mile and a half race on the programme of the annual indoor games of the New York Athletic Club. Tait will find the distance very much to his liking, for he has repeatedly run it and often threatened to smash Conneff's old outdoor record of 6 minutes 46 2-5 seconds. Bonhag proved on Saturday that he could negotiate so short a distance by his sterling performance in the Baxter mile. He had previously proved his sportsmanship by entering the special race over a distance which is his competitor's best.

Swimming Too Costly for Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 14.—Swimming will be dropped from the list of athletic sports at Harvard, according to a decision reached by the Harvard Athletic Committee to-day, because of its expense.

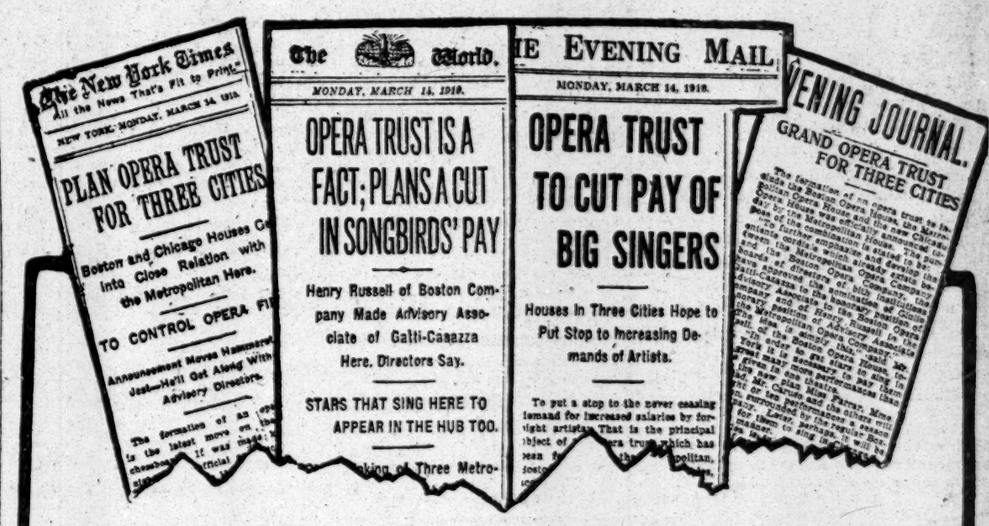
The following is the track team schedule which was adopted by the Athletic Committee: May 7, Dartmouth at Cambridge; 14, Yale at Cambridge; 21 Yale freshmen vs. Harvard freshmen at New Haven; 21, Harvard interscholastic meet at Cambridge; 27 and 28, intercollegiate meet at Philadelphia.

Ketchel and Langford Matched.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—Stanley Ketchel and Sam Langford were matched to-day to meet in this city on April 27. The bout, which will be for six rounds, will take place before the National Athletic Club. The men will meet at catch weights.

THE BEST "APENTA" NATURAL APERIENT WATER

BOTTLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA PEST, HUNGARY.


The New York Times
All the News That's Fit to Print.
NEW YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1910.
PLAN OPERA TRUST FOR THREE CITIES
Boston and Chicago Houses Co
into Close Relation with the Metropolitan Here.
TO CONTROL OPERA FI
Announcement Moves Manhattan Jest—Hall Get Along With Advisory Directors.
The World.
MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1910.
OPERA TRUST IS A FACT; PLANS A CUT IN SONGBIRDS' PAY
Henry Russell of Boston Company Made Advisory Associate of Galli-Curazza Here, Directors Say.
STARS THAT SING HERE TO APPEAR IN THE HUB TOO.
THE EVENING MAIL
MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1910.
OPERA TRUST TO CUT PAY OF BIG SINGERS
Houses in Three Cities Hope to Put Stop to Increasing Demands of Artists.
EVENING JOURNAL.
GRAND OPERA TRUST FOR THREE CITIES

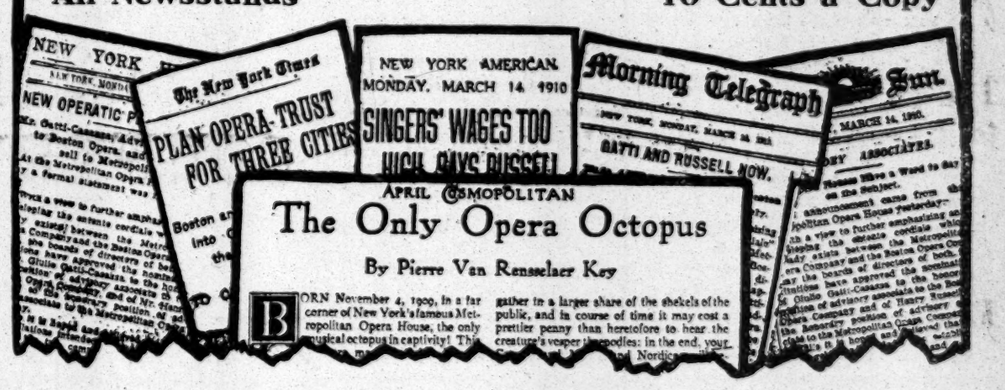
The daily newspapers have just announced the birth of the Opera Trust—and **tell only half the story.**

Cosmopolitan Magazine for April, which has been on sale for some time, tells the **whole story** of this Trust, organized to control the nation's music, just as the Standard Oil Company controls oil or the Beef Trust controls meat.

Cosmopolitan Magazine makes a habit of getting in first with big features of important news interest—and it always tells the **whole story.**

If you want to know all about the Opera Trust, read

"THE ONLY OPERA OCTOPUS"
in the APRIL
COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE
All Newsstands **10 Cents a Copy**



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Gymnasium Suits

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Flannel Waists *Shirt Waists* *Guimpe Waists*
Silk and Mohair Skirts

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Dress Hats *Paris Shapes* *Straws* *Turbans* *Toques*
Veilings *Feather Boas*

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Muslin Underwear *French Underwear* *Night Robes* *Pajamas*
Lingerie *Corsets* *Hose Supporters*
Shoes *Oxfords* *Pumps* *Slippers*
Hosiery *Silk Hose* *Lisle and Cotton Hose*
Kid Gloves *Suede Gloves* *Chamois Gloves* *Long and Short Gloves*
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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1910.

LABOR'S HARMFUL FRIENDS.

What would be Gov. FORT's position if he should be asked to arbitrate a labor dispute within his jurisdiction? He would discover that his public utterances had disqualified him to act impartially, through having prejudged the merits of labor's differences with capital. His case will be useful if it should act as a caution to others in public places not thus to prejudice their usefulness. It is to be regretted, for another example, that the President of this borough has expressed himself so sympathetically toward the Philadelphia dispute that he could hardly act judicially upon the merits of any differences between labor and capital in this neighborhood. He is entitled to his personal preferences, for either personal or political reasons, but as an official he should be more cautious if he wishes really to serve his clients.

Gov. FORT has done more than disqualified himself as a fair-minded official. He has disqualified himself as an economist. For example, he says:

> In all cases, or at least in a majority of them, you will discover that labor has been unfairly and unjustly treated. He reads in the newspapers that the corporation he works for has increased its capital stock $200,000,000. But he does not hear that his twelve-dollar salary has been increased.

As a citizen an employé may have views regarding capitalization, but why should his wages be more when the capital fund is larger, unless they should be smaller when it is smaller, and he thus be under obligation to work for nothing, perhaps, if his employer is poor, or perhaps to contribute to his employer's support if he is bankrupt? The plain reason is that wages are dependent upon the labor market, and not upon the money market. The capitalist is in relations with both markets, but the wage earner with only one. If he wants more wages he may earn more, if not from one employer then from another. That is his right and duty as an honest worker. To exact more than he is worth because his employer is supposed to be rich may not be justified by the facts.

But why should an employé grudge the enlargement of an undertaking's capital? If it is real capital it is entered in the concern's books as a liability, something which eventually must be repaid, and meanwhile must be set to work as much as any employé. Dollars can no more be allowed to remain idle than wage earners, and capital can only be employed in setting men to work. Cases have been known in which corporations have borrowed money to disburse as wages, and have been bankrupted by doing so. Possibly the increase of capital may not be followed by an increase of wages, but it is altogether likely to be followed by the employment of more workers, or by continuance of employment of workers who otherwise might be discharged. In either case how is labor as a class prejudiced?

Gov. FORT is all for arbitration, the third arbitrator to be named by the Governor. If he named the umpire he could enforce the award, for capital is responsible. How would it be if the award were against labor? How is labor to be brought into court? Unions are not employed as such, and could not be, even if they were incorporated. If a judgment of enforced labor were to be given to a Sheriff for execution against an individual, how would the result differ from slavery? Is the Governor sure that his sympathetic words are really such as his beneficiaries desire? Has he informed himself upon the theories or practice of labor leaders toward arbitration? The right of free labor is as jealously regarded by labor spokesmen as the right of free speech. And in this capital agrees with labor, only reserving that rights of any sort should be adjudicated by the courts. The trouble is that the principals in a struggle, and partisan interveners, think more of rights than duties. Labor organizations altogether deny the right of every man to work for the wages acceptable to him, and they consistently oppose the full enforcement of wage earners' duty to earn the wages imposed by collective bargaining.

WELCOMES GEN. LEE'S STATUE.

How much broader the spirit manifested by President W. C. BROWN of the New York Central Railroad and his fellow-members of the Iowa Society of New York than that cropping out in some other quarters regarding the putting of Gen. R. E. LEE's statue in Statuary Hall, Washington. The opposition to Gen. LEE's statue there has been just important enough to show a narrow spirit among some at the North at a time when Southerners have repeatedly and magnanimously gone out of their way to pay tributes to LINCOLN and GRANT.

However, it has been gratifying to see that wherever else Virginia's choice, made well within her rights under the Federal statute, has displeased, it has not generally been among the men who actually wore the Blue. It was for these, and particularly for the 78,000 Iowans who faced Gen. LEE on the battlefield, that President BROWN said at the Iowa Society reunion he spoke. Turning to Judge HUNDLEY of Alabama, who sat near him, he said:

> For those 78,000 soldiers, living and dead, I would say that not one would oppose putting Gen. LEE's statue in Statuary Hall.

Responding, Judge HUNDLEY met the extended hand of good-fellowship and fraternity more than half way:

> I am the son of a Confederate soldier, and from my boyhood have been taught to observe the birthday of ABRAHAM LINCOLN and regard him as the truest friend the South ever had.

If the reunited country means more than an empty phrase, it found dramatic expression in this interchange of feeling between representative men of the two sections. It was a severe rebuff to the bloody shirt spirit.

COURT HOUSE PLANS.

The opposition to the plan of building the new County Court House in City Hall Park is formidable and is growing. The proposed Reade Street site, however, which is part of a plan which includes a broad open approach from Chambers Street, and the utilization in the future of the two entire blocks bounded by Chambers Street, Broadway, Duane, Elm, and Centre Streets, for court and civic purposes, also has its opponents. It is condemned by some as too expensive. As a matter of fact it would be less costly than the destruction of park land, while the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, which favors this site, proposes a beginning, which will serve to house the courts comfortably, at comparatively small expense. No other plan so strongly appeals to the public imagination as this. No other gives promise of so great architectural beauty.

We have received several letters favoring the building of the Court House on land back of the new municipal building, east of Centre Street and west of Park Row. The Board of Estimate rejected a plan to build on the site nearly five years ago. Its cost then would have been $4,500,000; several small streets would be obliterated, but they would not be missed. The cost of the site on Reade Street, on which the architects' committee proposes to begin work, will be only $3,000,000.

Other plans are in the air. One proposes Battery Park as a site for the Court House, the building or buildings to extend from the Aquarium around to the ferry, with a broad esplanade and water gate on the bay side. A white marble palace of justice at the gate of the city seems attractive, but the site north of City Hall Park would be much better.

The opposition to building in the park is the main thing to be considered now. Mr. J. STEWART BARNEY stands by his plan to build a tall Court House immediately, on the site of the present building, occupying no more land, but containing many stories. His plan contemplates also a building at the northeast corner of Broadway and Chambers Street for the City Courts, in the future, with a broad, open plaza between that and the Hall of Records and a new street opening north of it from Reade to Pearl. The Bar Association has been considering this plan. It would at least leave the park no more incumbered than it is now, and could be taken up without delay. The old brownstone building of the City Courts would disappear from the park in course of time, and so, we trust, would the Post Office. But the idea of getting all buildings except the historic City Hall out of the park deserves the most serious consideration.

OUR TRADE IN MANCHURIA.

Incredulity as to the past volume of our trade in Manchuria has found such firm lodgment in the mind of our neighbor The Evening Post that it thus far resists our kindly efforts to remove it. We think it will yield, however, to continued applications of information. Our statement that "to Manchuria alone we used to send $10,000,000 worth of cotton goods every year" was questioned by The Post, on the ground that "our entire export trade to the entire Chinese Empire averaged less than $13,000,000 a year for the ten years preceding the Russo-Japanese war." It was not sufficient, it seems, for us to show that in 1902 our exports of cotton goods "to the Chinese Empire" for the year 1902 were $14,000,000, for the year 1903 nearly $13,000,000, for 1904 $4,000,000, for 1905 $27,000,000, and for 1906 $29,000,000. The Post returns with the query: "Now, does THE TIMES really think it is answering the criticism when it points out that in two years before the war, the years 1902-3, our exports of uncolored cotton goods to the entire Chinese Empire were $14,399,341, and $12,822,934, respectively," with emphasis on the word "entire," which The Post puts in italics. The Post thinks that the statement that we used to send to Manchuria $10,000,000 worth of goods every year "might have found, if correct, some better support than the fact that we sent to the Chinese Empire a trifle more than this on two specially chosen years."

The years were not "specially" chosen. We took the official reports as they appeared from 1902 to 1906; our statement contained no limitation to years "before the war," that way of reckoning being imported into the discussion by The Post itself. But we have to inform The Post that the relative consumption of American cotton goods in Manchuria and in the rest of the Chinese Empire is not a matter of the proportion of population. Many years ago the British manufacturers of piece goods took so firm a hold of the general Chinese market that our manufacturers had great difficulty in getting a footing there. The English with their clayed goods could undersell us, and they always insisted that we would have to weigh our goods with clay sizing if we wanted to compete with them in China. But our export trade in cottons did make headway in Manchuria. Special Agent W. A. GRAHAM CLARK was sent to North China and Manchuria in 1906 to inquire into the condition of our trade there, and in his report he said:

> Manchuria is a very important market for American flour, oil, tobacco, &c., and especially for American piece goods. It is the only section of China in which American piece goods practically monopolize the market. * * * The trade of Manchuria is of more importance to the United States than to any other nation, with the possible exception of Japan.

Consul General HENRY B. MILLER, writing from Niu-Chwang in July, 1904, said:

> It will be seen that North China, including Manchuria, is really a great market for cotton goods, especially for the class of cotton goods produced in the United States. It is therefore of the utmost importance that the cotton goods manufacurers of the United States should give this district special attention.

Manchuria, not the rest of the Chinese Empire, took nearly all our cotton goods exports in the years when they rose to a considerable volume. For it was there, according to the advices of our Consular representatives, that we had "a great market for cotton goods," practically monopolizing the market for that class of goods. Our estimate of $10,000,000 a year was doubtless an understatement.

The Evening Post having failed to get any definite information about discriminations against our goods in Manchuria, we supplied it with a few instances in our issue of Sunday. Here is another. We quote from Special Agent GRAHAM CLARK'S report, made in December, 1906:

> Niu-Chwang is the great gateway of Manchuria, the port through which American goods enter. Dalny is the port through which Japanese goods enter. * * * As showing the freight discrimination, the distance from Niu-Chwang to Mukden is 115 miles, and yet the freight per car is more than from Dalny to Mukden, which is 246.82 miles, according to the railway time tables, or more than twice as far.

The carrier over both routes is the South Manchurian Railway, owned and operated by Japan.

REMOVING THE PERSONAL TAX.

At last there is a bill to remove one tax. It is the goal toward which the start was made by Mayor HEWITT in 1888, when he sought to have the option given to the city of the manner in which it should raise the tax payments due to the State, thus receiving the power to abolish personal taxes. Now another Democratic Mayor repeats the suggestion, after an interval in which the Republicans have neglected a great opportunity. The situation is now more favorable, for the State's requirements are now well supplied by taxes upon corporations, and transfers of shares, and mortgages, and other like sources. The personal tax therefore is not now a necessity.

The proposal, as shown by its history, is not partisan. It rests strictly and altogether upon its merits, and they are well presented by the President of this city's Department of Taxes, Mr. LAWSON PURDY. He pleads for the abolition of this "grotesque" tax, and enforces his argument with instances which would be amusing if it were not for the real hardships involved in a law which is so far from falling alike upon the just and the unjust that only by accident does it fall upon any but the good and the ignorant. The rich and the worldly wise escape the burden sought to be placed upon them.

This is fact, not theory. It might be well to tax all property equally if it could be done, but, long experience having shown that it cannot be done, it is the next best thing to realize the benefits of abolishing the tax which cannot be collected equitably. And, singular as it may seem, there are real benefits to be had by taxing only real estate. The Tax Reform Association recently canvassed real estate owners upon this point, and they showed appreciation of the fact that the abolition of taxation of personal property would be a gain to them. They doubt that it would increase their taxes, and believe that if it did they would be the gainers by the increased value of their real estate through the increased demand due to the abolition of the personal tax. For there is no way to make real property valuable except by using personal property in connection with it, and freedom for personal property means greater use and worth for real property. It will be interesting to observe who will defend the personal tax, and by what arguments.

ARRHENIUS DISPUTES LOWELL.

If Prof. KARL ARRHENIUS can see sand colored by various salts on the surface of Mars, there is no reason, earthly or Martian, why Prof. PERCIVAL LOWELL cannot see canals full of water flowing from the melting caps of the poles, and bordered by luxuriant vegetation. Prof. ARRHENIUS comes forward with the statement that the Martian canals are cracks on the surface of the planet.

That proves that he sees the things LOWELL calls canals. The envious astronomers of Great Britain have declared there is nothing to see. The canals, they assume, are in Prof. LOWELL'S eye. Now ARRHENIUS, who is a great man in his line, admits that he sees something like canals. He has his own specialties, but Mars is not one of them. Prof. LOWELL has never condemned the able theory of ARRHENIUS that spores of life are wafted through the outer ether from one planet to another, from one system to another. It is a beautiful theory, worthy of much expansion. Prof. LOWELL will continue to take care of Mars. If ARRHENIUS wants to play about in the heavens why does he not try to find out why those preposterous moons of Uranus travel in the wrong direction? There is a fine field for fresh astronomical investigation. We refuse to believe that Mars is cracked.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The Penalty of Carelessness.

Since the running of automobiles became the business or pleasure of many people, the surgeons have been forced—or privileged—to deal with numerous fractures of the wrist and lower arm, suffered by chauffeurs while starting their engines. These injuries are all caused in the same way, and that is by an explosion in a cylinder the piston of which has not reached quite its highest point, the result being that the motion of the crank is reversed with much force.

If the chauffeur is pulling upward at the moment when the explosion occurs he is likely to escape injury unless the crank flies back far enough to strike his wrist, while if he is pressing downward he may receive a blow on the palm of the hand which may produce a fracture of the ulna bone, either transverse or obliquely into the wrist. Dr. WILLIAM S. THOMAS, in the course of an elaborate article on the nature and treatment of these injuries contributed to The Medical Record, says that every such fracture is a badge of carelessness, since by two very simple measures of precaution they could all be prevented. The first is to have the "spark" so timed—retarded—that no explosion is likely to occur when a piston is rising, and the second is to grasp the handle of the crank with the fingers and palm only, the thumb lying on the same side of the handle as does the palm. Then if a back-fire occurs while the handle is rising it will be jerked harmlessly out of the hand, while if it takes place while the handle is descending it will slide harmlessly up the palm.

As for treatment, Dr. THOMAS says that immobilization in altero-posterior splints is usually sufficient. The fingers are to be left free and the patient instructed to move them freely, as this will hasten the return of the hand to its normal utility. Skillful massage is an aid to recovery which should not be omitted. The symptoms produced by these fractures are often so mild, however, that they are mistaken for sprains, and neglect may have serious consequences in the form of a permanently disabled wrist.

What Chicago Would Pay for Prohibition.

Chicago is to decide on April 5 whether to become "dry" or to remain "wet," and, as the city long since adjusted itself to a rather notable degree of moisture, the possibility of an alcoholic drought is causing much excitement among the citizens. The liquor interests are evidently anxious about the result of the vote, for they are spending a lot of money for big advertisements in the local papers and thus presenting the arguments and statistics which they think most likely to foil their enemies, the prohibitionists.

Naturally their appeal consists of figures showing how great is the number of workers employed in the manufacture and sale of intoxicants or indirectly dependent upon them, and of other figures telling the city's revenues from the saloons and the various ways in which the closing of those establishments would interfere with the income of real estate owners and the profits of business men. The conclusion reached from these computations is that "prohibition would upset the whole commercial fabric of Chicago," and that the city's annual loss would be at least $150,000,000.

That is doubtless important if true, and many a Chicago taxpayer and tradesman is sure to be alarmed by the losses with which he is menaced if the change is made. The facts presented in these advertisements, however, even admitting that they are facts, hardly form a complete presentation of the case. Indeed, the other side of the account, wholly ignored by the body which cautiously and modestly calls itself "the United States Manufacturers and Merchants' Association" and distributes a badge bearing the noble words "Our Country, Liberty, Independence," deserves at least equal attention.

Most people have noticed, and more now than ever before are noticing, that though the liquor business gives employment to many men, it takes it away from not a few, and that though it pays large sums toward the expenses of government, it does more than a little toward increasing that cost. Other cities have "gone dry" without suffering immediate ruin, and probably Chicago would survive the loss of its saloons for a year or two. According to such reports as we have heard they have not really added much either to the wealth or the reputation of the city, they can hardly be said to have been the chief influence in the purification of its politics, and their representatives are not exactly famous the world over for philanthropy or culture.

Sunday and Labor.

It must have been more than a little trying for some of those at the "Day of Rest Conference," held in this city Sunday, when others who were there took such pains to make it clear that they had joined the movement for reasons purely economic and social, and with little or no regard for its religious bearing, JOHN MITCHELL quite frankly said that what "labor" wanted was not particularly a Sunday free from toil; it would be about as well content, he thought, with any other day in the week, and if it got the other day it would make no special protest against Sunday work.

That, of course, is a position very distinctly objectionable to the advocates of Sunday observance, as such, since if it were generally adopted it would soon make Sunday as much a day of work and business as any of the other six days. "The Church" will have something to say to "labor" on that point, and so, indeed, may the economists and sociologists, for they, too, know that a system of "days off," equally distributed through the week, is hardly practicable in all industries, though it already works well enough in some.

The difficulty is the necessity for one day of rest out of every seven is an assumption disproved by the experience of the vast majority of mankind. That it is a good and highly desirable thing is a fact, but many peoples and nations have managed to get along without it, and not a few of them are still doing it without any measurable loss of health or prosperity.

MILLIONAIRE'S CONSCIENCE.

Why Should Successful Man Like Mr. Fels Be Troubled?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The remarkable feature to me about those whom Mr. Fels feels constrained to denominate "robber millionaires" is—admitting the correctness of the allusion in a sense—the persistence with which these men pursue their work of accumulation until—not until then—their consciences are seemingly overwhelmed by the weight of realization.

Certain it is that none of us can acquire more than competence without an appearance—to some—of injustice to others, though, after all, is not the aim a very human one?

Ambition is reckoned creditable, but what is ambition if not desire for gain of some sort? And what is gain in wordly substance on one side but loss on another?

Would a man of evident capability seemingly content to trudge along through life in a channel of mediocrity strike his fellows as quite normal? Is not the man of apparent intelligence who fails in endeavor through some deficiency of education or judgment regarded as an object of pity?

Why, therefore, must success be rewarded by the pricking conscience? How must we measure success? How must we differentiate its qualities, if by it we are depriving others of what we know they should enjoy? Is there not something in the order of creation that prompts our ambitions, even to the extent of subsistence upon what our fellows can be made to give up?

Do we not find reflection or confirmation of this in practically all animal life? Is the hungry dog unselfish in his hunger? Is the stronger beast that feeds upon the weaker troubled by qualms of conscience during the process? And yet, doubtless, were the animal possessed of a sufficient degree of understanding he would in the surfeit of his appetite experience a spiritual affliction somewhat similar to that from which Mr. Fels now suffers.

As it strikes me, honesty and a decent regard for our brothers as we progress will leave us less liable to ultimate self-reproach than if we defer the exercise of these God-given attributes until our ends have been attained. E.

New York, March 11, 1910.

TROLLEY TO PELHAM BAY.

Favors Granting the Franchise of the Union Railway Company.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Pelham Bay Park is the largest in the city, and because of its situation on the Sound enjoys unmatched advantages, yet who ever goes there? Who have seen its hills and woods and little beaches hidden between the fingers of gray rock that dip their tips into the cooling water save an exceptional wanderer or the hurrying motorist? During the Summer a few hundred visit the park which also shelters a colony of tent-dwellers, but because it has no trolley line, no poor man's automobile, it is nearly useless as a playground for a crowded city.

It is objected by your correspondent that a trolley line there will endanger the children's lives. The gentleman who penned that must have been hard put for an argument. Perhaps he prefers a never-ending rush of automobiles. Perhaps, indeed, he owns one and dislikes trolley tracks. Granted that a trolley line will not enhance the beauty of the parkway, of what use is an inaccessible paradise? As far as the common people are concerned, the common people, whose property it is and who ought to be allowed to enjoy it, it is as little known and visited as an exclusive demesne, open only to those who own a car costing much in excess of the average man's yearly income. The park is the people's playground—let them in—give them a chance to see it, to breathe its fresh breezes and walk along its quiet paths. Give them a trolley line so that they won't have to spend 40 cents and half a day in traveling to their best park.

The Board of Estimate and Apportionment will hold a public hearing on March 18, 1910, at 10 A. M. at the City Hall on the petition of the Union Railway Company for the franchise.

Every man, woman, and child is concerned, and all are in favor of granting the franchise excepting perhaps a few who are afraid that a trolley line will endanger their lives. A personal appeal or a letter will have much influence with the board. FRANK P. SCHIAVONE.

New York, March 12, 1910.

ROOM FOR AMERICAN ART.

Much Creditable Work Must Be Exhibited at Artists' Expense.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It occurs to me, upon reading of the opening of the new wing of our splendid Metropolitan Museum of Art, how sorry a spectacle our not less worthy and surely more significant Academy of Design is making because it has not a proper sized gallery. More than a hundred New York artists, whose pictures were accepted by the Academy Jury of Selection, but not exhibited owing to lack of space, are now, at their own expense, forced to show their creditable work elsewhere.

Is not our own living art of more vital importance and meaning to us than the housing of art objects and paintings, no matter how fine?

At least, is it right for American art to have so scanty room for a Salon in our greatest city when its art museum has taken on such splendid dimensions?

How little pride New Yorkers take in their own art expression! It is high time they woke up to its merits long since recognized abroad.

New York, March 12, 1910. J. L.

The Servants' Side.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One reads so much nowadays about the servant problem, and from the letters addressed to the press it would appear that all the trouble emanates from the servants. Surely there are two sides to every question. What of the servants' side of it? How many employers of domestic labor know good service when they see it? How many of them know, for instance, how to sit at table and be waited on? I think I am safe in saying not more than 1 per cent. My experience is that they sprawl and shout at the servants in a tone and manner that well-bred people would not use to a dog.

The class of people, (in New York, at least) who can afford to employ servants have themselves no knowledge as to the proper method of performing domestic duties, and the so-called housekeepers employed in some of the larger establishments know even less, and keep the houses in their charge in a continual uproar.

There is an English proverb which says, "Good masters make good servants." In those few words, I think, lies the pith of the whole question. ALBERT CHOLMONDELEY.

New York, March 12, 1910.

Attack on Assemblyman Oliver.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am sure that the new movement of the New (masculine) Women has lost, not gained, by its attack upon Mr. Oliver, and that if they would only continue to make such blunders for a little time longer they themselves would realize that a good woman's proper sphere is the home and its environments, and not the glittering and evanescent bauble of cheap political notoriety.

WILLIAM F. CONNELL.

New York, March 11, 1910.

Women to be Taken Seriously.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Doubtless you are right in your statement that Miss Mercy and her sister suffragists must not look for chivalrous treatment if they wish to join men on equal terms in the affairs of government. But, chivalry aside, is it too much to ask that women should be taken seriously when they approach men in a serious spirit, and that they should be treated as sane human beings and not as puppets? J. G. W.

Albany, March 12, 1910.

ROCKEFELLER FUND.

Would Invest the Income in Hospitals, Dwellings, Good Roads, and Farms.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Various persons of various minds and all of good intent are seeing fit these days to question the value of Mr. Rockefeller's proposed establishment of a vast fund for the benefit of all the people. It is well sometimes to look a gift horse in the mouth, and let us look at this one with an eye to what it is.

Beginning with the amount of the fund, let us say on the popular estimate of his total wealth that it will be $500,000,000. It might be more without driving the donor to the poorhouse, but let it go at that. This sum, invested as Mr. R.'s investments usually do, will bring not less than 5 per cent. Call it 5 and we have an annual income of $25,000,000. There are in this country right now 1,000 small cities each of which will donate a site and pledge itself to properly conduct a public hospital. For $25,000 a suitable hospital, fully equipped, could be erected and turned over to the town ready for occupancy. It might not be the grandest hospital in the world, but it is 25,000 times better than most of them have. Into these then one year's income could go with benefit to all and the ordinary charity to none. It is merely supplying working capital and the taxpayers of the towns do the rest. Another year another 1,000 towns will come to the front, and in five years there will be 5,000 public hospitals scattered broadcast doing service to the sick and putting them in condition to work and prosper, for health is our most valuable asset.

With this done let us turn to looking after those who do not need the immediate service of hospitals. What they need is better homes to live in and raise their families in. Twenty-five million dollars a year spent in building suitable, sanitary, cheerful homes for working people would amount to $250,000,000 in ten years and uplift millions of men, women, and children who now live worse than cattle in barns. And this is not charity at all, for these homes would be rented reasonably, yet at such a rate that, say, 2 per cent. might be netted from the investment. Two per cent. of $250,000,000 is $5,000,000, and there we have an annual income of $5,000,000 to expend in training schools for boys and girls, parks, playgrounds, libraries, and along other lines of human progress. The only persons to suffer by this would be those who now get their incomes from the miserable homes for which they exact the highest rent a tenant can possibly pay, and they deserve to suffer. If they want to save anything from the wreck of their offending they will have to erect better houses than the Rockefeller class and charge a higher rent to those who can afford it. Here would be worked such a transformation that we can only realize it by seeing it.

With the sick looked after and the well provided with homes and everybody paying according to his means, what next? Good roads. There is not a county in the United States, outside of city counties, in which there is not room for more good roads, and in most of them there is much more room than there are roads decent to travel over all the year around. Nor is there a county which would not pay half the bill for better roads if somebody put up the other half. Let us say 1,000 counties put up $25,000 each to get the other half from the Rockefeller Fund, and we have $50,000,000 a year spent in a way which means more to material advancement than any other one thing we need in this new country. In twenty years $1,000,000,000 could be spent every cent of which would add ten to the value of land and other property, to say nothing of the comfort of the millions who go about on the roads of this country. In this calculation nothing is taken into account of the work that would have to be done by those whose living is their work.

Then when the roads were in traveling condition what about the farms they reach? Millions of acres of farm land in this country are not producing one-tenth what they should produce and would produce if they were properly cultivated. Twenty-five million dollars put into local agricultural schools and experimental farms could be repeated for a second year, and we would have opportunities for the farmer which at present are absolutely impossible to him and will remain so for 100 years unless somebody supplies the working capital for education.

And so on and so on and never a cent for the vicious charity so many seem to fear will result from this vast sum of money set aside for the betterment of the people. It is not fair to call this Foundation a charity until it proves itself to be such and gets into the rut of other charities. It is to be working capital which the people will get in such shape that they can handle it to their best advantage, and they will so handle it if ever the time comes when the money is available. In the meantime let us see what we shall see.

New York, March 12, 1910. W. J. L.

STEADFAST AND GRAY.

* * * A sober coloring from an eye
That hath kept watch o'er man's mortality.
—Wordsworth's Ode.

I am old with the age of earth-born years;
I am wise with the wisdom of earth-born tears;
I sheltered man in the dawn-fresh days
When he walked in the Orient Garden ways;
I knitted the shadows for his noon rest;
I nurtured the violets his love-hours pressed,
I, the Oak, who am now so old.

It was I who descried, a thread in the vast,
The sky-flung Sword that came thundering past
The affrighted worlds, till it leapt, oursekeen,
To its God-hewn place the Gates between,
And barred the Orient Garden ways!
Alone, alert, I watched the Red Wrath
Beat through the heavens its quivering path,
But now I am old and the Sword is cold,
And the Orient Gates are fallen to mold!

It was I who offered man refuge first,
When he stumbled, sin-blinded, broken, accurst,
In the thorn-rent wilds—I welcomed him
To my closest shade, dreaming, healing, dim—
My shade, where his earliest prayers were said,
Where his mantling pleasures were lightly sped—
My shade, where his tears unavailing were shed.
How his sad eyes glowed when he found me the same,
Unawed by his sin, unafraid of his shame!
He slept out his heart-break beneath my shade,
With my velvet seed-cups his first child played,
At his erring feet I poured my youth,
I, the Oak, who am now so old.

I looked on man's toil when the stars were new,
When between the corn rows the sunflowers grew,
In the fields of the unremembering moon;
All my life long I have shared his sorrows,
His sold Yesterdays, his mortgaged Tomorrows;
The purest reaches of his spirit I know,
And the sunken by-ways his passions go;
Ever between him and storms that lower
I have fronted my crest, I have garnered my power;
Flesh of my flesh have I yielded him,
When beyond the virgin ocean's rim
His world-winged thoughts have hounded him!
His home, his comfort, his commerce, his rest—
I dole them out of my planteous breast;
Who serves him as I, who guards him as I,
Stalwart enguards from the compassing sky,
I, the Oak, who am old, old, old!

I am old with the age of earth-born years;
I am wise with the wisdom of earth-born tears;
Steadfast and gray is the courage I glean
From the mortal clamor and battle and sheen;
Cypress twines gently the visions that trail
Through my short, tired sleep, fitful and frail,
And o'er darkened waters lost winds seem to wail;
I stand erect, for I know my worth,
Breathing in heaven, rooted in earth,
Gray—gray and steadfast, I temper my will,
Patient, thoughtful, acquiescent, still—
I am the Oak, and my youth is cold,
And the Orient Gates are fallen to mold!

H. REA WOODMAN.

PASTOR TO DIRECT FIGHT ON SOCIALISM

The Rev. J. W. Hill of Metropolitan Temple to Organize a National Campaign Against It.

CALLS DOCTRINES ANARCHY

Says American Institutions Could Not Tolerate Its Principles, Which He Terms Atheistic.

For several weeks the Rev. J. Wesley Hill has been flaying the Socialists before his congregations at the Metropolitan Temple, at Fourteenth Street and Seventh Avenue, and now his flock have come to the conclusion that the flaying ought to be extended from a civic to a National basis. As a consequence they have passed a resolution authorizing their spiritual leader to call a National Anti-Socialistic Convention.

The Rev. Mr. Hill says he is glad they did this, and that henceforth the work will engage his whole attention. He hopes to bring together in his proposed convention representatives of universities, seminaries, Sunday schools, trades unions, organized religion, and sociologists.

The Metropolitan Temple, into which the Rev. Mr. Hill hopes to shepherd the anti-Socialistically inclined, is given over to the work of the Methodist Social Union. The services are not especially religious, but are meant to be topical, and larger gatherings occur there on week days than on Sundays, the evenings for children and the open forum for young men being the chief institutional enterprises.

Sitting in his study yesterday the chief worker of the Temple discussed the considerations that move him to devote his next few years to leading a vigorous assault upon Socialism.

"We are going after Socialism, and are going after it aggressively. There are some very foolish ministers of the Gospel in this country; they have the hardihood to speak of 'Christian Socialism,' and some of them even have adopted it as such. I want them to know—and they must learn it—that Socialism attacks the very fundamental principles of Christian religion. As well talk of Christian free love, or Christian atheism, as of Christian Socialism. Rather class Socialism where it of right belongs—with Anarchism, with Mormonism, and with atheism."

It was suggested to the prime mover in the proposed crusade that some folks were having rather a considerable problem of fixing upon an exact definition of Socialism, and consequently of the tenets that may be called characteristic.

What Socialism Really Is.

"I'll tell you exactly what it is," he answered. "It is an irreconcilable enemy of the existing civic and social order. Its programme is confiscation—that is, the municipalization or nationalization of all capital. It wants to break abruptly with history. It denies the fundamental truths of evolution. It sees in revolution its chief, and, in fact, its only practicable weapon. I don't want to lead a pussy-footed attack on such an institution, for its very spirit is misanthropic and pessimistic. It goes to the poor and unfortunate, the unadapted and discontented, and strives to make them still more discontented than they are.

"The Socialistic movement is permeated with discontent and class hatred. The leaders present a disheartening picture of life to the toiler, striving to poison his mind against the employer by picturing him as a vampire feeding upon the life blood of his helpless victims. As it is there are Socialist Sunday schools being organized where the spirit of revolution is instilled into the minds of children. In this movement there is a subtle attack on our public schools.

"And then take the propaganda fundamentally. It wants to place a sort of paternalism above the heads of all men, making them subservient to it. As if man wasn't here before his institutions, he creating them, and not they creating him. They overlook this fundamental fact of God's law of creation, and they attack the primary element of progress—the preservation of individual initiative.

"And the Christian ministers may well be aroused at this time, for Socialism is preaching everywhere that the churches are paid servants of capitalism. In fact, the destruction of the churches is one of the prime objects of Socialism.

"The hope of the proposed conference is that it shall be able to unfurl a danger signal against fostering this propaganda, saturated as it is in the philosophy of confiscation. We shall organize branches in every State and shall centre our work at first in an extensive press and publicity bureau."

No Socialism for America.

The Rev. Mr. Hill's attention was called to the fact that in Europe Samuel Gompers was styled a "Socialist" during his visit there last Summer, while here he is known as a "trade unionist," which force it is proposed to invite into this initial anti-Socialistic conference.

"And the reason for that is very clear," he suggested. "Socialism is not indegenous to the soil or America. It was not born to fight out institutions, but those in dark, tyrannical countries, where the freedom of man can be attained in no other way. On our city's east side, for instance, the immigrants are often recruited from Russia, where to be a Socialist means to oppose the tyrannical Czar. An American Socialist, meeting those new immigrants, comes well indorsed; he finds it easy to weave about them his subtle web of just such opposition to our democratic government and our flag as the crusader with the same name but a different purpose was able to weave about them in their native land."

The official call for the anti-Socialistic conference is being prepared by a committee of the Metropolitan Temple congregation, and they expect to have it ready this week. When asked if the Civic Federation, whose Secretary is known to be campaigning somewhat vigorously against Socialism, was connected with the movement, the Rev. Mr. Hill said that the federation would not be formally identified with it.

TO FIGHT STUDENTS' APPEAL.

Committee to Defend Synod's Ban on Those Called Unorthodox.

It was announced yesterday that a special committee had been appointed to defend the ruling of the New York Presbyterian Synod in the admission as preachers of the three students from the Union Theological Seminary, Archibald Black, John S. Steen, and George A. Fitch, from which an appeal has been taken to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, which will meet in Atlantic City May 30. The committee is composed of the Rev. David F. Bonner of Binghamton, N. Y.; the Rev. Dr. E. D. Bailey, pastor of the Prospect Heights Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, and Dr. Jesse F. Forbes.

When the three students appeared before the Presbytery last Spring opposition was made to their admission on the ground that their views were not orthodox. They were admitted, however, and Dr. John Fox, Secretary of the American Bible Society, and others took an appeal to the Synod, which upheld the Presbytery. Then appeal was taken to the General Assembly. The committee will defend the action of the Synod when the matter comes up in the higher body.

More than 1,000 invitations were issued to the Elders, Deacons, and Trustees of Presbyterian churches to attend the semi-annual devotional services of the New York Presbytery in the Central Church, 212 West Fifty-seventh Street, last night. Dr. Robert Mackenzie, who withdrew from the Presbytery to take up church work in San Francisco, has become Secretary of the College Board at 156 Fifth Avenue, and he withdrew his resignation.

"SISTER BEATRICE" AT THE NEW THEATRE

Maeterlinck's Exquisite Miracle Play Beautifully Produced.

MISS MATTHISON AS NUN

Preceded by Part of the Fourth Act of Ibsen's "Brand," Which Is in No Sense Impressive.

SISTER BEATRICE. A Play in Three Acts. By Maurice Maeterlinck. The New Theatre.

Sister Beatrice	Edith Wynne Matthison
Prince Bellidor	Pedro de Cordoba
An Attendant	Alfred Cross
A Page	Russell Ried
Allette	Christine Joos
An Old Man	Reginald Barlow
A Cripple	Cecil Yapp
A Poor Woman	Eva Benton
A Mother	Caroline Newcombe
A Blind Man	John Keats
A Poor Man	Robert Vivian
A Child	John Tansey
The Abbess	Mrs. Harriet Otis Dellenbaugh
Sister Clemency	Elsie Kearns
Sister Regina	Julia Blanc
Sister Felicity	Margaret Fareleigh
Sister Gisela	Vida Sutton
Sister Eglantine	Olive Wyndham
Sister Balbina	Harriet Brent
The Priest	Ben Johnson
Pilgrims	Messrs. Hannam-Clark, Locke, and Johns

BRAND, ACT IV. By Henrik Ibsen.

Brand	Lee Baker
Agnes	Annie Russell
Major	Robert Homans
Gypsy Girl	Thais Lawton

It is not surprising that in seeing such a work as "Sister Beatrice" upon the stage one is impressed more than ever with the actual futility of the merely literary, so far as the theatre is concerned. "Sister Beatrice," as it was acted at The New Theatre last night, was impressive, and held an audience in a fair degree of rapt attention, not because of its literary quality, but in spite of it. Its language is beautiful, its imagery exalted, and as poetry it has undoubtedly a lasting place. But these qualities alone, important as they must be in a final estimate of the author's position in the world of letters, meant comparatively little to the audience last night, as, indeed, they must mean little to almost any general audience.

And why should this not be so? There have been few men who have felt more keenly, revealed more clearly, conveyed more poignantly and powerfully the secret things that lie beyond the reach of words than Maeterlinck, the poet of "expressive silences," and though "Sister Beatrice," in form and manner and in general movement, is perhaps nearer the outward and active theatre as we generally understand it than many of his works, it, too, might be acted by marionettes, might convey its story and its lesson in the pantomimic form which makes all clear without resort to illuminating speech. And here, perhaps, is one of the best features of the performance of it at The New Theatre—that, whether by accident or design, the story is unfolded for the most part simply. There is not too much effort at histrionic exposition. The play is allowed to run its course easily and pictorially, as, indeed, it must, without undue emphasis by this or that performer.

Naturally enough, of course, Sister Beatrice herself, beautifully realized as was the character last night by Miss Edith Wynne Matthison, must centralize the interest, but to sensitive souls the miracle itself is the dominating factor, expresses the poetic thought, and vitalizes the purpose of the whole. And here again one realizes that apart from its purely pictorial features, the appeal must depend largely upon the mood and the receptivity of the auditor. The play is in fact the dramatization of a mood, of a thought, a belief in a spiritual purgation produced through suffering and devotion.

And how is one to feel it unless one is sensitive to such a mood, susceptible of grasping the intent and appropriating the effect? Again, to appreciate its meaning—not fully (for how many persons can sound the depth of Maeterlinckian mysticism) but to a reasonable extent—preparation is necessary in a measure.

After Sister Beatrice has fled the convent, the bellrope moves up and down, the great bell tolls, her task is performed, though she herself is absent. But how many people in a miscellaneous theatre crowd can get the meaning of such a thing, unless they have previously fortified themselves by reading?

Here is an instance of the difficulty in dealing with the Maeterlinckian formula on a stage like ours. The wonder is not that it is so, but that in the face of these conditions such a work as "Sister Beatrice" should still come through so beautifully designed and so impressively delivered.

And, indeed, after the first half of the first act, with a sort of vagueness no doubt to many people which even Miss Matthison's clear reading of the text could not entirely dispel, the play gathers strength and power, and in the moment of the miracle of the flowers, at least, and in the exquisitely beautiful moments in which Sister Beatrice first hears the tale of the strange happenings in the convent an amazing power of emotional exaltation. In such moments as these it reaches out and into the deeper spiritual consciousness.

On the pictorial side and in the aid which comes from appropriate music the play has been beautifully handled. The one picture, the corridor with the great door of the convent, which when opened looks out upon a reach of landscape and starry sky, is very beautiful. And the processions of the nuns and their excitement amid the strange illumination and shower of flowers at the moment of the miracle are impressively affecting.

The Maeterlinck play was preceded by a fragment of the fourth act of Ibsen's "Brand"—not the entire act, as has been generally promised. However, for this relief much thanks, for with every respect for what Ibsen stands for, as a value of his poetry and philosophy of life, and the importance of this work itself, it is an impossibility in the theatre, and even a part of it, in spite of the earnest efforts of the players, proved to be next to impossible last night. Or if not exactly that, it was, at any rate, well nigh unbearable.

"Salome" and "Faust" Repeated.

"Salome" received its third performance this season last evening at the Metropolitan Opera House. In the cast were Miss Garden, Mme. Doria, and Messrs. Dalmorès and Dufranne. Mr. de la Fuente conducted. The audience was a large one.

"Faust" was the bill at the Metropolitan, sung by Miss Farrar, Mlle. Maubourg, and Messrs. Jadlowker, Gilly, and Didur. Mr. Podesti conducted.

Russian Dancers at Benefit To-night.

The performance of "Aïda" to be given at the Metropolitan Opera House to-night for the benefit of the Legal Aid Society will begin at 7:45 instead of 8, as the Russian dancers, Pavlowa and Mordkin, are to appear after the opera. They will do a group of Oriental dances to an adagio by Giraud, and variations by Ahrens and Rubinstein, and the "Bacchanale" from Glazunow's ballet, "The Seasons."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Turning Point" will remain at the Hackett Theatre for another week after this, the first appearance there of John Mason in "A Son of the People" having been postponed until March 28.

The Shuberts announced yesterday that Mme. Alla Nazimova would open Nazimova's Thirty-ninth Street Theatre with a performance of Ibsen's "Little Eyolf," the first of the repertoire of five plays she is to present in New York this Spring.

At the Brooklyn Orpheum Theatre Gertrude Hoffmann in her revieu, Violet Black and company, Trovollo, the Cadets de Gascogne, Melrose and Kennedy, Fred Ruprez, and others constituted the programme.

Rehearsal of Winchell Smith's new comedy, "Bobby Burnit," began yesterday at the Hudson Theatre. Wallace Eddinger will be featured in the piece, which will open in Atlantic City on April 4.

The curtain will rise at 1:30 to-day at the Lyceum Theatre benefit in behalf of the Art Workers' Club of America, when William Chase will make a short introductory speech. Among the features of the entertainment will be Billie Burke and company in a new Sutro play, and a new play by Sydney Grundy, with Cyril Scott and Isabel Irving in the cast.

Robert W. Brennan, who hails from Denver, Col., and says he is the champion bronco buster of the world, arrived yesterday with a troupe of forty Sioux Indians, fifteen cowboys, and twenty head of bucking broncos. He is taking the outfit, which gives an exhibition of bronco busting, Indian fights, stage holdups, and other incidents of old-time Western life, to join Carl Hagenbeck's show at Hamburg, Germany. They will sail on the President Grant on March 19.

SOCIAL NOTES.

"Aïda" will be sung with Caruso and a full cast this evening at the Metropolitan Opera House for the benefit of the Legal Aid Society. President and Mrs. Taft are among those who have accepted invitations to be present, and Mrs. Henry W. Taft is Chairman of the committee in charge of the performance.

Miss Billie Burke will give a benefit in behalf of the Art Workers' Club at 1:30 this afternoon in the Lyceum Theatre. Miss Burke will be assisted by Hilda Spong, Fred Kerr, and others. Among the patronesses are Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mrs. Joseph S. Auerbach, Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, Mrs. N. Taylor Pyne, and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Philip Lydig entertained last evening at her residence, 38 East Fifty-second Street, with a small dinner.

There will be a meeting this evening at the home of Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, at which woman suffrage will be discussed. The meeting will be preceded by several dinners.

There was a meeting of the New York Infant Asylum sewing class yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Frederic J. de Peyster, 11 East Eighty-sixth Street.

The wedding of Miss Maria L. Moran and Edwin Chase Hoyt, which was announced in THE TIMES last Wednesday to take place on April 27 in the Church of the Incarnation, will be a small affair. The ceremony will be held at noon, and will be followed by a small reception at the residence of the bride's father, Amedee Depau Moran, 46 East Fifty-third Street.

Mrs. Judson Harmon, wife of the Governor of Ohio, and her daughter, Mrs. Edmund Wright of Columbus, are sailing for Europe to-morrow to be gone several months.

Count and Countess Karl von Holstein are stopping at the Hotel Wolcott for a few days.

There will be a recital of modern French and American songs at 8:30 o'clock this evening in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria by McCall Lanham.

Mrs. J. Ives Plumb of Islip, L. I., will sail on March 19 for an extended trip abroad.

LECTURES FOR ACTORS' FAIR.

Mrs. L. Evelyne Tronson to Tell of Ancient Hellenic Portraits.

Mrs. L. Evelyne Tronson will deliver four lectures next month at the Hotel Plaza on the ancient Hellenic portraits which were found in Egypt. The sons of the late Theodore Graf of Vienna have sent over the original portraits expressly for these lectures, which will be for the benefit of the Actors' Fund Fair. Mrs. Tronson is the daughter of Frank Hall Romaine.

The lectures will be delivered in the large ballroom on Tuesday mornings at 11 o'clock. On March 29 and April 5 the subject will be "Antique Portraits Found in Egypt," on April 12 "Classic Art in Decorations," and on April 19 "The Personal Side of Contemporary Artists."

Mrs. Tronson opened a studio last Fall at 1 East Fortieth Street. Among the patrons and patronesses of the lectures will be Mrs. Frederic Kernochan, Mrs. Francis Dugro, Frederick Townsend Martin, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Alexander, Mrs. Royal Whitman, Miss Leary, Mrs. Colt, (Miss Ethel Barrymore,) and Miss Billie Burke.

JEWELL DAY NURSERY BENEFIT.

Anna Pavlowa and Michael Mordkin Dance for Charity.

There was a large and fashionable attendance yesterday afternoon at the entertainment for the benefit of the Jewell Day Nursery, which was given in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria. The feature was the dancing of Miss Anna Pavlowa and Michael Mordkin. Besides the two Russian dancers there was singing by Miss Marianne Flahaut. Mr. Rothmeyer was the conductor and Johannes Heidenreich was at the piano.

Miss Pavlowa and Mr. Mordkin appeared first in some Oriental dances, together dancing Giraud's "Adagio," after which Mr. Mordkin danced Ahren's "Variations" and Miss Pavlowa Rubinstein's "Variations." Miss Flahaut sang Meyerbeer's aria from "Le Prophète," and later Richard Strauss's "Zueignung" and Rene's "La Fiancée." The other dances done by Miss Pavlowa and Mr. Mordkin were "Roses from the South," by Johann Strauss, and "L'Automne," by Glasounow.

Among those present were Mrs. William Osborne, Mrs. H. B. Babcock, Mrs. E. C. Potter, Mrs. Arthur Murray Dodge, Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Mrs. E. H. Gary, Mrs. J. L. Barclay, Mrs. Victor Sorchan, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. R. C. Black, Mrs. W. Church Osborn, Mrs. Benjamin Nicoll, Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, Mrs. Bradley Martin, Mrs. Nathaniel Reynal, and Mrs. Edward N. Tailer.

GRADUATES' DRAMATIC CLUB.

Dramatics have always been important in the lives of Barnard and Columbia students. Barnard produces every year a freshman, sophomore, junior, undergraduate, and a Latin play, while Columbia has its sophomore and Varsity shows. Together Barnard and Columbia have a French show and a German show.

When the men and women leave college they miss dramatics, and as a result there has just been formed a dramatic association, to which any graduate of the university and any one who left the university after completing two years' academic work is eligible.

The plans for the presentation of several one-act plays later in the Spring are complete, and rehearsals are expected to begin immediately. Miss Jessie Isabelle Cochran will give any information desired on the subject.

Miss Hurlbut's Chantecler Luncheon.

A Chantecler luncheon will be given at the Hotel Gotham to-morrow by Miss Margie Crane Hurlbut. All the courses served will in some manner suggest the characters of the play. There will be grape fruit server à la Rostand, and green turtle soup with Chantecler eggs. Capon, under the caption of the king of the barnyard, with truffles, and small frozen chicks, with pastry novelties, will also be served.

Concert for Russian Immigrants' Home

Under the auspices of Archbishop Platon of the Russian Greek Church in America, a concert will be given at the Waldorf-Astoria on April 4 for the benefit of the Home for Christian Russian Immigrants in New York. The concert is under the auspices of Baron Rosen and the Russian Embassy, who will be present. Russian artists will take part in the concert. The home, at 347 East Fourteenth Street, was established by the Czar and is under the supervision of the Russian Greek Church. Tickets may be obtained from Miss Doane, 18 West Thirty-fourth Street.

Burnham-Macbride Wedding Saturday.

The wedding of Miss Beatrice Macbride, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Alexander Macbride, to Charles Burnham of Norwich, Conn., will be held on Saturday, March 19, at the home of the bride's parents, 250 West Ninety-fourth Street. Only the families will be present at the ceremony, which will take place at noon. Bride and bridegroom will leave immediately after the wedding for Los Angeles, Cal., where they will make their home. Miss Macbride was graduated from Cornell University in 1904.

Miss McCrane to Wed W. R. Patten.

A marriage license was issued at the City Clerk's office yesterday to Miss Agnes Gertrude McCrane of the Sherman Square Hotel and Walter R. Patten, son of Thomas Patten, the founder and owner of the Patten Line and other large steamship interests. The date of the ceremony was not given.

FERGUSON—BEACH.

The marriage of Miss Donna Hamilton Beach, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph B. Beach, to John Sherlock Ferguson took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Hotel Majestic. The Rev. Hugh Birckhead of St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church officiated at the ceremony, which was followed by a reception.

Mr. Beach gave his daughter in marriage. The latter was attended by her sister, Mrs. Arthur Doan Cox of Boston, and James Du Bose Ferguson was his brother's best man. The ushers were Earl Alexander, Charles R. Levey, J. McLean Warlton, and Charles R. Knapp. Mr. Ferguson is a son of Thomas Ferguson, who was at one time United States Minister to Sweden. Bride and bridegroom left yesterday on their honeymoon, which they will spend in the South.

PAYNE—HUMPHREYS.

The engagement is announced of Miss Clara Beatrice Payne, daughter of Mrs. Martin Darrow of Philadelphia, to Frederic P. Humphreys, son of Dr. Frederic Humphreys of New York City. Mr. Humphreys has an older sister, Miss Frances A. Humphreys. No date has been set for the wedding.

CARNEGIE PRAISES HEROISM OF PEACE

He Writes and Distributes Pamphlet to Show the Achievements of Moral Courage.

REIGN OF LAW FOR NATIONS

Arbitration, He Declares, Should Settle International Disputes—Policemen Are Truer Heroes Than Soldiers.

Andrew Carnegie, as President of the Peace Society for the City of New York, has just published for free distribution a 50,000 edition of a pamphlet written by himself, entitled "War as the Mother of Valor and Civilization." Here it is:

"We still hear war extolled at times as the mother of valor and the prime agency in the world's advancement. By it, we are told, civilization has spread and nations been created, slavery abolished, the American Union preserved. It is even held that without war human progress would have been impossible.

"The answer: Men were first savages who preyed upon each other like wild beasts, and so they developed a physical courage which they shared with the brutes. Moral courage was unknown. War was almost their sole occupation. Peace existed only for short periods that tribes might regain strength to resume the sacred duty of killing each other.

Peace the Rule Nowadays.

"Advance in civilization was impossible while war reigned. Only as wars became less frequent and long intervals of peace supervened, could civilization, the mother of true heroism, take root. Civilization has advanced just as war has receded, until in our day peace has become the rule and war the exception.

"Arbitration of international disputes grows more and more in favor. Successive generations of men now live and die without seeing war; and instead of the army and navy furnishing the only careers worthy of gentlemen, it is with difficulty that civilized nations can to-day obtain a sufficient supply of either officers or men.

"In the past man's only method for removing obstacles and attaining desired ends was to use brute courage. The advance of civilization has developed moral courage. We use more beneficent means than men did of old. Britain in the eighteenth century used force to prevent American independence. In more recent times she graciously grants Canada the rights denied America; and, instead of coercing the Dutch in South Africa, wins them by granting self-government.

"The United States also receives an award of the powers against China, and, finding it in excess of her expenditures, in the spirit of newer time, returns $10,000,000. Won by this act of justice, China devotes the sum to the education of Chinese students in the republic's universities. The greatest force is no longer that of brutal war, which sows the seeds of future wars, but the supreme force of gentleness and generosity—the golden rule.

Arbitration Conquers War.

"The pen is rapidly superseding the sword. Arbitration is banishing war. More than five hundred international disputes have already been peacefully settled. Civilization, not barbarism, is the mother of true heroism.

"Our lately departed poet and disciple of peace, Richard Watson Gilder, has left us the answer to the false idea that brute force employed against our fellows ranks with heroic moral courage exerted to save or serve them:

'Twas said: "When roll of drum and battle's roar
Shall cease upon the earth, O, then no more
The deed, the race, of heroes in the land."
But scarce that word was breathed when one small hand
Lifted victorious o'er a giant wrong
That had its victims crushed through ages long;
Some woman set her pale and quivering face,
Firm as a rock, against a man's disgrace;
A little child suffered in silence lest
His savage pain should wound a mother's breast;
Some quiet scholar flung his gauntlet down
And risked, in Truth's great name, the sword's frown;
A civic hero, in the calm realm of laws,
Did that which suddenly drew a world's applause;
And one to the pest his lithe young body gave
That he a thousand thousand lives might save.

"On the field of carnage men lose all human instincts in the struggle to protect themselves. The true heroism inspired by moral courage prompts firemen, policemen, sailors, miners, and others to volunteer and risk their lives to save the lives of their fellowmen. Such heroism is now of everyday occurrence.

War Now Is Unreasonable.

"In our age there is no more reason for permitting war between civilized nations than for relaxing the reign of law within nations, which compels men to submit their personal disputes to peaceful courts, and never dreams that by so doing they will be made less heroic.

"A peace league of the foremost nations should put an end to the possibility of war among themselves and compel other nations to submit their disputes to peaceful tribunals. Since war decides not which is wrong, but only which is strong, it is difficult to understand how a truly heroic or conscientious man can ever favor appeal to it, unless, after proffering peaceful arbitration, his country is attacked.

"Should ever our country have a dispute with another, the demand should come from an irresistible number of the most enlightened and heroic of our people that our Government should 'In its right hand carry gentle peace,' and offer its adversary arbitration.

"When war ceases the sense of human brotherhood will be strengthened and 'heroism' will no longer mean to kill, but only to serve or save our fellows."

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES.

Laurence Irving and Mabel Hackney began a week's engagement at the West End Theatre last night in "The Affinity," the comedy they recently gave for a run at the Comedy Theatre.

"The Third Degree" began a second week at the Grand Opera House last night, and "The Merry Widow" started its second week at the Academy of Music.

Denman Thompson and company in "Joshua Whitcomb" appeared as headliners at the Colonial Theatre yesterday, and the rest of the bill consisted of Loie Fuller's "Ballet of Light," "La Petite Revue," the Great Lester, Charles Leonard Fletcher, Bowers, Walters and Crooker, Orth and Fern, and the Cartelle brothers.

At the Alhambra Theatre the programme yesterday contained Mina Minar in "Paris by Night," "The Futurity Winner," Matthews and Ashley, Laddie Cliff, Stanley and Morris, the Gordon Highlanders, the Manla troupe, Palfrey and Barton, and Bissett and Scott.

Lionel Barrymore and McKee and Doris Rankin in "The White Slaver" appeared at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre, and the other entertainers were the Princess Rajah, Clayton White and Marie Stuart, Frank J. Conroy, Annabelle Whitford, Barry and Wolford, Jarrow, and Marzella and Wolf.

At the Plaza Music Hall the bill was headed by Nellie McCoy, and others who appeared were Fred Karno's London comedy company, the four Mortons, Clivette, Mosher, Hayes and Mosher, La Petite Mignon, Hallen and Hayes, the Azard brothers, and Buss's toy terriers.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell in her sketch "Explation" was the feature act at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre, and on the bill with her were Homer Lind and company, Raymond and Caverly, Edna Luby, the Great Howard, Winchester, La Valera, and the Kitamura Japs.

George V. Hobart's sketch "Dinkelspiel's Christmas" had first place on the Bronx Theatre bill, with Williams and Van Alstyne, Clifford and Burke, the Robert Du Mont trio, Bradlee Martin and company, Harry B. Lester, the Six American Dancers, Rayno's bulldogs, and others fill out the programme.

"The Servant in the House," played by Henry Miller's Associate Players, is the week's attraction at the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn.

At the Columbia Theatre yesterday the Bowery Burlesquers began a week's engagement, persenting a two-act musical comedy called "Too Much Isaacs." A special vaudeville bill was offered between the acts.

At the Metropolis Theatre the attraction is "The Lid Lifters"; at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall, the Columbia Burlesquers; at the Murray Hill, the Behman Show, and at the Olympic, "The Cracker Jacks."

"Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Mar. 12, averaged 16.06 cents per pound."—Adv.

'BEETHOVEN' AT NEW THEATRE

Directors to Produce Play on April 11 with a Special Company.

The New Theatre announced yesterday that Rene Fauchois's drama, "Beethoven," will be produced Monday evening, April 11, by a specially engaged company, under the direction of the Directors of The New Theatre. On the same date the regular company will start on a tour of the larger cities, presenting a repertoire of the plays produced this season. For the leading rôle in "Beethoven" Donald Robertson, a Scotch actor, who has been resident in Chicago for several years, has been engaged. He has been appearing for several seasons in classical and other dramas at the Art Institute, Chicago.

The production of "Beethoven" will be made by George Foster Platt, the producer of modern dramas, and by Elliott Schenck, the musical director of The New Theatre.

Miss Edith Taliaferro Confirmed.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 14.—Miss Edith Taliaferro, now appearing here in "Rebecca of Sunny Brook Farm," was one of a class of forty-eight confirmed at the Church of the Advent last night by Bishop Lawrence. Miss Taliaferro and the Rev. W. H. Van Allen, rector of the church, are old friends.

Ex-Judge William H. Kelly.

William H. Kelly, former Municipal District Court Judge and an associate in his active days of many Tammany politicians of note, died yesterday morning in his home at 824 St. Nicholas Avenue. Heart disease was the cause. He was 60 years old.

Judge Kelly was born in East Fifteenth Street. He was chosen Judge of the District Court in 1874 and re-elected, serving twelve years in that capacity. Both he and his father were well known for charitable work in his district. He was unmarried.

Brig. Gen. L. L. P. Bradley.

TACOMA, Wash., March 14.—Brig. Gen. L. L. P. Bradley, U. S. A., retired, died at his home here yesterday of paralysis, aged 88 years. Gen. Bradley served in the Union Army during the civil war. He was born at New Haven, Conn., and has lived in Tacoma since 1890.

Monmouth B. Wilson.

Monmouth B. Wilson, a former Commissioner of the Fire Department of New York City, and former Superintendent of the Fire Patrol, died yesterday afternoon at Hill's Sanitarium, 317 West 136th Street, after a short illness. Mr. Wilson was in his 77th year. He was born in New York City, and when 28 years old was made Captain of police stationed at the Twenty-first Precinct. In 1869 he was made Commissioner of the Fire Department, and after serving in this capacity until 1876 he was made Superintendent of the Fire Patrol. This office he held for fifteen years. Mr. Wilson then retired from the city government and engaged in the real estate business.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN F. WERNER, for twenty years a member of the Produce Exchange, Manhattan, and a well-known wholesale butcher, died on Sunday in St. Catharine's Hospital, Williamsburg, of a complication of diseases, in his fifty-eighth year. When Mr. Werner retired five years ago he was operating twenty-one stores in the Borough of Brooklyn.

WILLIAM FARRELL, one of the oldest retail coal merchants in New York, died on Sunday at his home, 65 West Ninety-sixth Street, in his eighty-third year.

Dr. MARTIN AMADOR, formerly Vice Consul for the United States in Colombia, died on Sunday in his home, 187 Park Avenue, Brooklyn, of a complication of diseases, in his fifty-fourth year. He was born and educated in Cartagena, Colombia, and was graduated from the Medical College of New York University in 1878. A widow survives him.

Mrs. MARY E. A. DIEKEMA, wife of Representative Gerritt J. Dikema of Michigan, died in Washington on Sunday after a long illness.

ROBERT THALLON, a well-known organist, died on Sunday at his home, 1,242 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, of paralysis, in his fifty-ninth year. He was born in Liverpool, England. For seven years Mr. Thallon was organist of the Central Congregational Church and later of Plymouth Church.

KATRINA MURAT, the first woman settler in Colorado and reputed to be a countess, died in Denver Sunday. She was 86 years old. With her husband, "Count" Murat, she went to Denver in 1858, necessitating by her presence a complete change in the modes of life of the border town. She was born in Baden Baden, Germany.

FREDERICK H. FOX, prominently identified with the glass industry in the United States for many years, died of pneumonia in Pittsburg yesterday, aged 53 years.

ALAN ARTHUR, a real estate dealer in New York, died Sunday at his home, 48 West Thirty-eighth Street, Bayonne, at the age of 54 years. He was born in Montreal, and for years was a real estate broker in Boston.

JOSEPH BARRETT, 70 years old, the head of the well-known Barrett family of Northern Westchester County, died Sunday in Atlantic City following a long illness. Mr. Barrett was born in Bedford, Westchester County, and at one time represented that town in the Westchester Board of Supervisors. He married the sister of Judge William H. Robertson, for many years Republican leader of Westchester County. For twenty-five years he held a position in the Treasurer's office of the New York Custom House.

Major HENRY S. HOWE, U. S. A., retired, died at his home in Washington yesterday, aged 80 years. Major Howe was a native of Massachusetts.

Capt. WILLIAM F. WARD, the first President of the United Harbor No. 1, American Association of Masters, Mates, and Pilots, died from pneumonia at his home, 221 Cornelia Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He had had charge of the lighters of the New York Central Railroad Company for twenty years. He was born in Ireland forty-six years ago. A wife, two sons, and a daughter survive him.

JOHN A. SCHILLING, a real estate dealer, and formerly an active Republican in Brooklyn politics, died at his home, 3 Montague Terrace, that borough, on Sunday. He was a veteran of the civil war, having served with the Seventy-first Regiment, New York Volunteers. He was born in New York in 1841. He leaves a widow and a sister.

Mrs. EMMA CARNLEY RICHARDSON ELLISON, the widow of Lawrence Proudfoot Ellison, died at her home, 92 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning from Bright's disease. She was born in Manhattan sixty-seven years ago. Most of her life was spent in the section of Brooklyn where she died, and it was there she was known for her church work and philanthropy. She leaves a son.

JOHN GRAHAM, a builder, died yesterday at his residence, 954 Freeman Street, the Bronx. Mr. Graham was a member of the Golden Rule Lodge, F. & A. M., Metropolitan Chapter, R. A. M., and Constantine Commandery, K. T.

EDWARD A. FEENEY, Park Commissioner of Paterson, N. J., died at St. Joseph's Hospital in that city yesterday of pneumonia. He was 42 years of age. He was appointed on the Park Board by Mayor John Johnson. He was a Democrat in politics, and was an unsuccessful candidate for Alderman and Assembly. He was a President of the Thomas Jefferson Club, also a member of the Holy Name Society of St. Agnes's Church, and the Catholic Benevolent Legion. He is survived by a widow and five children. Mayor McBride ordered the flag on the City Hall placed at half-mast in the Commissioner's honor.

HARRY TANSEY, a comedian, formerly with Joe Emmet, died Saturday at Roosevelt Hospital of pneumonia. He was 47 years old. He leaves a widow and four sons, two of whom, John and Robert, are well known as child actors. His home was at 178 West 81st Street.

IRA CHRISTIAN, 82 years old, died at his home in East Orange yesterday of the grip. He was for thirty years Secretary and Treasurer of the Stephens Transportation Company of Newark, retiring when it changed hands twelve years ago. He had made his home in Newark and this city for forty years. He was born in New York City. He is survived by a daughter and two sons.

Dr. OLIVER R. KING, a retired physician, died on Sunday of heart disease at his home, 1,003 Putnam Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. He was a graduate of Princeton College and the Columbia Medical College, and practiced medicine in this city until seventeen years ago. His second wife, who was Harriet Radford Mead, survives him.

Dr. DANIEL EDMUND BARRY died on Sunday at his home, 447 Lexington Avenue, in his sixtieth year. He was a graduate of Trinity College, Dublin, and the College of Physicians and Surgeons in this city.

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35 MIDGETS GIVE A CIRCUS.

Gymnasts, Equestrians, and Clowns Applauded at the Hippodrome.

At the Hippodrome yesterday Gerson's Lilliputian Circus was added as a part of the circus bill. These little people, thirty-five in number, gave a complete circus, with two rings and a platform, and did the usual circus "stunts" expected of full-sized performers. There were tumblers, gymnasts, clowns, equestrians, wire walkers, jugglers, sleight-of-hand performers, and singers and dancers, none of them more than three feet high. One of the smallest men was dressed in imitation of Marceline, the Hippodrome's permanent clown, and created much amusement by copying Marceline's antics.

The circus opens with a parade of tiny carriages drawn by midget ponies and driven by Lilliputian coachmen. The performers are introduced by a diminutive stage manager and the activities begin. The only normal-sized people who have part in the show are the stage hands and Marceline. One feature that received much applause was a wrestling match between two of the "strong men" of the company, into which one of the managers is drawn and thrown by the Lilliputians. Other interesting acts were the flying rings and horizontal bar performance of a small negro, a tight-wire act by two women, and a double equestrian act by a man and a woman.

MISS SYLVA OBEYS COURT.

Returns to Management of Hammerstein, Who Won Injunction Suit.

Miss Marguerite Sylva decided yesterday that she had better obey the decree of the court. As a consequence she presented herself to Mr. Hammerstein at the Manhattan Opera House and told him that she was ready to go back to work. Miss Sylva, it will be remembered, was engaged for Mr. Hammerstein's preliminary season. Soon after the beginning of the regular season she had a disagreement with her manager, which ended in a lawsuit, which Mr. Hammerstein won.

"It's all a game," said Miss Sylva last night, smiling, "and I have lost. I have decided to be a good loser."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

PITZER.—March 13, 908 Freeman St., to Mr. and Mrs. A. Pitzer, a daughter.

CONDAL.—March 11, Glastonbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. S. Conda, a daughter.

STACK.—March 12, Addison, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. John P. Stack, a daughter.

Married.

COLLINS—WEIR.—March 9, Elizabeth, N. J., Laura Weir to David Collins.

OWENS—RAITH.—March 12, Amelia A. Raith to Walter C. Owens.

TREDWELL—PARKS.—March 12, Allison L. Parks to Henry A. Tredwell.

Died.

ALTHOF.—On Monday, March 14, 1910, at 17 Vineyard Place, Passaic, N. J., Louis Althof, aged 85 years. Funeral Wednesday at 1 P. M.

ARTHUR.—At Bayonne, N. J., Sunday morning, March 13, Alan Arthur, husband of Ruby Fraser Arthur. Funeral services from his late residence, 48 West 38th St., Bayonne, N. J., on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private. Boston and Montreal papers please copy.

BERRY.—On Monday, March 14, at her residence, 77 Rugby Road, Flatbush, N. Y., Cornelia W., Blondel, widow of the late Charles H. Berry. Funeral private.

BOWSER.—Suddenly, on Feb. 19, 1910, at Honolulu, H. I., Edward Albert Bowser, LL. D., Emeritus Professor of Mathematics and Engineering in Rutgers College, in the 65th year of his age. Memorial services in Knickerbocker Chapel, Tuesday, March 15, at 5 P. M.

BRIGHAM.—On Sunday, March 13, at Readville, Mass., Clifford Brigham.

BROOKE.—At 4:30 P. M. Saturday, March 12, 1910, John P., beloved husband of Catherine Brooke, son of John J. and Annie S. Brooke, (nee Parmerton.) Funeral services at Spring Grove Chapel, Cincinnati, Tuesday, March 15, at 2 P. M. Friends invited.

BUCHANAN.—March 12, 1910, after a short illness, David Buchanan, husband of Jeannette Connor. Services Tuesday, 8:30 P. M., at his late residence, 2,067 3d Av. Relatives and friends invited.

CHAMBERLAIN.—Ida E., only daughter of Joseph B. and Elizabeth D. Chamberlain, in her 6th year. Funeral service at the residence of her parents, Juniper Av., Maspeth, on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

FARRINGTON.—On March 14, Jeannette F., wife of Joseph McC. Farrington. Funeral services at the residence of the family, 476 Central Park West, on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family. Newburg and Orange County papers please copy.

FELLOWS.—Suddenly, March 8, George Peters Fellows, son of the late Edward B. and Amelia Peters Fellows. Funeral service at St. Michael's Protestant Episcopal Church, this city, on Tuesday, March 15, at 12 o'clock noon.

FARRELL.—On Saturday, March 12, William Farrell, beloved husband of Dora Farrell, in his 83d year. Funeral on Tuesday, March 15, from his late residence, 65 West 96th St., at 10:30 A. M., thence to the Church of the Holy Name, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FOWLER.—At 411 South Broad St., Philadelphia, on March 13, 1910, Allen Lester, husband of Jane Gibson Fowler, aged 48 years. Interment at Annapolis, Md.

FRANK.—After a short illness, at 1,111 Madison Av., on Sunday, March 13, Edna R., beloved daughter of David M. and Julia F. Frank, in her 15th year. Funeral private.

GRAHAM.—Suddenly, Sunday, March 13, John Graham. Relatives and friends and members of Harmony Encampment, 124, St. J. of M., Golden Rule Lodge 770 F. and A. M.; Metropolitan Chapter 140 R. A. M., and Constantine Commandery 48 K. T., are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 954 Freeman St., Wednesday, 8 P. M.

GRAVES.—On March 14, 1910, Sarah Dean, beloved mother of Mrs. Roswell Lockwood Hallstram, at her late residence, 221 West 44th St. Notice of funeral later.

HIRSCH.—Suddenly, March 14, 1910, Henry Hirsch, at his residence, 101 West 54th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

JOHNSON.—In Phoenix, Arizona, on March 13, Philip Seymour, son of Frances Benjamin and the late Amos Howe Johnson, M. D., of Salem, Mass.

KELLY.—On the 14th inst., ex-Judge William H. Kelly, at his late residence, 824 St. Nicholas Av., corner 131st St. Funeral Wednesday, March 16, at 9 A. M., to Church of the Immaculate Conception, East 14th St. Requiem mass at 11 o'clock.

KELLY, WILLIAM H.—The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of the City of New York announces, with deep regret, the death of William H. Kelly, on March 14, 1910.

WILLIAM TEMPLE EMMET, President.
WARREN LESLIE, Secretary.

KENDRICK.—Suddenly, on March 13, 1910, James R. Kendrick, in his 64th year. Relatives and friends, also Mitchell Lodge, No. 206, F. & A. M.; Germantown R. A. Chapter, No. 208; Philadelphia Council, No. 11, R. & S. M. M.; Germantown Commandery, No. 82, K. T.; Line Officers and Past Eminent Commanders' Association, Temple School of Instruction, Germantown School, and members of the Stephen Girard Stewards are invited to attend the funeral services on Friday at 3 P. M. at his late residence, 133 Harvey St., Germantown, Philadelphia, Penn.

KING.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, March 13, 1910, Oliver R. King, M. D. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,003 Putnam Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday, March 16, on arrival of 9:10 A. M. train from foot Liberty St., New York City, via Central Railroad of New Jersey. Interment at Morristown, N. J.

LINCH.—On Monday, March 14, M

LJUNGSTROM WINS TWENTY-MILE RACE

Swedish Runner Makes New Indoor Record at Madison Square Garden.

Leader at Each Mile.

Mile.	Name.	Record.	Time. H.M.S.
1	Meadows	4:47	*4:40 4-5
2	Meadows	9:45	*9:43 3-5
3	Meadows	14:51 2-5	14:54 2-5
4	Meadows	20:00 2-5	20:09 2-5
5	Meadows	25:24 1-5	*25:21 3-5
6	Meadows	30:46 1-5	30:51 1-5
7	Meadows	36:16 1-5	36:33 4-5
8	Ljungstrom	41:43 1-5	42:00
9	Ljungstrom	47:16 2-5	47:29 2-5
10	Ljungstrom	52:54 1-5	52:54 3-5
11	Ljungstrom	58:29 1-5	58:29 1-5
12	Ljungstrom	1:04:11 3-5	*1:04:02 3-5
13	Ljungstrom	1:09:57 4-5	*1:09:44 3-5
14	Ljungstrom	1:15:47	*1:15:30
15	Ljungstrom	1:21:24 1-5	1:21:24 3-5
16	Ljungstrom	1:33:05	*1:27:18 4-5
17	Ljungstrom	1:38:52 2-5	*1:33:14 1-5
18	Ljungstrom	1:44:53 4-5	*1:39:10 1-5
19	Ljungstrom	1:51:07 2-5	*1:45:14 1-5
20	Ljungstrom	1:57:25 1-5	*1:50:58 3-5

*New professional indoor records.

The best of the professional distance runners in the country could not show to advantage last night against Gustav Ljungstrom, who won the twenty-mile race at Madison Square Garden in the fastest time that the distance has ever been covered on an indoor track. The timers caught the Swede at 1:50:58 3-5, which clips minutes off the best previous performance, made by Jim Crowley, who at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory did 1:57:25 1-5. Ljungstrom not only accomplished this but bettered the old marks from sixteen miles to twenty. As a matter of fact the time by the athlete who hails from Sweden was much faster than caught by the watches, for the track when measured before the race was found to be a foot longer than a tenth of a mile. This made a difference of ten feet in a mile and some 200 feet in the running of the entire race.

Two and a half laps was the margin of victory which Ljungstrom placed to his credit over his rival professionals, and this he gained from the eighth mile on, when he came to the front for the first time. Second to Ljungstrom came Paul Acoose of Canada, and back of him a lap was Jim Crowley, who was leading Percy Sellen of Toronto by four laps. The other men who started were Fred Meadows, the holder of the fifteen-mile indoor record; Frank Clarke, Thure Johanson of Sweden, and Fortunato Zanti. The first three of these men dropped out of the event, Clarke, after running only a mile and a half, Meadows at a little after the ten-mile point had been passed, and Johanson nearing the seventeen-mile post.

It was a fairly big crowd that saw the event, the Garden showing some 3,000 people banked about the running track. The five-mile race, in which Harvey Cohn showed to the front, served as an appetizer for the big event of the evening, the running of which brought out continual shouts from the spectators as one or the other of the contestants displayed a desire to decrease the lead which separated them from the leader, or the man in front succeeded in gaining another lap on his rivals.

For a time it looked as though Meadows would have an easy time in defeating the field pitted against him. He cut loose with a pace which eliminated distance at a rate never before seen in a long distance run.

It seemed that he was out for a two or three mile race rather than a long grind of twenty miles. It was not long before he had pulled out a lead of about half a lap on his rivals, and this he steadily increased with each succeeding circuit of the track.

To show at what a pace the men were traveling, it is only necessary to mention that the time for the half mile was 2:15 and for the mile 4:40 4-5. There was no let up by Meadows during the next mile, either, and it was completed in almost as fast figures as the first. The time for the two miles was 9:43 3-5, which would stand as creditable if the distance to be covered was only that long. During the running of this last mile the Canadian had lapped Johanson and Clarke and Zanti and was hot foot after the others. A quarter of a mile beyond the two-mile point Sellen was passed, and Meadows came up close to Crowley, whom he trailed for a time. Before three miles Meadows had passed every runner on the track with the exception of Ljungstrom, and he was closing up the distance between himself and the Swede, his running being free and easy, with every indication that he would be able to last out the race and win easily.

With the four-mile post in the background, Meadows a few laps later caught the Swede, and the crowd began to think it was all over, for Meadows seemed content to rest with his advantage. It was only for a few circuits, however, and then he again went out to eat up more distance.

The strain, however, had begun to tell, and when five miles had been traversed Meadows began to show signs of trouble. He eased his pace and steadily began to come back to the second man, Ljungstrom, who was closely followed at this point by Acoose. Meadows still had a slight advantage, as seven miles was covered, but a lap beyond Ljungstrom let loose with speed that carried him to the front. Meadows then stopped with another lap, and was apparently in bad shape. He came back to the track, however, and ran to just beyond ten miles, when he went out of the race for good.

Ljungstrom appeared to be getting stronger all the time, and he followed Meadows's plan only the more effectively in that he gained steadily and was able to hold the advantage to the end. From ten miles on there was little doubt that Ljungstrom would be able to pull through with the victory nailed by a comfortable margin. During the late stages of the race there was no one to seriously threaten the Swede. Johanson, the man who was thought to be so formidable, was beaten off the track by the fast pace, and Acoose, the nearest competitor, was at most times a full two laps behind his flying rival.

N. Y. A. C. BILLIARD TITLE.

Dr. W. G. Douglas Defeats E. B. Kurtz for the Club Championship.

Dr. W. G. Douglas defeated E. B. Kurtz for the billiard championship of the New York Athletic Club last night, winning the match after fifty innings by a score of 300 to 241. Dr. Douglas by several good runs took a good lead before the match was half over, and it looked like an easy victory for him. But after the thirty-fifth inning Kurtz's game improved, and while Douglas seemed to have lost his stroke, Kurtz cut down his opponent's big lead to 15 points. After the forty-fifth inning Dr. Douglas again steadied down to his game and won out easily in the next five innings. Dr. Douglas had high runs of 29, 27, and 24, and his average was 6. Kurtz's best runs were 23, 19, and 19.

Both players were erratic at times, and several of the innings were not productive of any scores. After the third inning Douglas took the lead, and after that always had the advantage in the match. At the twentieth inning he had 173, while Kurtz had tallied but 86. Up to this period Douglas played a fine game, and collecting the balls in the corners several times he nursed them for runs of 23, 24, and 27 in succession. But this brilliancy gave way to erratic playing by Douglas, and Kurtz's game showed much improvement. He clicked off point after point until he had cut down the big lead and was within 15 points of his opponent. In the forty-sixth inning Douglas went to the front again with a run of 22, and had no trouble in running out in the next four innings.

SPORTING NOTES.

Harvard's football candidates will report for Spring practice March 28. In the meanwhile the candidates have been requested to work out with the soccer players.

Jack Johnson announces that he will begin training for his fight with Jeffries on April 1. He will do two months preliminary work at Chicago and then go to the Pacific Coast to get down to hard work.

There will be a good card of preliminaries to the main bout between Abe Attell and Johnny Mario at the National Sporting Club on Friday night.

One of the most important matches of the year is scheduled to take place at the Fairmont Athletic Club this evening. Jack Goodman, the west side champion, will hook it up for ten rounds with Battling Hurley, the human cyclone, from Passaic.

The St. Matthew's games will be held on Thursday evening at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway. Tommy Murphy, who has just returned from his victory over Owen Moran, will box a three-round exhibition with Young Corbett.

The conclusion of the second round of games in the pool tournament of the Dominican Lyceum results in four teams being tied for the lead. These are Devine and Keegan, Boyle and Bestolino, Farrell and Degnan, and Vaughey and W. Quinn. The closest and most exciting game to date was the defeat of Sullivan and E. Healey by Farrell and Degnan, the score being 100 to 92.

Five of the players who will be pitted against Oxford and Cambridge in the next intercollegiate cable chess match were definitely selected by the Alumni Committee meeting held at the residence of A. Steadman Jameson, the secretary, yesterday. Five of the six places were filled as follows: N. T. Whitaker, '12, and W. H. Hughes, P. G., University of Pennsylvania; J. R. Chandler, '11, Yale; L. W. Stephens, '10, Princeton; L. Telins, '12, Cornell. The sixth member of the team will be decided by a match between C. Burgess, '11, and C. E. Jefferson, '10, both of Yale.

The committee in charge of the seniors' tournament to be held at Apawamis, has graciously consented to change its dates from Sept. 29 and 30 to Sept. 28 and 29, so as to avoid a conflict with the tri-city matches. The last-named will take place over the Myopia links, Sept. 30 and Oct. 1.

The first game of the Canadian professional hockey series to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink will bring together two Stanley Cup rival teams, the Ottawas of Ottawa and the Wanderers of Montreal. These teams are made up of players who are recognized throughout Canada as the most expert hockeyists in the professional game, and so equally matched that in the Canadian tournament which was participated in by teams representing Winnipeg, Cobalt, Renfrew, Haileybury, Ottawa, and Montreal, the two last named teams came down to a tie in the deciding game for the Stanley Cup, which represents the professional championship, and in one of the most sensational hockey struggles ever seen on the ice the Wanderers of Montreal succeeded in defeating their Ottawa rivals by three goals to one.

OLDFIELD ENTERS RACES.

Famous Motor Driver Will Compete at Los Angeles in April.

Barney Oldfield has officially entered the opening meet of the Los Angeles Motordrome April 8 to 17, in spite of his repeated declarations that he would not appear on the new board track. F. E. Moscovics, Vice President of the Motordrome, now en route for California, wired from Chicago yesterday that he had received Oldfield's telegraphed entry, and that Oldfield has agreed to meet any driver in the world on the wooden saucer. There is a slight possibility of De Palma having his big Mephistopheles, which broke a piston at Daytona, Fla., last Saturday, in time to drive at the coast meet. The Fiat Company, upon learning of the accident, cabled to the Turin (Italy) factory to have a new piston made and shipped to America. Should it arrive in time, it will be fitted and the car shipped to Los Angeles.

Auto Run Challenge Accepted.

The Crescent Athletic Club's challenge for an automobile team reliability contest of ten or twelve cars on a side, to be held over Long Island roads, for the trophy offered by A. R. Pardington was accepted by the Long Island Automobile Club at a special meeting of their Contest Committee. Representatives of the two clubs will meet this week to take up and thoroughly discuss the matter. A strictly amateur run of this type will stimulate automobiling on Long Island and promote closer ties between the Crescent Athletic Club and Long Island Automobile Club.

Amateur Billiards at McGraw's.

An amateur handicap three-cushion carrom billiard tournament will start to-night at McGraw's Billiard Academy at Thirty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue. There are ten entrants, among whom are four of the best amateurs in the city. There will be two games played each evening, and George Moore has been selected to referee the games. There will also be a continuation of the handicap pool tournament, which was in progress during the last week. Each afternoon there will be two games played. This afternoon's games will be between Al Schafer and S. S. Weeks and Kid Andrews and J. Schreyer.

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CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
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COLUMBIA Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,661 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.
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HUDSON A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
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MOON Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
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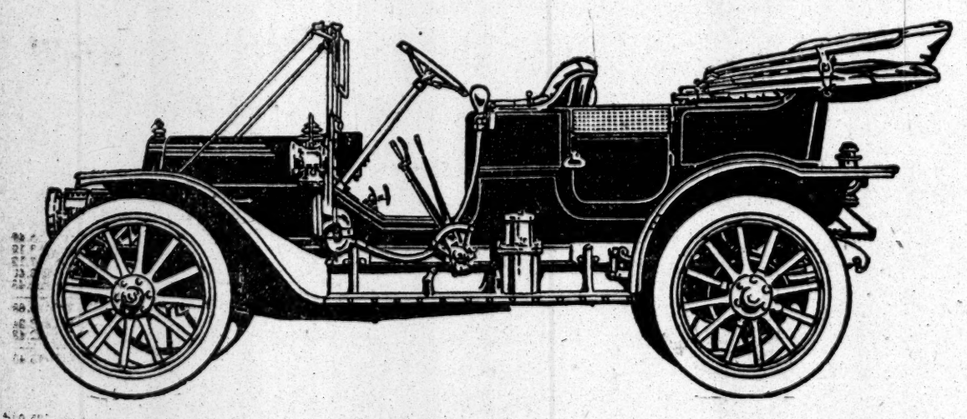

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BURNS AND O'LEARY DRAW.

Ten Rounds of Slam Bang Boxing at the Olympic A. C.

Frankie Burns of Jersey City and "Young" O'Leary of New York stood up and whaled away at each other for ten hot rounds last night at the Olympic Athletic Club. It was their third meeting, and each had the credit of a victory over the other. There was plenty of bad blood between them when they started, and more before and when they had finished their fight, which ended in a draw.

McDonald's Roller Race.

The first of a series of eight roller skating races to decide the Eastern championship was held last night at the Metropolitan Rink. The initial event was a mile scratch race, with five starters, and was won by the veteran skater, J. McDonald, of this city, his time being 3:15 3-5.

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N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Louis.....Mar. 19 | Philadelphia...Apr. 2
*Oceanic.....Mar. 26 | *Adriatic.....Apr. 9
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 61, N. R.

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Completely and Luxuriously Equipped
March 19 1:00 P. M. London Direct
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ANTWERP DOVER LONDON PARIS
*Zeeland.....Mar. 19
Kroonland.....April 2
Finland.....Apr. 9
NEW MAMMOTH S. S.
LAPLAND, March 26
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St. Louis Mar. 19 10 AM | Philadelphia...Apr 2
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†American Line Steamer from Pier 62, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
Via Azores, Madeira, Algiers & Gibraltar.
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ROMANIC.....April 2; May 14
CRETIC.....April 16; May 21
9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

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Kronp. Cecilie.....Mch. 22
K. Wilh'm II.....Apl. 5
K. Wilh'm d. Gr....Apl. 19
Kronp. Cecilie.....Apl. 26
P. Fr. Wm. Mch. 17
G. Washington..Mch. 31
*Rhein.....Apr. 14
P. F. Wm.....Apr. 21
*Bremen Direct.
To Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples and Genoa.
Sailings Sat'days 11 A.M.
Fr. der Grosse...Mch. 19
K. Albert.....Mch. 26
†Neckar.....Apr. 2
P. Irene.....Apr. 9
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Every Room an Outside Room.
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METAPAN.....March 24th
ZACAPA.....March 31st
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The Fall River Line Route to Boston unfolds wonderful marine views for your delight—
A most picturesque voyage.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston.....$3
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*Pr. Grant, Mch. 19, 2 P.M. | †Kais'n Aug. Vic...Apr. 16
†America.....Mch. 26 | Bluecher.....Apr. 21
†Pretoria.....Apr. 2 | Pres. Lincoln.....Apr. 23
†Graf Waldersee...Apr. 9 | †Cincinnati.....Apr. 28
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OLD GRAND CENTRAL TO DISAPPEAR SOON

The Demolition of the Present Station Will Be Begun in the Next Few Weeks.

TWO LEVELS FOR TRAINS

Expresses Will Run on a Floor 20 Feet Above That of Locals—The New Shed Will Inclose 75 Acres.

The tearing down of the Grand Central Station, for thirty-nine years one of the familiar landmarks of the city, will begin in earnest within the next six weeks. In its place a vast new Grand Central, which, when all its appurtenances are complete, will cost over $100,000,000, will rise six stories high.

The new station, with its wide-spreading train shed and its elaborate network of tracks and switches leading into it, will be the largest terminal in this country, the New York Central officials declared yesterday. It will cover over seventy-five acres, three times as large an area as the present station, and will be, moreover, considerably higher.

One of its most interesting features will be the distribution of different classes of trains among four levels, on which trains will come in and go out above and below each other at the same time. The uppermost will be a little above the street, and will be devoted exclusively to the handling of baggage.

The floor space will be three times as great as the Central's present baggage rooms, so that trunks can be sorted much more easily and with infinitely less confusion. There will be no more of the delays now so familiar at the holiday season. Instead of handling 9,000 pieces of baggage a day, as at present, the new station will be able to accommodate without trouble at least 16,000 pieces.

On the level immediately below the baggage floor, a few feet lower than the street, will come in on forty-two tracks the express trains. They will take on and discharge passengers on a level almost twenty feet above that of the suburban trains. Express and suburban passengers, after entering the station at either Forty-second Street or at Vanderbilt Avenue or Depew Place, will walk along separate inclines or "ramps." There will consequently be much less confusion at the entrances, and there will be much less danger of a flustrated suburbanite running blindly through a seemingly familiar gate to find himself on an express, when it is too late to get off.

The suburban train level will be about thirty feet below the street. Frequently placed elevators will permit travelers to go up or down from one level to another without having to walk all the way back to the "ramps." The suburban level will have twenty-five tracks.

New York Central officials piloted a number of reporters through the half-completed new station yesterday. Perhaps the most interesting thing about it is the deeply sunk fourth level, forty-seven feet below the street. On this baggage will be trundled from the elevators leading from one division to those leading to another. There also are the storerooms, where 1,000 trainmen get their lamps, flags, signals, and other equipment when they go on duty.

On one of the upper levels on the west side of the station will be the trainmen's "rest rooms," in which each of the 1,000 employes will have lockers. There will be a room in which to wash and a room in which to smoke, read, and play cards between train times. Sleeping quarters, however, will be furnished by the Railroad Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The train shed will be something like a vast interior court surrounded on three sides by a shell of executive offices, and probably roofed over with glass. It will be two blocks wide and almost two blocks long, and will, according to the officials, make recollections of the present trainshed seem cramped and antiquated. The upper stories of the six-story structure will be occupied by executive offices.

If there are any rooms to spare they will be rented out for private office purposes. There has been talk of a twenty-story hotel to rise over the trainshed. This, however, has been given up. Vanderbilt Avenue will be completely roofed over. The Madison Avenue cars will continues to run through it, but above it will be several levels, which will be connected with the street entrances at the northern part of the railroad yards by "ramps." Up these trucks will carry baggage from the big shed.

The construction of the trainshed on different levels, which would be impossible with smoke-making steam locomotives, has been made possible by the Central's electrification. In the centre of the trainshed a 12,000 horse power power house will stand.

"Conditions now are as bad as bad can be," said A. R. Whaley, General Superintendent of the Electrical Division, yesterday. "Our train yards are five miles away. Our express tracks are not only on the same level as our suburban tracks, but actually cross each other in the yards. This, even if it is not dangerous, results in waste of time. Only 94 per cent. of our trains are on time. Now we can handle only 150 cars a day. The new station will let us more 1,016 cars."

Supt. Whaley stated positively yesterday that the new station, trainshed, offices, levels, and all will be entirely completed between a year and eighteen months from now. One thousand laborers are working on it every day.

PATIENTS TWICE FRIGHTENED.

Engines Recalled to Second Blaze Near Beth Israel Hospital.

Patients in the Beth Israel Hospital, at Cherry and Jefferson Streets, were twice awakened early yesterday morning by fires in the neighborhood of the hospital. The flames were in the same place, 297 Cherry Street. In all damage amounting to $1,000 was done.

Soon after 1 o'clock Policeman Murphy of the Madison Street Station discovered a blaze on the third floor of the seven-story structure at 297 Cherry Street in a loft occupied by Silverstein & Gerfosky, makers of trousers. When the fire engines arrived one company went to a hydrant in front of the hospital. While it worked the patients became alarmed, but Night Supt. Dr. Wild got out all the nurses and surgeons who went through the wards and quieted the men and women.

At 5 o'clock a second blaze was discovered by the fire patrolman left at the place. Embers on the third floor had not been put out, and he turned in an alarm. This brought the fire apparatus again, and the company again stayed in front of the hospital, which alarmed the patients for the second time. Nurses and surgeons were awakened again and they stayed in the wards until the fire apparatus went away. The second blaze proved to be trifling and was put out with little damage.

A SETTLEMENT SCHOLARSHIP.

College Association to Grant a Year's Residence to Barnard Graduates.

A new scholarship has been established by the College Settlement Association, to be given to some Barnard College graduate annually and carrying with it the privilege of one year's residence at any College Settlement house, one year either at the Boston School of Philanthropy or at the New York School of Philanthropy.

This has long been an aim of the Barnard Chapter. Two years ago enough money was secured to give a scholarship just for that one year. The new scheme is to be permanent. Miss Grace Hubbard of the Faculty and the Misses Gertrude Hunter and Stella Block, students, have been especially energetic in securing the funds for this new scholarship.

CHINAMEN ATTACK SLEUTH.

Raphael Bitten and Threatened with a Revolver in Mott Street.

After a lively fight, in which he was threatened with a revolver, Lieut. Raphael of the Allen Street branch of the Detective Bureau took two Chinamen to Police Headquarters early yesterday morning. Raphael, in the fight, was bitten twice on the fingers of the right hand.

While in Mott Street early yesterday morning Raphael saw two Chinamen acting suspiciously. He stopped them. As he did so one of them drew a revolver from his blouse and was about to fire when Raphael knocked it from his hand. The detective finally overpowered the two and took them to Police Headquarters.

There they said they were Chu Chock of 19 Doyers Street and Low Jin Yen of 18 Pell Street. Chu was charged with carrying a concealed weapon and felonious assault, and Low was held as his accomplice.

OUR EXPORTS DWINDLE.

Big Drop in Eight Months from Total in Same Period Last Year.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The United States seems to be losing ground rapidly as an exporting Nation, judging by a report issued to-day by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor. This shows that during the eight months ended with February last the excess of exports over imports was $189,125,415, a decrease of $152,524,136 as compared with last year. The February imports were greater by $11,232,474 than those of February, 1909, while the exports showed a decrease of more than half a million dollars.

While the imports for the first eight months of the present fiscal year were greater by more than $200,000,000 than those of the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year, the exports increased by only a little more than $50,000,000.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Grains Firm, but Not Active—Provisions Again Make High Records—Cotton Active and Strong.

Wheat was active and strong early. The balance of the day it was quiet, with fluctuations narrow, but a very firm undertone. The strength at the opening was due to the weather. There were no rains in the Southwest, where there are reports that rains are urgently needed, and these reports had a good deal of influence. The weather has been very fine in the Southwest for some weeks. The snow disappeared rather early over a greater portion of Kansas, and the Weather Bureau was quoted yesterday morning as reporting the last forty days the driest in twenty-one years at this period. There is a growing impression in the trade that rain is urgently needed in the Southwest to prevent further deterioration and give sufficient moisture to start a good growth of the new crop. The receipts were about the same as last week, and there was a moderate decrease in the visible supply—636,000 bushels. Crop reports from the Southwest continue extremely conflicting, and almost any opinion seems to be obtainable. Foreign markets were dull and about steady. World's exports to Saturday night were 11,408,000 bushels, against 12,400,000 bushels the previous week. The market seems to be growing increasingly sensitive over the weather conditions in the Southwest, and there is increasing apprehension that unless there is a good warm rain within the next ten days or two weeks there will be a serious setback in the development of the crop. Prices quoted: No. 2 red Winter, $1.28½, elevator, domestic; No. 2 red, spot, nominal, free on board, afloat, $1.29½; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.28¾; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.28¾; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.19.

Corn was active and higher. There was a much better tone to the market, and prices worked up with very light receipts. There seems to be less pressure of cash corn on the market, while the decrease of 475,000 bushels in the visible supply, notwithstanding the liberal movement last week, indicated larger disappearance than had been expected. Cash corn is firm, with a fair liberal trade. Sales include steamer, 66¾c; No. 4, 64½c, all elevator, export basis; export No. 2, 66¾c, free on board; No. 2 domestic, 72c bid, elevator.

Oats were also stronger, with a good demand. The advance was influenced by the strength in corn and wheat. Offerings were not large, and moderate buying orders affected prices. There was a little reaction on the increase of 352,000 bushels in the visible, but later the market was very steady again. Cash oats quoted: Natural white, 50@53c; white clipped, 52@55c.

Provisions were steady at new high levels. The advance found but little product for sale, and with small reactions the advance was held. Hog receipts were a little larger than expected, but this seemed to have no effect on prices. The close was at about the top.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
May	$1.24⅝	$1.24	$1.24⅛	$1.23⅛
July	1.16⅜	1.16	1.16⅜	1.15⅝
September	1.12⅝	1.12⅛	1.12⅝	1.11¼
Corn—				
May	..	..	74⅝	74
July	..	..	75¼	75¼
September	..	..	..	75¼
Oats—				
May	..	..	51⅝	50¾
Lard—				
May	14.50	14.40	14.46	14.36
September	14.32	14.26	14.30	14.18

Curb 2:30 P. M. July—Wheat, $1.17⅝; puts, $1.15½; calls, $1.17@$1.17⅛.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

Wheat.	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
May	$1.14⅝	$1.13⅝	$1.14¼	$1.13⅝
July	1.08⅛	1.07½	1.08	1.07
September	1.05¼	1.04⅝	1.05¼	1.04½

2:30 to 2:45 P. M. May—Ups, $1.15; downs, $1.13⅝@$1.13½.

Corn—				
March	..	..	63¼	62½
May	65¼	64⅝	65¼	64⅝
July	67	66⅜	66⅞	66⅛
September	67¼	66⅝	67⅛	66⅝

May—Ups, 65⅝@65⅞c; downs, 64⅞c.

Oats—				
May	46¼	45¼	45⅞	45⅜
July	43⅜	43	43⅝	43½
September	40⅝	40⅜	40⅝	40⅜
Lard—				
March	..	..	14.25	14.10
May	14.22½	14.12½	14.22½	14.07½
July	14.07½	13.95	14.07½	13.95
September	14.07½	13.95	14.07½	13.95
Ribs—				
May	13.62½	13.50	13.62½	13.52½
July	13.50	13.37½	13.50	13.40
September	13.45	13.35	13.45	13.37½
Pork—				
May	26.15	25.90	26.15	25.82½
July	26.05	25.80	26.05	25.75
September	25.75	25.60	25.75	25.60

COTTON.

The cotton market was strong and advanced 15 to 20 points. The advance carried prices up to within a few points of the high level of the previous month. Beginning just a month ago the market broke about 1¼c and has now recovered about that much. The advance has been very largely the result of increasing confidence in the bull party to handle the deal and dispose of the cotton taken in on contracts. The advance was influenced to some extent by reports of further freight engagements for Bremen, and the opinion seems to be very pronounced that the cotton taken in on the March tenders will be shipped out as speedily as possible. New crop deliveries were strong and there was a good deal of buying for forward months owing to the absence of rains in Texas. The insistent reports that the season in the ground has been a very unsatisfactory one there seems to be having increasing effect on the new crop deliveries. Bulls are talking very confidently and the readiness with which all deliveries have been supported from time to time on the decline seems to have convinced the trade of the power of the bull combination. There was no change in the general trade accounts. Business at Fall River and other centres is slow, with sales only a moderate proportion of the output, and production is being curtailed.

Southern spot markets closed unchanged to ¼ advance.

New York spot cotton firm, 10 points advance. Middling uplands 15.20. Middling gulf, 15.45.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
March	15.03	14.99	15.01@15.02	14.91
April	..	..	14.93@14.95	14.83
May	15.01	14.92	14.98@14.99	14.88
June	..	..	14.75@14.77	14.60
July	14.76	14.64	14.74@14.75	14.59
August	14.23	14.10	14.20@14.21	14.04
September	13.29	13.13	13.30@13.31	13.08
October	12.86	12.66	12.86@12.87	12.63
November	..	..	12.64@12.66	12.45
December	12.63	12.48	12.62@12.63	12.43
January	12.57	12.47	12.58@12.60	12.39

The market closed steady at 10 to 23 points advance.

COFFEE.

Interest was centred in the December position. Total sales were 10,750 bags, of which all but one lot of July, which sold at 7.10, were in December, at 7.15. At the close the market was quiet, with prices unchanged to 5 points lower. The foreign markets were barely steady, Havre being ¼f lower, while Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig lower, and the Brazilian markets were unchanged. Receipts at Rio and Santos were 12,000 bags, against 11,000 last week and 9,000 a year ago. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States is 3,435,757 bags, compared with 4,169,493 last year and 3,823,173 two years ago. Deliveries of Brazilian coffee in the United States last week were 107,211 bags, against 114,012 the previous week and 190,592 the corresponding week last year. Spot coffee quiet and steady; 8 11-16@8¾ for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
March	....	....	6.85@6.90	6.85
April	....	....	6.90@6.95	6.90
May	....	....	6.90@7.00	6.95
June	....	....	7.00@7.05	7.00
July	7.10	7.10	7.10@7.15	7.10
August	....	....	7.10@7.15	7.10
September	....	....	7.10@7.15	7.15
October	....	....	7.10@7.15	7.15
November	....	....	7.10@7.20	7.15
December	7.15	7.15	7.15@7.20	7.15
January	....	....	7.15@7.20	7.15
February	....	....	7.15@7.20	7.15

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 14.—Trading in the local market was light to-day, and fluctuations were confined within narrow limits. Opening prices showed some improvement, but realizing orders appeared, and the undertone became weaker all around. Arizona Commercial was again under pressure, and recorded a further decline of about 2 points, to 32½. North Butte sold down to 41½ and Amalgamated to 78⅝. The general list closed irregular at the recession.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$9,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	92	91⅞	92
1,000	A., T. & S. F. 4s	100¼	100¼	100¼
20,000	A., G. & W. I. S. 5s	67	66	66
3,000	C. & Nor. Mich. 5s	100½	100½	100½
2,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99¼	99¼	99¼
2,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	104½	104	104½
3,000	United Fruit 4½s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
1,000	U. S. Steel 5s	105½	105½	105½
1,000	Western T. & T. 5s	97½	97½	97½

RAILROADS.

1,011	Atchison	117	116⅜	116⅜
127	Boston Elevated	130½	130	130¼
246	Boston & Albany	229½	228	229
47	Boston & Lowell	223	223	223
100	Boston & Maine	148	147½	147¼
5	Boston & Providence	298	297	298
75	Coun. River	265	265	265
44	Fitchburg pf	130½	130⅜	130¼
76	Mass. Electric pf	84½	84	84½
334	N. Y., N. H. & H.	162⅜	162	162⅜
620	N. Y., N. H. & H. rects., 25% paid	151	151	151
75	Old Colony	195	195	195
40	Union Pacific	190¾	190¾	190¾
5	West End	94½	94½	94½
10	West End pf	105	105	105

TELEPHONES.

922	American	142	141⅝	141⅝
185	Mexican	4¾	4½	4¾
42	Mexican pf	6¾	6¼	6¼
47	New England	138	138	138
3	Western	16½	16½	16½
10	Western pf	89	89	89

MISCELLANEOUS.

143	Am. Agr. Chemical	46	45	46
85	Am. Agr. Chem. pf	104	103	103½
25	Am. Pneu. Service	8	8	8
180	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf	22	21½	22
1	Am. Sugar Ref	124½	124½	124½
67	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	123	122¾	122¾
343	Am. Woolen	39¼	38	39¼
235	Am. Woolen pf	103¾	103¼	103¾
180	Edison	251	251	251
10	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf	88	88	88
5	General Electric	155¼	155½	155½
64	Mackay pf	77¼	77⅛	77⅛
268	Mass. Gas	82	82	82
236	Mass. Gas pf	96	95¼	96
32	N. E. Cotton Yarn	113¾	113¾	113¾
19	Pullman	196	196	196
56	Swift	106	105¾	106
15	Torrington pf	29½	29½	29½
220	United Fruit	180	179¾	180
981	United Shoe	69½	68½	69½
350	United Shoe pf	30	29¾	30
2,035	U. S. Steel	88¾	88¾	88¾
65	U. S. Steel pf	122½	121¾	121¾

MINING.

335	Adventure	8¾	8	8¾
1,345	Amalgamated	79⅜	78⅛	78⅝
100	American Zinc	31	30¼	30½
70	Arcadian	8	7⅝	7⅝
4,915	Arizona Commercial	34⅜	32½	32½
400	Boston Cons	19¾	19⅜	19⅜
105	Boston Corbin	17	16½	17
325	Butte Coalition	26	25¼	26
25	Butte & Balaklala	10½	10½	10½
55	Calumet & Arizona	74½	74	74½
7	Calumet & Hecla	630	630	630
40	Centennial	22	21⅜	21⅝
118	Copper Range	77	76½	76½
115	East Butte	11	10½	10½
825	Franklin	21½	20¾	21¼
543	Giroux	9⅝	9½	9½
40	Granby	87	87	87
1,446	Greene-Cananea	10⅝	10¼	10¼
910	Hancock	25½	23	24
50	Helvetia	34	33	33
910	Indiana	42	40¾	40¾
15	Isle Royale	21	21	21
430	Kerr Lake	8¾	8½	8¾
575	Keweenaw	5¼	5	5
1,695	Lake	79½	77½	77½
370	La Salle	17¾	16¾	16¾
375	Mass	7	6½	6½
550	Mexico	3	2½	2⅝
135	Miami	24½	23¾	24
10	Mohawk	63	63	63
148	Nevada	23¾	23¾	23½
80	Nipissing	10½	10⅜	10⅜
1,649	North Butte	43	41½	42
1,242	North Lake	23¾	22¾	23½
55	Ojibway	10¼	10¼	10¼
30	Old Dominion	43½	43½	43½
50	Parrot	19¾	19½	19½
60	Quincy	90	89	90
90	Shannon	15¾	15	15
4,282	Superior & Boston	16⅜	14	15
80	Superior & Pitts	14½	14½	14½
50	South Utah	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
200	U. S. Oil	39	38½	38½
600	U. S. Smelting	47⅜	46¾	47⅜
166	U. S. Smelting pf	52	51½	52
518	Utah Apex	4⅜	3⅞	4⅛
180	Utah Cons	33	32⅜	33
99	Utah Copper	51¼	50½	50½
10	Winona	10½	10½	10½
30	Wyandotte	2¼	2⅛	2⅛

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ALABAMA GREAT NORTHERN—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
1st week March.	$89,992	$82,490	$7,502
July 1-March 7.	2,793,085	2,466,208	326,860

CHICAGO & ALTON—

1st week March.	258,875	232,438	26,437
July 1-March 7.	9,413,543	8,826,842	584,701

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

1st week March.	117,044	95,006	22,038
July 1-March 7.	4,026,962	3,571,958	455,004

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—

1st week March.	171,684	151,666	20,018
July 1-March 7.	6,066,086	5,298,285	767,801

DENVER, NORTHWESTERN & PACIFIC—

1st week March.	15,782	10,617	5,165

DETROIT UNITED—

4th week Feb.	139,868	122,340	17,528
Month Feb.	566,246	485,339	80,907
Jan. 1-Feb. 28.	1,182,625	1,012,450	170,175

GRAND TRUNK—

1st week March.	769,177	624,373	144,804
July 1-March 7.	29,754,965	26,749,873	3,005,092

LONDON UNDERGROUND—

Week end. Feb. 19	£29,300	£27,838	£1,462
Week end. Feb. 26	30,188	27,426	2,712
Jan. 1-Feb. 26.	237,003	224,106	12,897

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—

1st week March.	$1,043,725	$900,215	$143,510
July 1-March 7.	35,455,030	31,623,456	3,831,574

MOBILE & OHIO—

1st week March.	179,244	189,467	*10,223
July 1-March 7.	7,092,204	6,729,796	362,408

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—

1st week March.	9,309	9,575	*266
July 1-March 7.	354,484	401,351	*46,807

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—

1st week March.	1,137,466	1,041,772	95,694
July 1-March 7.	39,234,704	35,719,107	3,515,597

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—

1st week March.	19,806	19,209	597
July 1-March 7.	821,614	767,263	54,351

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—

1st week March.	62,344	61,911	433
July 1-March 7.	2,583,753	2,348,356	235,397

TWIN CITY LINES—

1st week March.	133,939	122,191	11,768
Jan. 1-March 7.	1,242,727	1,121,531	121,196

DELAWARE & HUDSON COMPANY for the quarter ended Dec. 31—

Tot. ry. op. rev.	5,433,348	4,924,971	508,377
Tot. ry. op. exp.	2,747,470	2,547,201	200,269
Net ry. op. rev.	2,685,878	2,377,770	308,108
O'side op., deb.)	2,536	1,698	838
Tot. net rev. op.	2,683,342	2,376,072	307,270
Taxes accrued	96,469	101,749	*5,280
Oper. income	2,586,873	2,274,323	312,550
Other income	844,524	753,884	90,993
Gross income	3,431,397	3,027,207	403,513
Tot. ded. ry. inc.	1,284,227	1,082,123	202,104
Net corp. inc.	2,147,170	1,945,761	201,409

LOUISIANA & ARKANSAS for January—

Mileage	255	226	29
Gross	106,891	114,519	*7,629
Exp. and taxes.	74,151	72,207	1,944
Net	32,740	42,312	*9,573
Other income	9,142	7,368	1,774
Total income	42,360	50,135	*7,774
Charges	25,865	20,997	4,868
Surplus	16,495	29,138	*12,642
7 mos. gross	745,974	684,582	61,392
Exp. and taxes.	482,216	507,736	*25,520
7 mos. net	263,758	176,846	86,912
Other income	61,237	52,600	8,637
Total income	324,995	229,446	95,549
Charges	165,631	140,570	23,062
7 mos. surplus	159,364	88,876	72,487

*Decrease.

SEABOARD AIR LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	2,995.49	2,994.67	.82
Total op. rev.	1,683,541	1,529,157	154,384
Total op. exp.	1,140,232	1,056,112	84,119
Net op. rev.	543,309	473,044	70,264
Outside op., deb.	1,579	942	636
Total net rev.	541,730	472,101	69,628
Taxes	59,418	56,813	2,604
Op. income	482,312	415,288	67,023

July 1 to Jan. 31:

Total op. rev.	11,190,843	9,804,033	1,296,810
Total op. exp.	7,392,195	7,054,552	337,643
Net op. rev.	3,798,648	2,829,481	959,166
Outside op., deb.	17,000	9,979	7,020
Total net rev.	8,781,048	2,829,501	951,846
Taxes	415,925	397,693	18,232
Op. income	3,365,122	2,431,808	933,313

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN for February—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	98,273	81,946	94,725
Expenses	73,506	77,990	78,801
Net	24,764	4,016	15,923
Other income	4,000	3,354	1,022
Total income	28,764	7,370	7,947
Chgs., tax., &c.	28,775	23,755	24,038
Surplus	2,989	*16,385	*16,091
8 mos gross	802,948	748,055	851,661
Expenses	565,487	596,848	695,597
8 mos. net	207,461	151,791	156,064
Other income	16,501	16,888	36,557
Total income	223,962	168,279	192,621
Chgs., tax. &c.	195,678	187,517	190,765
8 mos. surp.	28,284	*19,238	1,856

*Deficit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

CAMBRIA STEEL CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Net	2,016,039	824,159	3,[illegible]

Inc. from rent, inv., and inc.: 908,239 / 1,067,600 / 1,094,755
Total income: 2,924,278 / 1,891,849 / 4,982,954
Fixed chgs.: 380,191 / 398,093 / 420,687
†Net inc.: 2,538,086 / 1,493,756 / 4,562,267
Dividends: 1,800,000 / 1,350,000 / 1,350,000
Balance: 738,086 / 143,756 / 3,212,267
Depreciation fd.: 500,000 / 100,000 / 800,000
Balance: 238,086 / 43,756 / 2,412,267
Bet. & imp. fd.: 200,000 / ..... / 2,400,000
Surplus: 38,086 / 43,756 / 12,267
Prev. surplus.: 2,403,707 / 2,356,218 / 2,357,227
Total surplus.: 2,441,794 / 2,399,974 / 2,369,494
Accts. chgd. off: 43,085 / *3,733 / 13,276
P. & L. surplus.: 2,398,729 / 2,403,707 / 2,356,218

*Credit. †Net income, before charging off depreciation, shows 5.64% earned on $45,000,000 capital stock, as compared with 3.31% earned on same stock last year.

WESTERN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO. for the year ended Jan. 31—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Interest	624,338	641,447	668,109
Dividends	1,544,436	1,578,788	1,456,305
Miscellaneous	868	4,921	.....
Total net rec.	2,169,612	2,225,166	2,124,414
Int. and divs.	1,285,741	1,372,250	1,287,461
Gen. exp.	22,430	23,506	29,100
Total exp.	1,308,171	1,395,756	1,316,551
Net rev.	861,471	829,409	807,862
Dividends	800,000	800,000	800,000
Surplus	*61,471	29,409	7,862

*After allowing 5% dividends on $16,000,000 preferred stock, balance, $61,471 is equal to 0.88% on $16,000,000 common.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 14.—Seaboard 4s, stamped, were in active demand, and the prices were firm and showed but little change. Northern Central recovered a portion of last week's loss. International Trust was fractionally firmer. Shares, 450; bonds, $108,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	A. C. L. of C. ctfs	105½	105½	105½
5,000	A. C. L. cv. deb. 4s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
41,000	Cotton Duck 5s	71	70⅜	70⅜
5,000	Cons. Gas 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
8,000	Cons. Gas 4½s	91	91	91
1,000	Det. United 4½s	82½	82½	82½
6,000	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s	96½	96½	96½
5,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼
3,000	Macon Dub. Sav. 5s	97½	97½	97½
96,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	85¾	85¼	85¼
1,000	U. E. L. & P. 4½s	91	91	91
9,000	United Rys. inc.	60¾	60¾	60¾
2,000	United Rys. 4s	86½	86⅜	86½
2,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	83¼	83¼	83¼
5,000	Va. Century	89½	89½	89½
1,000	Wil. & Weldon 5s	111	111	111

STOCKS.

200	A. C. L. of Conn.	255	255	255
35	Am. Bonding	78½	78½	78½
110	Con. Cot. Duck pf.	17	17	17
35	Farm. & Mer. Bank	47	47	47
50	C. G., E. L. & P. pf.	84	84	84
10	Northern Central	128¾	128¾	128¾
10	Seaboard Co 2d pf.	45	45	45

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alpha Con.	.11	Lady Wash. Con.	.15
Andes	.15	Mexican	1.57
Best & Belcher	.24	Occidental Con.	.30
Caledonia	.44	Ophir	1.45
Challenge Con.	.30	Overman	.04
Chollar	.32	Potosi	.48
Confidence	1.00	Savage	.45
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.52	Sag Belcher	.23
Con. Imperial	.06	Sierra Nevada	.53
Crown Point	.09	Union Con.	.76
Gould & Curry	.36	Utah Con.	.08
Hale & Norcross	.49	Yellow Jacket	.36
Kentucky Con.	.12		

Silver bars, 51½; Mexican dollars, 45@45½; drafts, sight, 4@5 cents premium; telegraph, 6@7½ cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.06
Belmont	2.40	Diamondfield	.01
Jim Butler	.02	Goldfield Con. M.	3.50
McNamara	.20	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.31	Jumbo Extension	.38
Montana	.85	Kendall	.02
North Star	.02	Lone Star	.03
Tonopah Extension	.72	Red Hills	.04
West End	.37	Sandstorm	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.09
Atlanta	.13	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Bullfrog N. B.	.

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50 Borden's C. Milk Com.@117
100 Childs (Rest'nt) Rights@ 2¼
35 Madison Sq. Garden..@ 37
10 Albany Trust Company@210
25 Chemung Canal T. Co.@195
10 Columbia Trust .....@305
10 Continental Insurance@2100
25 Hudson Trust Co.....@180
20 Lawyers' Mortgage...@258
25 Lawyers' T. Ins. & Tr.@288
20 National Reserve Bank@130
4 National Surety .....@265
35 Union Bank of B'klyn@ 76
2M Central Foundry 6%s..@ 42
10M Am. La-Fr. F. Eng. 6%s@ 86
10M Barrett Mfg. Deb. 5%s@ 93

Wanted

30 Amer. Dist. Tel., N. J.@ 48
10 Amer. Typef'ders Pfd.@101½
50 Amer. Typef'ders Com.@ 45½
50 Borden's C. Milk. Com.@116
25 Borden's C. Milk Pfd.@104¾
50 Ingersoll-Rand Pfd....@ 96½
10M Intern'l Salt 1st 5%s@ 52

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Quiet and Firm—Call Money Rates, 2½@3 Per Cent.

THE TRADING PROFESSIONAL

Outside Interest in Market Minute—Commodities Markets Strong—Demand Sterling Advances Sharply.

Trading on the Stock Exchange yesterday was almost exclusively professional and without any incentive in the day's news to activity, dealings were restricted in amount, and price movements held to relatively narrow swings. The undertone of the market, as was also the case in Saturday's session, was firm, and in a majority of instances the changes registered at the close of the trading were in the nature of advances. A curious feature of the day on the Stock Exchange, and one not altogether devoid of significance, was the general expression of disappointment by traders over the failure of the Supreme Court to hand down a decision in the Tobacco case. It seems that the opinion has come to prevail among speculators that the court's verdict will be a favorable one, and so far from fearing a decision, these speculators now occupy the somewhat curious attitude of professing chagrin because the matter is so long delayed. This state of mind is in rather striking contrast with that of the same gentlemen so short a time ago as a fortnight. The reason for the change might be found, if it were necessary to seek reasons, in the consistent strength of Tobacco securities, although explanation of this strength might well include causes quite the opposite of these which appear satisfactory to the speculators in question. The strength of Lehigh Valley shares, which are dealt in on the Philadelphia market, but in which considerable speculation has been under way in this city, attracted attention and gave rise to reports that extra distributions of some sort are contemplated. Chesapeake & Ohio formed a feature of the trading here, its advance having to do doubtless with the arrangements under way by which the road will secure the Hocking Valley, and, therefore, new traffic territory and connections. In a news way there were Philadelphia dispatches indicating the failure of the attempts to call out on strike members of unions having to do with the distribution of food supplies and the return of strikers to work. The labor situation in the railroad field seems to be working toward settlement through the growing disposition on the part of both men and managers to compromise. Grain markets were strong and on the Cotton Exchange quotations were sharply advanced.

In the local money market the happening of chief interest was the upturn in demand sterling. Sales of stocks for foreign account in the closing days of last week and again yesterday were fairly heavy, but to offset these the demand by Europe for the new securities now coming into the market continues heavy. The higher rates of interest in connection with the fortnightly settlement in London were ascribed in banking quarters to the uncertain state into which the money market there has been thrown by the political situation, as well as the steady demands for gold made upon the Bank of England by the Continent, Egypt, and South America. Of the South African gold amounting to $3,000,000 reaching London yesterday, the Bank of England secured something less than $2,000,000 at an advanced price.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Amalgamated Asbestos Co. for dividend on preferred.
American Chicle Co. for dividend on common.
American Pipe and Construction Co. for dividend.
American Snuff Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
American Tobacco Co. for dividend on preferred.
Boston Belting Co. for dividend.
Butte Electric and Power Co. for dividend on common.
Cambria Iron Co. for dividend.
Columbus Railway and Light Co. for dividend.
Dominion Coal Co. for dividend on common.
Dominion Iron and Steel Co. for accumulated dividends on preferred.
Eastman Kodak Co. for extra dividend on common.
Henry R. Worthington Co. for annual meeting.
Houghton County Traction Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co. for dividend.
Manhattan Railway Co. for dividend.
Mutual Trust Co. of Westchester County for dividend.
New York, Lackawanna & Western Railroad for dividend.
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad for dividend.
North American Co. for dividend.
Pittsburg, Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad for dividend on common.
Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad for dividend on special guaranteed stock.
Pittsburg, Youngstown & Ashtabula Railroad for dividend on common and preferred.
Royal Baking Powder Co. on common and preferred.
St. Joseph Railway, Light, Heat and Power Co. for dividend on preferred.
Sears, Roebuck & Co. for dividend on preferred.
Siegel Stores Co. for dividend on common.
Toronto Railroad for dividend.
Twin City Rapid Transit Co. for dividend on preferred.
Union Bag and Paper Co. for dividend on preferred.
United Banknote Corporation for dividend on preferred.
United Shoe Machinery Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
United States Steel Co. for dividend on common.
United Traction and Electric Co. of Providence.
Utica & Black River Railroad for dividend.
West Jersey & Seashore Railroad for dividend.
Yukon Gold Co. for dividend.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American Railways.
Brockton & Plymouth Street Railway on preferred.
Borden's Condensed Milk Co. on preferred.
Boston Woven Hose and Rubber Co. on common.
Consolidated Gas Co. of New York.
Diamond Match Co.
E. L. Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. on common.
El Paso Electric Co. on common.
Federal Mining and Smelting Co. on preferred.
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad on preferred.
Galveston-Houston Electric Co. on common and preferred.
General Chemical Co. stock dividend payable on common.
Globe Soap Co. on first, second, and special preferred.
Golden Star Mines.
Great Northern Ore certificates.
Kerr Lake Mining Co.
Laclede Gas Light Co. on common.
Lamson Consolidated Store Service Co.
Montreal Cotton Co.
National Lead Co. on preferred.
Northern Ohio Traction and Light Co.
Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co. on common.
Philadelphia Electric Co.
Rubber Goods Manufacturing Co. on common and preferred.
San Diego Gas and Electric Co. on common.
St. Joseph, South Bend & Southern Railroad on common and preferred.
Standard Oil Co.
Woman's Hotel.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Bankers' Security Co.
Joint Stock Co. of New York.
Manila Electric Railroad and Light Co.
Tichenor Grand Co.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	98⅛	99⅛
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	96⅞	97⅞
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99½	100
Consolidated Tobacco 4s, Dec., 1951	100¾	101¼
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	102⅝	103¼
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	98¼	99¼
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99⅝	100
Norf. & West. 5s, May, 1910	100	100¼
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100	100⅛
Southern 5s, Feb., 1913	98⅛	99
Tidewater Co. 6s, 1913	101⅝	102¼
West. Elec. & Mfg. 4s, Aug., 1910	100½	101

Interest to be added.

St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway

River & Gulf Division

FIRST MORTGAGE

4% BONDS

Price and Particulars Upon Application.

A. B. Leach & Co.

149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

ORDERS IN

Lehigh Valley

GIVEN PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION

Penington, Colket & Co.

Members N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchange

115 BROADWAY

TELEPHONE Cortlandt 1154-5.

WANTED

51 Union Typewriter 1st Pfd.
100 Gen. Motors Com.
300 Lackawanna Steel
100 A. D. T. of N. J.
100 Union Carbide
200 Aurora, Elgin & Chic. Com.
200 Central Colorado Power Pfd.
100 Pere Marquette 1st Pfd.

FOR SALE

100 Mich. State Tel. Com.
500 Western Power Com.
200 Western Power Pfd.
300 Pacific Gas & Elec. Com.
200 Buffalo & Susq. R. R. Pfd.
200 Central Colorado Power Com.
100 Guanajuato Power & Elec. Com.
40 Conn. Ry. & Light Com.

E. & C. RANDOLPH,

Members New York Stock Exchange,
111 Broadway, New York.

OPEN MARKET SECURITIES DEPARTMENT

Horace Hatch, Mgr. T. F. Shields, Bonds.
Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

New York State

Tax Exempt 4s

and other Tax Exempt Bonds

Price on Application

N. W. HARRIS & CO

BANKERS

Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

WANTED

150 American Chicle com.
100 American Chicle pfd.
200 Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
100 Royal Baking Powder com.
50 Royal Baking Powder com.
50 St. Louis, Rocky Mt. & Pac. pfd.

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.

Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities of Railroads and Other Corporations in the United States and Elsewhere.

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

Tel. 5140 to 5153 Broad, Inclusive.
Branch Office, 50 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.
Telephones, 2540-2541-2542 Fort Hill.
Private telephones between New York and Boston

Bank & Trust Company Stocks

Bought and Sold.

Duval, Carroll & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway New York

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales March 14, 1910..... 431,912
From Jan. 1, 1910..... 47,022,863
Corresponding period last year..... 35,029,584

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
11⅞	12¼	100	Allis-Chalmers	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
79⅛	79¼	30,000	Amalgamated Cop.	79¼	79⅝	78⅝	79⅛	+ ⅛
46½	47	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	46	46	46	46	+ ½
39⅝	40	800	Am. Beet Sugar	39⅝	40¼	39⅞	40	+ ½
11¾	12	200	Am. Can	11⅞	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	— ⅛
78	78½	100	Am. Can pf	78½	78½	78½	78⅝	+ ⅛
65	65½	925	Am. Car & Foundry	65⅝	65¾	64⅝	65	+ ⅜
68⅜	68¾	125	Am. Cotton Oil	68¼	69	68½	68½	+ ⅛
7¼	7½	100	Am. Hide & Leather	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	...
41	41¼	1,300	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	40⅝	41½	40⅝	41	+1
26⅜	27	700	Am. Ice Securities	26½	26¾	26½	26¾	+ ⅛
15	15⅜	100	*Am. Linseed	15½	15½	15½	15½	...
39¼	40⅛	100	*Am. Linseed pf	39½	39½	39½	39½	...
52	52½	1,100	Am. Locomotive	52⅛	53	52	52⅞	— ⅛
113	114	5	Am. Locomotive pf	112½	112½	112½	112½	— ½
7⅛	8	300	Am. Malt	7⅛	7¼	7	7	...
86¾	87	8,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	86⅝	87⅛	86½	86⅞	...
124	125	400	Am. Sugar Ref.	125⅜	125⅜	124⅝	124⅝	+1½
141¼	141½	500	Am. Tel. & Tel.	141¼	141⅝	141½	141⅝	+ ⅛
99½	100	600	Am. Tobacco pf	99½	99⅝	99½	99½	+ ⅛
38	38¾	2,600	Am. Woolen	38	39¼	38	39	+1
103½	104	500	Am. Woolen pf	103⅜	103⅞	103½	103½	— ⅛
49¼	49⅝	2,000	Anaconda Cop. Min.	49¼	49⅝	49⅛	49⅝	— ⅛
70	73	100	Ann Arbor pf	71½	71½	71½	71½	— ½
116½	116⅝	11,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	116⅞	117¼	116⅝	116⅝	— ⅛
103⅜	103⅞	700	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅜	103⅜	...
112⅜	113¼	801	Baltimore & Ohio	113¼	113¾	112⅝	113¼	+1⅛
91½	92½	50	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	92½	92½	92½	92½	...
...	...	972	Bank of Commerce	220	240	220	234	...
76⅝	76⅞	1,335	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	77	77¼	76⅝	76⅝	+ ⅛
179¼	179¾	1,200	Canadian Pacific	179½	179¾	179	179¾	+ ⅛
43	43¼	1,400	Central Leather Co.	43¼	43⅜	43	43⅛	— ⅛
87	87¼	14,700	Chesapeake & Ohio	85⅞	88	85⅝	87¼	+1⅝
30½	31	1,000	Chicago Gt. Western	30⅝	31⅜	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
58¼	58½	1,100	Chi., Gt. Western pf.	58	58⅝	58	58⅜	— ⅛
146½	146⅞	2,101	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	146¾	147¼	146½	146⅝	— ⅛
161	163	101	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	161	161	161	161	...
200	215	43	Chi. & N. W. pf. x d.	203½	203½	203½	203½	...
89½	90	600	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	90	90	89¾	89¾	— ⅛
41	43	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	41⅛	41¼	41⅛	41⅛	+ ⅛
15	18	200	Col. & Hoc. C. & I.	16	16½	16	16½	+3
...	...	600	*Comstock Tunnel	‡35	36	35	36	...
147¼	147½	1,900	Consolidated Gas	147½	148	147½	147½	+ ½
18½	19	400	Corn Prod. Ref.	19	19	19	19	+ ¼
176	177½	100	Delaware & Hudson	176½	176½	176½	176¼	...
600	650	131	Del., Lack. & West.	610	610	610	610	+10
42	42½	315	Denver & Rio Grande	42¼	42½	42	42	— ⅛
63	65	49	Detroit United Ry.	64	64	63	63	...
23½	24	100	Distillers' Securities	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	+ ⅛
15	15⅜	50	Duluth, S. S. & A.	15	15	15	15	...
31¼	31⅞	2,000	Erie	31½	31⅝	31½	31½	+ ¼
50¼	50⅝	300	Erie 1st pf.	50⅞	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	...
53½	53⅞	20	Federal M. & S.	53½	53½	53½	53½	...
...	...	...	Fourth Nat. Bank	205	205	205	205	...
155	157	200	General Electric	155	155	155	155	— ½
137⅝	138	800	Great Northern pf.	137⅞	138½	137⅞	138	...
116	120	300	Hocking Valley t. r.	119	119	116	118	+b
96¼	97	2,613	Hocking Valley pf.	98	97¼	93	96⅞	+3⅞
22¼	22⅝	3,250	Interborough-Met.	22⅜	23	22½	22½	+ ¼
50¾	51¼	900	Interborough-Met. pf.	57	57¼	56⅝	56⅝	+ ⅜
92	95	300	Int. Harvester	92½	92¾	92¼	92¼	...
122	122½	100	Int. Harvester pf.	122½	122½	122½	112½	— ⅛
54½	55½	100	Int. Paper pf.	54½	54½	54½	54½	...
47½	48	400	Int. Steam Pump.	46	47¼	46	47¼	+1½
23¾	24⅜	300	Iowa Central.	23⅝	24⅜	23⅝	24⅜	+ ⅛
44½	45½	400	Iowa Central pf.	43½	45⅜	45½	45⅜	— ⅛
56	65	500	Kanawha & Mich. t.r.	52⅝	53	52	52⅝	— ⅛
38	38⅝	200	Kansas City South.	54	60½	54	60¼	+8½
101½	102	200	Laclede Gas.	38¼	38⅝	38¼	38⅝	+ ⅛
153	153½	200	Louisville & Nash.	101¼	101¼	101¼	101⅝	— ⅛
3	4	100	Manhattan Beach.	153½	153½	153¼	153¼	...
213	213¾	400	Mercantile Marine pf.	3	3	3	3	...
143½	144¼	200	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	21¼	21½	21½	21½	...
43⅝	45⅞	2,700	Mo., Kansas & Texas.	143⅜	143⅜	143¼	143½	— ⅛
70½	71	300	Missouri Pacific	43¼	43⅝	43¼	43⅝	+ ¼
...	...	10	Nat. City Bank	70¾	70¾	70⅝	70⅝	...
83½	84¼	400	Nat. Lead Co.	420	420	420	420	...
64⅝	65	100	N. Rys.of Mex. 1st pf.	84	84½	84	84	...
82	85	165	N. Y. Air Brake	64¾	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	— ⅛
125⅜	125⅞	5,525	N. Y. Central	82½	82½	82⅛	82¼	— ⅛
59½	62	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	126¼	126⅜	125¾	125¾	...
162¼	162¾	900	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	61	61	61	61	...
44⅝	45¾	450	N. Y., Ont. & West.	162	162	161⅝	162	+ ⅛
9,600	10,000	200	Norfolk & Westefn.	45¼	45½	45⅛	45¼	+ ⅛
79⅜	80	200	North American	102⅜	104⅜	102⅜	104⅜	+1½
136⅜	136⅝	2,005	Northern Pacific	80⅜	80⅜	80	80	+ ⅛
24⅜	34¼	50	Ontario Mining	137	137¼	136⅜	136⅜	...
39½	41½	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	3	3	3	3	...
137⅛	137⅝	11,074	Pennsylvania R. R.	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	— ⅛
110⅜	111¼	500	People's Gas, Chi.	137	137¼	137	137¼	+ ⅛
24	25	200	Peoria & Eastern	113⅜	111½	110⅝	110⅝	— ⅛
100⅜	102½	100	Philadelphia Co.	24	24	24	24	—1
101¾	102	900	P., C., C. & St. Louis	102½	102½	102½	102¼	+ ⅛
...	...	900	P., C., C. & St. L. rgts.	101¾	101¾	101¼	101¼	+ ⅛
194	195½	200	Pullman Company	1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16	— 1
...	3½	100	Quicksilver	195	195	195	195	...
43½	44¼	200	R'way Steel Spring.	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
168⅜	168⅝	51,900	Reading	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	— ⅛
89½	91¼	400	Reading 1st pf.	168½	169⅝	168¾	168⅝	+ ⅛
104⅜	104⅝	200	Reading 2d pf.	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	+ ⅛
40¾	40⅝	700	Rep. Iron & Steel.	105	105	105	105	+ ⅛
103	104	15	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	40	40⅜	40	40⅜	+ ⅛
50	50¼	6,700	Rock Island Co.	104	104	104	104	...
91	91⅛	1,600	Rock Island Co. pf.	50	50¼	49⅞	50	+ ⅛
55½	56	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	91¼	91¼	91	91	...
...	...	15	Seaboard Nat. Bank.	56¾	56¾	56⅛	56⅛	+ ⅛
70	70½	320	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	400	400	400	400	...
130	130⅜	22,000	Southern Pacific	79	79	79	79	...
28⅜	29	300	Southern R'way ext.	130	130⅜	129⅞	130	...
67	67⅛	100	South. R'way pf., ext.	29¼	29¼	29	29	...
83	85	143	South Porto R. Sugar.	67½	67½	67½	67½	— ½
110	112	50	South P. Fr. Sugar pf.	84	84	84	84	...
30⅜	31½	500	Texas & Pacific	110	110	110	110	...
6½	7¼	600	Third Avenue	30¾	31	30⅜	31	+ ⅝
44¼	45⅜	200	Tol., St. L. & West.	7	7	7	7	...
68¾	68¼	400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	45¾	45⅞	45¾	45⅞	...
114	114½	100	Twin City R. Transit.	68¼	68¾	68¼	68¼	...
189½	189⅝	54,351	Union Pacific	114¼	114¾	114¼	114¾	...
99	99¼	500	Union Pacific pf.	189½	190¾	189	189⅝	— ½
118	119	100	United Dry Goods.	99	99¼	99	99	— ¼
36	38	100	United R'ways Inv.	118¾	118¾	118¼	118¼	...
122	128	300	U. S. Express.	37	37	37	37	...
77	79	100	U. S. Realty & Imp.	126	126	125½	125½	—1½
46⅜	46½	1,000	U. S. Rubber.	78⅜	78⅜	78⅜	78⅜	+1⅜
115½	116	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	46⅜	47	46½	46½	+1½
80	81	225	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	— ⅛
88½	88⅝	127,475	U. S. Steel.	81	81	81	81	...
121⅜	122	300	U. S. Steel pf.	88⅝	89	88¼	88⅜	+ ⅛
50½	50⅝	2,300	Utah Copper	122⅜	122⅝	122	122	...
57⅜	58	2,500	Va.-Caro. Chemical	50⅜	51	50¼	50¼	— ⅛
125	128	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	58½	58½	57⅜	57⅜	— ⅛
22¼	22½	300	Wabash	125⅜	125⅜	125¼	125¼	—1¼
49⅛	49¾	6,300	Wabash pf.	22½	22⅝	22⅜	22⅜	+ ⅛
181	184	50	Wells Fargo Express.	49⅜	50¼	49⅝	49½	+ ⅜
51⅝	52	2,400	Western Maryland.	183	183	183	183	...
51⅜	52¼	8,200	Western Md., 4th pd.	53½	53½	51⅝	51⅝	—1⅜
76	76¼	700	Western Union Tel.	52⅜	53½	52	52	—1½
125	130	100	Westinghouse 1st pf.	76	76¼	76	76¼	+ ¼
125	130	100	Westinghouse 1st pf.	125	125	125	125	...

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅜	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100⅜	...
3s, r., 1918	102½	103
3s, c., 1918	102½	103
4s, r., 1925	114⅜	115¼
4s, c., 1925	114⅜	115¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅜	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅜	101
Adams Exp.	250	...
Alb. & S.	280	...
Allis. Ch. pf.	42	45⅜
Am. Ag. C. pf.	102¼	105
Am. B. Sug. pf.	96	97
A. C. & F. pf.	106	118½
Am. Coal.	90	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	103	107
Am. D. Tel.	10	30
Am. Exp.	288	295
Am. M. pf.	44	45
A. Sm. pf., B.	85¾	90
A. S. & R. pf.	108½	109
Am. Snuff.	280	...
Am. Sn. pf.	96	100
Am. St. F.	60	61
A. S. R. pf.	122	123½
A. T. C.	74	77
Ann Arbor.	30	40
Atl. C. L.	132½	133½
Batopilas M.	3	3½
Beech Creek	95	80¾
Beth. Steel.	30	40
Beth. Steel pf.	60	62½
B. Un. G.	132	135
Bruns. Ter.	14	18½
L., R. & P.	95	107
L., R. & P. pf.	125	140
B. & S. pf.	...	29½
But'k Co.	31½	32½
Canada So.	97⅜	70
Cent. L. pf.	107¼	108
C. R. R. of N. J.	200	300
C. & S. A. Tel.	118	119½
Chi. & Alt.	37½	39
C. & A. pf.	67	72
C., B. & Q.	200	...
C. & E. Ill. pf.	...	118
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
C. & N. W.	157	157½
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	156	162
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	170
Chi. Un. T. cfts. stm.	4	4¾
Chi. Un. T. pf. cfts. st.	9	10¼
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	101	110
Cleve. & P.	171	...
Col. F. & I. pf.	116	119
Col. & So.	62	63
Col. & So. 1st pf.	81	83
Col. & So. 2d pf.	79	81
Cons. Coal.	105	...
Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	88	85
Crex Carpet.	61	63
D. & R. G. pf.	80	81½
D. M. & Ft.	...	10
D. S. S. & A. pf.	28¼	29½
Du P. De N. Pow. pf.	85	88
Erie 2d pf.	38	40
Ev. & T. H.	56	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S. pf.	73	80
Gen. C. Co.	93	104
Gen. C. Co. pf.	105	107½
Gt. Nor. O. ctfs.	70	70½
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	120	126
St. L. S. W.	29½	29½
St. L. S. W. pf.	73½	74½
Sears-R.	159	162
Sears-R. pf.	121	122½
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	120	123
So. Ry., M. pf. C. ctfs.	84½	88
Tenn. Cop.	33½	34¼
Texas Cent.	40	...
Texas Cent. pf.	75	...
T. P. L. Tr.	86	91
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. R. & L.	11	11½
U. B. & P.	9½	11
U. B. & P. pf.	70	73
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100	111
Un. Dry G. pf.	109¾	140½
U. Rys. In. pf.	66	67½
U. S. C. I. Pipe	26	27
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	73½	79
U. S. R. & Ref.	7	8
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	21	27½
U. B. R.	174	...
Vand. R. R.	75	...
Va. L. C. & Coke	60	63
Vulcan Det.	18½	20
Vul. D. pf.	70	73½
West. Md. pf.	69	72
Westingh'se assenting.	72	74
W. & L. E.	8¼	8⅝
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	10	11½
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	8¾	9
Wis. Cent.	54	55½

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¾@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾@3¾ per cent. for ninety days, 4@4¼ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5@6 per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 2 15-16 per cent., up 5-16 per cent.; Paris, 2¼ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3⅝ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $201,560,165; balances, $7,068,386; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,225,736.

The local banks have lost $1,623,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was strong, with demand quoted at $4.8695@$4.8705, sixty days at $4.84@$4.8410, and cables at $4.8720@$4.8730.

Continental bills were as follows: Francs, 5.17½ less 1-64@5.17½ plus 1-32 for cables, 5.17½ less 3-64@5.17½ for sight. Reichsmarks, 95¼@95 5-16 less 1-64 for cables, 95 3-16@95¼ less 1-64 for sight, and 94 9-16 @94 11-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10c discount; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, 30c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 60c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 15⅝ premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 23⅝d per ounce, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 51¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
4s	..May, '59, f'chg	90½	99¾	99¾	100
4½s	..May, '57, f'chg	108¾	109	108¾	109
4½s	..Nov., '57, f'chg	108¾	109	108¾	109
4½s	..May, '17, f'chg	103	103¾	102¼	103¼
4½s	..Nov., '17, f'chg	103	103¾	102¼	103¼
4s	..Nov., '58, f'chg	99½	99¾	99¼	99¾
4s	..May, '57, f'chg	99½	100¼	99½	100¼
4s	..May, '19, f'chg	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼
4s	..Nov., '56, reg	99	99¾	99	99¾
4s	..Nov., '36, reg

Founded 1873
Tobey & Kirk

Will Buy:
"RIGHTS"
CHILDS' (RESTAURANT) COMPANY
New Preferred Stock.

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25 Broad Street, New York
'Phones: 4294-5-6-7-8-9 Broad.

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30 Pine St., NEW YORK 4 Post Office Sq. BOSTON
LETTERS OF CREDIT
providing funds for travellers in all parts of the world.
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WANTED (Offerings)
INT. SILVER Common Stock
INT. SILVER Preferred Stock
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We have good markets in unlisted and inactive securities and respectfully invite inquiries.
J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

6% First Mortgage
Irrigation Gold Bonds
Secured by a project approved by the highest Engineering and Legal Talent, and issued upon land which has a favorable report from the Government as to fertility.
Further particulars on request for circular T
Blake & Reeves
BANKERS
34 Pine Street New York

ROYAL BAKING POWDER PFD.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER COM.
OIL FIELDS OF MEXICO
INTERNAT. SILVER COM.
INTERNAT. SILVER PFD.
INTERNAT. SILVER SCRIP
FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST CO.
EQUITABLE TRUST CO.
LAWYERS MORTGAGE
LAWYERS TITLE
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NATIONAL CITY BANK
AMERICAN CIGAR CO.
SINGER MFG. CO.
LACKAWANNA COAL
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DEALT IN
BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.,
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NEW YORK.

Warren W. Erwin / Calvin Tomkins / Van Cleve Holmes / William N. Cowles } Special
Warren W. Erwin & Co.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
Investment Bankers
The Industrial Outlook and Dangers of Land Speculation briefly discussed by Mr. Byron W. Holt in our market letter just issued. Write for a copy.
54-56 Broad St., New York.
Careful attention given to the execution of
Fractional Lots
Conservative marginal accounts solicited.
QUARTERLY STATEMENT showing financial condition, by certified public accountants, furnished to all interested.

Gila Valley, Globe & Northern 1st 5s, 1924
Buffalo & Susquehanna Iron 1st 5s, 1932
Chicago & Alton Deb. 5s, 1922
W. C. Langley & Co.
BANKERS
10 WALL ST. 'Phone 5360 Rector.

New York City 4¼%
20-50 Year Bonds
Bought and Sold
Paterson & Co. BONDS
Traction, Gas, Inactive Railroads
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National City Bank
Farmers' Loan & Trust
Coal & Iron Nat'l Bank
Union Exchange Nat'l Bank
CHAS. H. CARRUTHERS & CO.
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Illinois Tunnel 5s, 1928
MEGARGEL & CO.
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of Railroad, Steamship, Public Service and Industrial Corporations, netting from 4½ to 6 per cent. Descriptive circulars on request.
Peabody, Houghteling & Co.
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U. S. Light & Heating
Descriptive circular on request.
JONES & CO.
30 Broad St. 'Phones 213-214 Broad.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Hawley's Deal in Hocking Closing.

The deal for the sale of the Hocking Valley to the Chesapeake & Ohio and for the rearrangement of the Hocking Valley system, including the sale of the Toledo & Ohio Central to the Lake Shore, has got far enough along for the principals in the negotiations to admit the likelihood of the transaction being closed in the very near future. An associate of Edwin Hawley said yesterday that the deal had been practically closed, there being little left to do now except to formally conclude negotiations. The Chesapeake & Ohio and the Lake Shore both have a one-sixth interest in the Hocking Valley, and through the Hocking Road in the Toledo & Ohio Central, and the deal, therefore, means the concentration of control of these two roads and of the Kanawha & Michigan in the hands of the Chesapeake & Ohio and the Lake Shore.

***

Hill Lines Connecting in Oregon.

Negotiations have been under way between the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific and the Oregon Electric Railway looking to the establishment of a working agreement between these lines. It was reported yesterday that the negotiations have reached a point which assures a traffic agreement. The Oregon Electric was organized in 1906, and now operates about seventy miles of interurban electric railway, the main section of its road running from Portland to Salem. The company proposes all told to build about 300 miles more of similar electric lines, part of them paralleling the Southern Pacific. From this it is argued that an alliance between this line and the Hill roads will mean a further step in the competition in Oregon between the Hill and the Harriman lines.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Monday.

Business on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was decidedly professional in its character. It was evident that public interest in the market was again at a low ebb. Transactions in a number of the specialties very active recently were represented by but a few odd lots Trading interest was largely concentrated in Reading, Union Pacific, Amalgamated Copper, Smelting, and United States Steel common, particularly the last named, whose total of 21,830 shares was about one-third of the grand total of 61,470 shares for all issues. Forty-eight different stocks changed hands during the course of the session.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,930	Amal. Copper	79½	79¾	78⅝	79¼
10	Am. B. Sugar	40	40	40	40
70	Am. C. & Fdy.	65½	65½	64¾	64¾
10	Am. Cot. Oil	68½	68½	68½	68½
90	Am. H. & L pf.	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾
20	Am. Ice	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
60	Am. Locomo	53	53¼	52½	52½
3,790	Am. Smelting	88¾	87¾	86¼	86⅞
10	Am. Sugar	124¾	124¾	124¾	124¾
160	Anac. Copper	49½	49¾	49¾	49¾
520	A., T. & S. F.	117	117¼	116½	116½
30	Balt. & Ohio	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞
290	Brook. R. T.	77	77¼	76¾	76⅝
30	Cent. Leather	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼
1,700	Ches. & Ohio	86¼	87¼	85¾	87⅛
10	Chi. Gt. West.	31½	31½	31½	31½
70	C., M. & St. P.	146¾	146¾	146¼	146⅞
30	Col. F. & I.	41	41⅝	41	41¼
400	Cons. Gas	147¼	148	147¼	147¾
120	Corn. Products	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
70	Dist. Secur.	33½	33⅝	33½	33⅝
90	Erie	31⅝	31⅝	31½	31⅝
10	Gt. Nor. pf.	137⅝	137⅝	137⅝	137⅝
140	Inter.-Met.	22⅝	22⅞	22½	22½
250	Int.-Met. pf.	57½	57¼	57	57¼
130	Mo., K. & T.	43½	43⅝	43½	43⅝
20	Nat. Lead	84	84¼	84	84¼
480	N. Y. Central	126⅝	126⅝	125¾	126
10	N. Y., O. & W.	45½	45½	45½	45½
100	Nor. Pacific	137	137½	136¾	137
520	Pennsylvania	137½	137½	137	137½
10	People's Gas	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝
11,320	Reading	168⅝	169⅜	168½	168¾
720	Rock Island	50½	50½	50	50
40	Rock Isl. pf.	91½	91½	91	91
8,860	So. Pacific	130⅛	130⅝	129½	130
20	So. Railway	29	29	29	29
20	Texas Pacific	30⅝	30¼	30⅛	30½
120	Third Av.	6⅝	7¼	6⅝	7
7,880	Union Pacific	189¾	190⅝	189	189⅝
300	U. S. Rubber	46⅝	46⅞	46½	46⅝
21,830	U. S. Steel	88⅝	89⅛	88¼	88⅝
70	Utah Copper	50⅝	50⅞	50⅜	50⅜
190	Va.-Car. Chem.	58⅜	58⅝	57⅝	57⅞
100	Wabash	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
1,200	Wabash pf.	49⅝	50⅛	49⅝	49⅝
120	Western Md.	53	53	53	53
20	West. Union	76⅝	76⅝	76	76
61,470					

MINING STOCKS.

500	Atlanta	.15½	.15½	.15½	.15½
500	Belmont	2.37½	2.37½	2.35	2.35
400	Blue Bell	.03½	.03½	.03½	.03½
500	Comb. Frac.	.34	.34	.34	.34
800	Comstock	.34	.34	.33	.33
100	Cons. Va.	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
300	Goldf. Cons.	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40
1,000	McNamara	.28	.28	.27½	.27½
500	Midway	.30	.30	.30	.30
2,000	Mohawk Ext.	.01½	.01½	.01¼	.01½
100	Ophir	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55
300	Potosi	.72	.72	.72	.72
500	Tonopah Ext.	.70	.70	.68	.68
500	West End	.38	.38	.38	.38
$,000					

WHEAT.

205,000	May option.	1.13⅜	1.14¾	1.13⅜	1.14¼

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Directors of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company have organized by re-electing the former officers.

William A. Read & Co. offer at 86 and interest, to yield 4¾ per cent., $250,000 Chicago & Eastern Illinois refunding and improvement mortgage 4s of 1955.

The disciplinary suspension of sixty days imposed upon S. B. Chapin by the Stock Exchange in connection with the Rock Island flurry expired yesterday, but as Mr. Chapin has seldom appeared on the Exchange floor the incident passed without much notice.

N. W. Harris & Co. and the National City Bank have purchased from the Southern Power Company $5,000,000 first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, which are offered at 98½ and accrued interest. This company operates hydro-electric power plants of nearly 75,000 horse power capacity in North and South Carolina. The President of the company is J. B. Duke, President of the American Tobacco Company.

The sixteenth annual report of the National Life Insurance Company of Montpelier, Vt., shows income of $8,418,275, against $4,813,315 in 1909, and assets of $47,490,908, against $17,738,861 in 1900. The surplus of Jan. 1 was $5,829,868, against $1,874,922 on the same date in 1900. The insurance in force at the first of the year was $139,187,877, against $89,890,026 in 1900.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Beginning of Heavy Settlement Makes Loans Dearer in London.

LONDON, March 14.—The demand for money increased and discount rates advanced to-day. The Bank of England paid 77s 9½d., an advance of ½d. for the bulk of the $3,000,000 South African gold available.

The settlement, one of the heaviest in years, commenced to-day,, and fortnightly loans were dearer, the carryover rates for Americans being quoted at 4½ per cent. Business for the new account was good, and prices were generally firm, especially for home rails, Kaffirs, and rubber shares; but gilt-edged securities drooped on the dearer monetary outlook. Foreign bonds were quietly firm.

American securities opened quiet and from ⅛ to ¼ either side of parity. During the early session trading was limited to a few buying orders, principally in United States Steel, but the poor New York bank statement prevented any material improvement. New York bid up the list half a point in the afternoon, and the market closed quietly steady.

Bar silver steady, 23⅝d per ounce.

Money, 1¼@1¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3@3⅛ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3¼ per cent.

PARIS, March 14.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 12½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 22c for checks.

BERLIN, March 14.—Transactions were light and price changes were small on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	81 3-16	..	..	3-16
Consols, account	81 5-16	..	..	3-16
Anaconda	10¼	49¼	49½	¼
Atchison	120⅛	116⅝	117	⅛
Can. Pacific	184⅝	179½	180	½
St. Paul	151	147	146¾	¼
Erie	32¾	31⅞	31¾	⅛
Erie 1st pf.	52¾	51⅝	50¾	⅛
Illinois Central	146½	142¾	142½	¼
Louis. & Nash.	157	153	153¼	¼
N. Y. Central	129½	126½	125⅞	⅜
Pennsylvania	70½	137¼	137	¼
Reading	86¼	168	168½	½
So. Pacific	133⅜	130¼	130	¼
Union Pacific	190¼	190¼	189⅝	⅜
U. S. Steel	90⅝	88⅛	88⅝	¼
U. S. Steel pf.	125¼	121⅞	122	⅛

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	93½	94½
German Government 3s	84½	85½
Prussian consol 4s	101¾	102¾
Bavarian Government 4s	101½	102½
Hessian Government 3½s	92¼	93¼
Saxony Government 3s	84	85
Hamburg Government 3s	83½	84½
City of Berlin 4s	100¼	101¼
City of Cologne 4s	100¼	101¼
City of Augsburg 4s	100¼	101¼
City of Munich 4s	100¼	101¼
City of Frankfort 3½s	93½	94½
City of Vienna 4s	96¼	97¼
Mexican Government 5s	101½	102½
Russian Government 4s	92½	93½
British consol 2½s	80¾	81¾

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	7	3	Esperanza	2	17	6
Tomboy	0	17	0	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	8	0	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

BANK OF COMMERCE STOCK UP

Advanced 20 Points More Yesterday—All Rumors of a Merger Denied.

An advance in Bank of Commerce stock yesterday from 220 to 240, marking a total advance of 40 points within a fortnight, was accompanied by a variety of rumors dealing with reported plans to merge the Bank of Commerce with other institutions. These were denied, old reports and new reports alike. The latest suggestion yesterday was that the National City Bank and the Bank of Commerce were to be merged. According to another story, the Bank of Commerce was to be merged with the First National and the Chase National, while still another was that the banks to be consolidated were the Bank of Commerce, the Chase National and the Hanover National.

The recent upward movement in Bank of Commerce stock dates from the entrance to the board of that bank of J. P. Morgan, Jr., and H. P. Davison, but it was said on authority yesterday their election carried no such meaning as the Street has chosen to attribute to it.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 14.—Local stocks ruled quiet, trading being mostly in Diamond Match and Illinois Brick, both of which showed strength. Street's Stable Car also ruled higher on small dealings.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	American Can	12¼	12¼	12¼
90	American Can pf.	78¾	78¼	78¾
10	Am. Shipbuilding	75	75	75
100	Am. Tel. & Tel.	14½	14½	14½
38	Booth Fisheries	38½	38½	38½
53	Booth Fisheries pf.	70	69½	70
118	Chi. Pneu. Tool	45¼	45	45¼
35	Chicago Telephone	132	132	132
25	Commercial Edison	116¼	116¼	116¼
50	Corn Prod. refg.	19	19	19
283	Diamond Match	99½	98½	98½
742	Illinois Brick	85½	84	85½
3	Met. El. pf.	53¾	53¾	53¾
25	National Biscuit	110½	110½	110½
4	National Carbon	112½	112½	112½
150	People's Gas	111¾	110¾	110¾
14	Quaker Oats	186	186	186
44	Quaker Oats pf.	104½	104½	104½
70	Sears-Roebuck pf.	122	121	122
75	South Side Elev.	53	53	53
35	Street's Stable Car	28½	28	28½
100	Swift & Co.	105⅝	105⅜	105⅝
5	United Boxboard	9	9	9

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 14.—Following is the weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston and comparisons:

	Mar. 12, '10.	Decrease for Wk.	Mar. 13, '09.
Loans	$197,564,000	*$3,623,000	$200,480,000
Circulation	7,055,000	*15,000	7,899,000
Deposits	163,946,000	*575,000	162,511,000
Due banks	71,976,000	400,000	80,315,000
U. S. depos.	3,203,000	*178,000	767,000
Res. agents.	32,442,000	458,000	36,244,000
Ex. clg.	14,900,000	1,619,000	12,968,000
Due from bks	21,226,000	547,000	21,468,000
5% fund	363,500	.....	412,000
Leg. tender	4,283,000	*1,000	3,197,000
Specie	20,142,000	2,000	22,238,000
Surplus	725,000	400,857	1,082,429
N. Y. surp.	8,472,000	857,857	11,891,429

*Increase.

Exchange to Close Three Days.

LONDON, March 14.—The Stock Exchange will be closed on March 25, 26, and 28 on account of the Easter holidays.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York.
LONDON, 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY
The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Co.
Consolidated Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds,
DUE JULY 1ST, 1933. INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 1ST AND JULY 1ST.
Legal Investments for SAVINGS BANKS IN NEW YORK STATE.
Price and description on application. Yield, about 4%.
CLARK, DODGE & CO.
51 Wall Street BANKERS New York

BUY LOW COST GUARANTEED LIFE INSURANCE
For forty-five years The Travelers has been the leader in this form of life insurance, the merit of which is widely recognized.
THE TRAVELERS GUARANTEES MORE INSURANCE FOR THE SAME PREMIUM THAN PARTICIPATING COMPANIES and continues it in force without further payment of premiums if the insured shall become permanently disabled.
The Travelers has over $200,000,000 of Life Insurance in force protected by abundant reserves, and by capital and surplus of $10,000,000.
THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY
New York Branch Offices: 31 NASSAU STREET. 1 MADISON AVE.
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

$15,000,000
The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company
TWENTY-FIVE YEAR FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF 1906
Dated March 12, 1906. Due May 1, 1931.
Interest payable May 1 and November 1.

Outstanding (this issue) and now listed on the New York Stock Exchange	$35,000,000
Now offered for sale	15,000,000
Total authorized issue	$50,000,000

Application will be made to list on the New York Stock Exchange the bonds now offered for sale
For particulars of these bonds, their authorized sale by the New York State Public Service Commission, Second District, and by the Michigan State Board of Railroad Commissioners, reference is invited to the letter from Mr. W. C. Brown, President, dated March 3, 1910, copies of which may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.
HAVING SOLD A PORTION OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED BONDS, WE OFFER SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALE AND CHANGE IN PRICE, THE BALANCE OF THE $15,000,000 OF BONDS AT 93¼ AND ACCRUED INTEREST, AT WHICH PRICE THE BONDS YIELD ABOUT 4½%.
The definitive bonds are expected to be ready for delivery in about two weeks. In the meanwhile we will issue our temporary receipts.
J. P. MORGAN & CO.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK. NATIONAL CITY BANK.
Bonds will also be sold by Messrs. DREXEL & CO., Philadelphia.
Dated New York, March 14, 1910.

Free of Taxes in the State of New York
$10,000,000
New York Telephone Company
First and General Mortgage Gold Sinking Fund 4½ Per Cent. Bonds
Dated October 1, 1909. Due November 1, 1939.
Interest payable May 1 and November 1.

£3,000,000 of these Bonds are being offered simultaneousiy in London and Amsterdam, by Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd., and Messrs. Hope & Co. These Bonds are part of an authorized issue of $75,000,000 of which £2,500,000 and $12,500,000 are now outstanding.

The surplus earnings of the Company, including those of the constituent companies which were consolidated with the New York Telephone Company in September, 1909, have been for the past six years as follows:

1904	$8,235,000
1905	8,610,000
1906	8,568,000
1907	9,851,000
1908	10,245,000
1909	10,572,000

Interest charges, including interest on the present issue of £3,000,000 and $10,000,000 Bonds, will be $2,401,600 per annum.

The undersigned offer the above bonds for public subscription at 97½%.

The bonds will begin to bear interest from May 1, 1910, and the first coupon attached to the bond will be due November 1, 1910.

Interest at the rate of 4½% per annum will be adjusted from date of final payment to May 1, 1910, from which date interest will accrue on bonds.

Subscription books will be opened at the offices of the undersigned at ten o'clock on Wednesday, March 16, 1910, and closed at or before three o'clock on the same day, the right being reserved to reject any application and to allot smaller amounts than applied for, and to close the subscription books without notice.

All subscriptions should be accompanied by a deposit of $50 for each bond subscribed for. The balance of the amount due on bonds allotted upon subscription will be payable on or before May 2, 1910, at the offices of the undersigned, on which date the engraved bonds will be ready for delivery.

Circulars containing further particulars and copy of letter from Theodore N. Vail, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, may be obtained at either of our offices.

Kidder, Peabody & Co.,
115 Devonshire Street, Boston, Mass.
56 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

Municipal, Railroad, Corporation
BONDS
To net 3½% to 6%
Write for descriptive circular.
O'CONNOR & KAHLER
49 Wall Street, New York

Statistical Record
of 300 Railroads and Industrial Corporations and
Letter on Central Leather
Sent on request.
STANLEY B. McLEAN
Member Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
32 Broadway, New York.

City of Seattle, Wash.
4½
City of Wilmington, Del.
4s
E. H. ROLLINS & SONS
43 Exchange Place, New York.
Boston Chicago Denver San Francisco
Telephone—Hanover 7007.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
135 Broadway, New York City
Capital, - - $1,000,000
Surplus & Profits, 1,500,000
Officers of the Company would appreciate an opportunity to present the advantages of naming the Trust Company as executor or trustee under wills whether the amount to be devised is large or small.

MORRISTOWN TRUST COMPANY
MORRISTOWN, N. J.
PAYS 3% INTEREST
on check accounts payable in N. Y. funds.
Capital, Surplus, and Profits, over $2,100,000.
DEPOSITS, over $7,000,000.
RESOURCES, over $9,000,000.
SAMUEL FREEMAN, President.
Directors.
Samuel Freeman, H. A. Hutchins,
Willard W. Cutler, John H. Capstick,
Gustav E. Kissel, Samuel S. Dennis,
Richard A. McCurdy, Alexander H. Tjers,
James A. Webb, James N. Wallace,
G. G. Frelinghuysen, S. Minot Jones,
O. H. Kahn, D. Olcott,
Walter G. Oakman, A. R. Whitney, Jr.,
Henry F. Taylor, Richard H. Williams,
Louis A. Thebaud, James B. Duke.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS
160 Broadway, Manhattan.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

L. B. WILSON D. M. FERGUSON
L. B. WILSON & CO
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
60 Wall St., N. Y.
**Since 1902 we have been handling
Fractional Lots
for cash or on conservative margin, with the same personal attention and quick service as 100 share orders.

BONDS.
Gas and Electric Company
at a price to yield 5¼%.
PARTICULARS UPON REQUEST.
JAS. W. BALL & CO.,
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
20 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Telephones 4555-4556 Rector.

Atlantic & Birmingham 1st 5s, 1934
Detroit, Toledo & Ironton 4s, 1955
New York & Westchester 4s, 2004
Hudson & Manhat. (McAdco Tun.) Sec.
M. WOLFF,
27 William St., N. Y. 6557-8-9 Broad.

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Preferred and Common Stock.
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Dominick & Dominick
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

H. M. BYLLESBY & Co
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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.
German American Filter Company of New York.
Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the German American Filter Company of New York will be held at the office of the company, No. 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 23d day of March, 1910, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing three Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before said meeting.
J. W. W. MITCHELL, Secretary.
Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.

The Home Insurance Company
56 CEDAR STREET,
New York, March 14, 1910.
The Annual Election for Directors of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 56 Cedar St., on Monday, April 4, 1910. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
C. L. TYNER, Secretary.

AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, held on Tuesday, March 1st, 1910, Eugene E. Osborn was unanimously nominated to fill a vacancy in the Board.
New York, March 1st, 1910.
GEORGE M. CORNING, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF THE GREEN-WOOD CEMETERY will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Wednesday, March 16, at 12 o'clock, noon, to receive the annual report of the Trustees.
T. HOOD MUIR, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

GUGGENHEIM EXPLORATION CO.
165 Broadway, New York, March 1st, 1910.
DIVIDEND NO. 29.
The Directors of the Guggenheim Exploration Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½%) PER CENT. on the capital stock issue of the Company, payable April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at three o'clock in the afternoon of March 18th, 1910.
The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will close at three o'clock in the afternoon of March 18th, 1910, and reopen April 2, 1910.
CHAS. K. LIPMAN, Secretary.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY.
165 Broadway, New York, March 10, 1910.
DIVIDEND NO. 7.
The Finance Committee of the Utah Copper Company has this day declared the Seventh Quarterly Dividend of Seventy-five Cents (75c.) per share, being at the rate of seven and one-half per cent. (7½%) per quarter on the par value, payable March 31, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 18, 1910. The books for the transfer of the stock of the company will close at 3 o'clock P. M. March 18, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M. March 22, 1910.
CHAS. K. LIPMAN, Asst. Secretary.

BRAZIL RAILWAY COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that a dividend has been declared of One and a Half Per Cent. for the quarter ending March 31st, 1910, on the Preferred Shares in the Capital Stock of the Brazil Railway Company, payable on April 5th to shareholders of record on the registers on March 31st, 1910.
The Transfer Books of the Company for the Preferred Shares will be closed from March 31st to April 5th, inclusive.
New York, March 15th, 1910.
RODNEY D. CHIPP, Secretary.

THE UNION BAG AND PAPER CO.
44TH QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.
17 Battery Place, N. Y., March 10th, 1910.
A dividend of 1% on the Preferred Stock of The Union Bag and Paper Company has this day been declared payable April 15th, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 16, 1910. The stock transfer books will be closed at the close of business on March 15th, 1910, and reopened at the opening of business on April 16th, 1910.
C. T. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY.
Interborough Rapid Transit Company, Lessee.
DIVIDEND NO. 104.
No. 165 Broadway, New York, March 10, 1910.
The guaranteed quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY will be paid on and after April 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15, 1910.
J. H. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

THE AEOLIAN, WEBER PIANO AND PIANOLA COMPANY.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS (1¾%) PER CENT. was declared upon the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable the 31st inst., to stockholders of record March 26.
WILLIAM E. WHEELOCK, Treasurer.
March 9, 1910.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.
A quarterly dividend of One and One-quarter Per Cent. (1¼%) has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable on April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 17th, 1910. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks will be mailed.
R. H. ISMON, Secretary.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
Jersey City, N. J., March 10, 1910.
A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to the registered holders on the 1st day of April, 1910. Transfer books will be closed on the 15th inst. and will be reopened April 2, 1910.
C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK,
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
March 2d, 1910.
DIVIDEND: The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent., free of tax, payable April 1st to Stockholders of Record.
Transfer books will close March 24th, and reopen April 2d, 1910. EMIL KLEIN, Cashier.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.
The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Quarter Per Cent. upon the Common Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Company, Arcade Building, Philadelphia, Pa., on and after March 18, 1910, to the Common Stockholders as registered at the close of business February 28, 1910.
E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co.
Nashville, Tenn., March 10, 1910.
The Directors this day declared regular quarterly dividend, being Number 106, of 2%, payable April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record close of business March 19th. Stock books will reopen for transfers of stock March 21st.
T. D. WEBB, Treasurer.

PEORIA & EASTERN RAILWAY CO.
By order of the Board of Directors of this Company, FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST will be paid on its Income Mortgage Bonds at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co, New York, on April 1, 1910, upon surrender of the coupons then maturing. CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

American Real Estate Co. Sells Big Bronx Plot for Improvement with Ten Apartment Houses—Investors Buy Business Property—Tenements in Demand.

The effect of Subway improvements on surrounding property has again been demonstrated in the section around the new Intervale Avenue Station of the Bronx branch of the Subway. This property was very inactive up to the time that the Henry Morgenthau Company and George F. Johnson contributed $85,000 toward the construction of the new station at Intervale and Westchester Avenues. Since the commencement of the work on this station five elevator apartment houses have been started in the immediate vicinity.

Yesterday the American Real Estate Company sold through Jacob Leitner to the Winnie Realty and Construction Company, Maurice Muller President, the southeast corner of Westchester Avenue and Kelly Street, having a frontage of 257 feet on Kelly Street. It will be improved with ten high-class apartment houses. The buyers have just completed thirteen houses on Intervale Avenue, of which three have already been sold.

The same broker has also sold for the Johnson-Kahn Company the southeast corner of Intervale and Westchester Avenues, 121 by 184, irregular, for immediate improvement. This plot is located at the foot of the station stairs.

In addition to these sales Mr. Leitner reports the sale of a plot of seventeen lots on the west side of Kelly Street, 410 by 100, 73 feet south of Intervale Avenue, for the Longvale Construction Company, and for M. L. & C. Ernst, on the east side of Beck Street between Longwood and Intervale Avenues, sixteen lots, 410 by 100 feet, 100 feet north of Longwood Avenue. Both the Kelly and Beck Street plots will be improved immediately.

Investor Buys 141 Park Row.

The Riche estate has sold through Ames & Co. the building 141 Park Row, on lot 16 by 64, to a client for investment. This property has been in the Riche family for over seventy years.

Important Deal in West 12th Street.

The Jackson Square Realty Company has purchased the property 245 to 251 West Twelfth Street, running through to 14 to 14 Jane Street, an old building on plot fronting 77.9 and 76.2 feet, respectively, with a depth of about 126 feet, just west of Greenwich Avenue.

The company will erect on the site a six-story and basement garage, which has been leased from the plans for a term of ten years to the Midtown Auto Storage Company at an aggregate rental of $240,000. R. G. Furey was the broker in the transaction.

Old Perry Street Buildings Sold.

Fred J. Richters has sold for Bernard Meyer to James H. Crulkshank 161 to 165 Perry Street, between West and Washington Streets, size 66 by 100, occupied by old dwellings. This is the first sale of this property since 1881. This property will be improved.

Robert R. Rainey and Horace S. Ely & Co. have sold for Mary R. King 152 West Street, 19.9 by 83.3, located about 43 feet north of Barclay Street. The sale involves the land only.

Sale in Loft Zone.

John Fleury has sold 229 and 231 Seventh Avenue, two four-story buildings on plot 37 by 79, adjoining the northeast corner of Twenty-third Street.

An important sale in the Upper Broadway section that seems to imply an important improvement in the near future was the purchase by F. R. Fellows from Anna Eisen of the three old three-story houses at 233, 235, and 237 West Forty-ninth Street, on a plot 54 by 100.5, between Broadway and Eighth Avenue. J. B. English was the broker who negotiated the sale. The property adjoins on the west St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church and Rectory.

Elsie De Wolf Buys Dwelling.

Elsie De Wolf, the actress, has bought, through Albert B. Ashforth, from Douglas Elliman, the four-story dwelling 131 East Seventy-first Street. The house occupies a lot 17 by 102.2, near Lexington Avenue.

Edmund A. S. Clarke has bought from Annie F. Leverich 10 East Seventy-fifth Street, a four-story and basement stone-front dwelling, on lot 19.5 by 102.2, between Fifth and Madison Avenues. The house is separated by a twenty-five-foot dwelling from the fifty-foot residence of Nathaniel L. McCready.

Winifred T. Johnes has sold 162 West Eighty-fifth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 18.9 by 102.2, near Amsterdam Avenue.

East Side Tenements in Demand.

Morris Jacoby has bought from the estate of Herman Oppenheim 198 East Seventh Street, a six-story tenement, with stores, on lot 25 by 90.10, between Avenues B and C.

Ernest N. Adler has sold for John Basco to Louis Levy 1,448 First Avenue, a five-story tenement, with stores, on lot 25.6 by 88, and resold the same property for the purchaser to J. Modry.

Adolphus Busch Buys Plot.

Adolphus Busch, the St. Louis brewer, took title yesterday from Edward O. Brandt and Hannah F. Binns to the plot having a frontage of 242.10 feet on the west side of Northern Avenue, 178.3 feet north of 181st Street. The plot is in the vicinity of the C. K. G. Billings dwelling. Several other wealthy New Yorkers hold title to large parcels along Fort Washington ridge and the extension of River-side Drive, which, it is said, will be the future Fifth Avenue of New York City.

Harlem Flats in Trade.

The Brown Realty Company has bought from Uhlfelder & Weinberg 2,254 Fifth Avenue, a six-story flat, with stores, on plot 50 by 62.6, adjoining the northwest corner of 137th Street. The dwelling 313 West 107th Street, recently reported sold by the Brown Realty Company, was given in exchange.

Bronx Sales.

Walker & Burger have sold for Robert H. Thompson and Henry D. Norris, President and Vice President of the Thompson & Norris Company, five lots on the west side of Jackson Avenue, 213 feet north of 163d Street, being the only vacant plot left on the west side of Jackson Avenue between 163d and 165th Streets, to Oliva E. Davis.

Leo Levinson has resold the two three-story tenements 1,064 and 1,066 Brook Avenue, on plot 46.1 by 40.9 and irregular.

Ennis & Sinnot have resold the fifty-foot plot on the north side of 169th Street, 68 feet east of Walton Avenue. Collins & Barry were the brokers.

Brooklyn Sales.

Newbegin & Winter have sold a plot, 230 by 105, on the south side of Lincoln Road, including the southwest corner of Bedford Avenue and Lincoln Road, for the estate of John Lefferts to F. B. Norris, for $40,000. Mr. Norris will erect on this plot five private residences, to cost from $20,000 to $25,000; also, the northwest corner of Rogers Avenue and Lincoln Road, a four-story brick store and flat building, 26.6 by 104, for J. H. Forshew to an investor, for $30,000.

M. Arlington Wilson has sold the four-story brick apartment house in Brooklyn at 693 Madison Street, near Reid Avenue, to Franklyn M. Wise of Manhattan, for investment. The plot is 29.6 by 100.

Want New Concourse Entrance.

At a recent meeting of the Board of Governors of the Real Estate Board of Brokers the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, That the entrance to the Grand Concourse and Boulevard from the Central Bridge to the Heine Monument, on 161st Street, is one of the very necessary Bronx improvements requiring prompt action by the Bronx Borough authorities, and this board favors the original entrance plan of Louis Risse, former Chief Topographical Engineer of the Bronx, as published in The Record and Guide of Sept. 11, 1909, Page 473, and we ask for immediate action on this matter, to make the Grand Boulevard and the tri-park system of Bronx, Van Cortlandt, and Pelham Bay Parks accessible to the citizens of all the boroughs of the City of New York."

Real Estate Investing.

"Real Estate Investing" will be the subject discussed by Henry Morgenthau, President of the Henry Morgenthau Company, before the real estate class of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, this evening.

Bronx Theatre Lien Removed.

As the result of a satisfactory settlement the lien of $209,412.05, filed some time ago by the Mandel Building Company against the new Bronx Theatre at Bergen Avenue and 149th Street, being erected by the William T. Keogh Amusement Company, was removed yesterday. Work on the new theatre will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

Madison Ave. House for Studio.

Plans have been filed for making over the four-story and basement residence at 415 Madison Avenue into a studio and store building with a flat apartment included, the building being enlarged for the new occupancy, and the improvements made from drawings by L. C. Maurer, as architect, at a cost of $10,000 for Isabella M. Pettus.

Gallatin House Alterations.

Stephenson & Wheeler, architects for the Gallatin estate, have filed revised plans for the proposed conversion of the old brownstone high-stoop Gallatin dwelling at the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, into offices and warerooms for the firm of Brewster & Co.

Notes.

At the last meeting of the Board of Governors of the Real Estate Board of Brokers Messrs. Francis E. Ward and A. N. Gitterman were appointed as a special committee to appear at Albany to-morrow in opposition to the amendments to the "Dana Lien Law bill."

Morris F. Hochstadter is the buyer of 233 West Thirty-sixth Street, the sale of which by Mrs. Otto Zanker was reported sold Friday.

Pierre M. Clear was associated with John Peters in the sale of the southwest corner of Fourteenth Street and Second Avenue.

To-day at the Vesey Street Salesroom Joseph P. Day will offer for the Heineman estate the large plot on Broad Street, running through to New Street.

Other parcels to be offered by Mr. Day are 127 East Forty-seventh Street, 17 Charles Street, 77 Greenwich Avenue, 58 Willett Street, 249 West Sixtieth Street, 117 East Ninety-seventh Street, 120 East 113th Street, 498 Manhattan Avenue, the northeast corner of Bleecker Street and Van Nest Place.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

132d St, 53, n s, 155 ft w of Park Av, 20x99.11, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, A. D. Moran, $5,000.

8th St, 39, n s, 554.5 ft w of 5th Av, 23x93.11, vacant; foreclosure sale, adjourned to March 28.

118th St, 407, n s, 110.8 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Louis De Hollub, $5,000.

Forest St, e s, 150 ft n of West Farms Road, 37.6x104.5x37.6x106.9, Westchester; foreclosure sale, to O'Connell & Mayer, $1,525.

Woodlawn Road, w s, 25 ft n of 208th St, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Julius Mayer, $3,000.

Woodlawn Road, w s, 75 ft n of 208th St, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Julius Mayer, $2,900.

Woodlawn Road, w s, 125 ft n of 208th St, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Julius Mayer, $2,900.

Woodlawn Road, w s, 400 ft n of 208th St, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Julius Mayer, $2,700.

Woodlawn Road, w s, 450 ft n of 208th St, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Frederick Allen, $2,925.

Van Cortlandt Av, n w corner of Rochambeau Av, 29.2x117.11x25x102.9, vacant; foreclosure sale, to Frederick Allen, $1,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Bank St, 42 and 44, for a six-story brick tenement, 40.2x78.3; C. Rubinger, 220 Broadway, owner; H. S. Lion, architect; cost, $40,000.

Beach Terrace, s s, 100 ft w of Beekman Av, for three five-story brick tenements, 37.6x88 each; William Nelson, 2,461 Washington Av, owner; Schaefer & Jaeger, architects; cost, $80,000.

Morris Av, e s, 97 ft n of 183d St, for four three-story brick dwellings, 18.0x55; A. Warren Construction Co., 2,928 Morris Av, owner; J. J. Vreeland, architect; cost, $24,000.

Newman St, n e corner of Bronx River Av, for a one-story frame store, 25x60; Clinton Stephens, Clason Point, owner; R. Richi, lessee; L. E. Ebsen, architect; cost, $450.

Southern Boulevard, s w corner of Tiffany St, for two five-story brick tenements, 85x90 and 40x88; Eberhard Podgur Co., 351 East 189th St, owners; Charles Kreymborg, architect; cost, $80,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Madison Av, 415, to a four-story and basement dwelling; I. M. Pettus, premises, owner; L. C. Maurer, architect; cost, $10,000.

5th Av, 670, to a four-story brick dwelling; Gallatin estate, 27 West 27th St, owner; Stepheson & Wheeler, architects; cost, $10,000.

1024 St, 221 East, to a five-story brick tenement and store; F. M. Cohen, 67 Riverside Drive, owner; R. Rohl, architect; cost, $5,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, MARCH 14.

ALBANY ST, 7 and 9, n s, 40x irregular; Washington St, 133 to 139, e s, 102x irregular; Cedar St, 126, e s, 24.10x irregular; Lyman Denison to Ellen L. Loughlin, (mtg $47,000,) $1.

ALBANY ST, 7 and 9, n s, 40x irregular; Washington St, 133 to 139, e s, 102x irregular; Cedar St, 126, s s, 24.10x irregular; Ellen L. Loughlin to Lyman and Mary S. Denison, (mtg $47,000,) $1.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 50 ft s of 180th St, 50x100; D. M. Koehler & Son Co. to Antoinette Goldman, (mtg $18,500,) $100.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 200 ft s of Prospect Place, 30x92.4; William Klein to Lena Sternstein of Brooklyn, $9,500.

BROOK AV, e s, 223.6 ft s of 167th St, 5x118.10, also part of Lot 155, map of Morrisania, 25x141; Victor Tolf to Annie Tolf, ½ part, $1.

BRYANT AV, e s, 355 ft s of 172d St, 20x100; Peter Sinnott to Annie Kaplan, (mtg $9,500,) $100.

CEDAR AV, e s, 100 ft n of a point 11.7 ft e from a monument x100.10x131.2 to Sedgwick Av; Morris Heights Realty Co. to Ida Bamman, $100.

DEY ST, 52, 25x78; William E. Brayton to L. Bell Caldwell, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., all title, $1.

HAVILAND AV, s s, 300 ft w of Avenue B, 100x108, Unionport; Bertha Kastner to Christian Kastner, $200.

HAVILAND AV, s s, 300 ft w of Avenue B, 100x108, Unionport; Christian Kastner to Bertha Kastner, $100.

INTERVALE AV, w s, 216 ft n of Freeman St, 50x105; Vale Construction Co. to John F. Gavenda, (mtg $47,000,) $100.

JENNINGS ST, n e corner of Wilkins Place, 100.2x156.0x100x156.6; Fleischman Realty and Construction Co. to Simon Machiz, (mtg $20,500,) $100.

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 19.9 ft n of 46th St, 19.9 x85; Jennie T. Draper and others to Mary L. Tonetti, $100.

INDEPENDENCE AV, n e corner of Palisade Av, 298x241.9, also Lot 200 on tax map; Isaac A. Stewart to Mary J. Scoville of Volusia, Fla., quitclaim, $1.

LOT 29, Block 28, map of Pelham Park, foreclosure; Louis B. Hasbrouck, referee, to Samuel Cohen, $500.

LOTS 9 and 10, map of Duchess Land Co, Throgg's Neck; David L. Thomas to Julia L. Shotter of Cleveland, Ohio, $100.

MADISON AV, 1,756, w s, 30x85; Max Marks to Samuel Lewis, (mtg $26,000,) $100.

MADISON ST, 239, n s, 25x100; Phoenix Ingraham to Louis Pades, $55,000.

NORTHERN AV, w s, 178.3 ft n of 181st St, 242.10x irregular to e s of Riverside Drive; Hannah F. Binns to Adolphus Busch of St. Louis, Mo., 3-14 part, $20,000.

PARK AV, 226, n s, 25x100; Hans W. Meyer to Nathalie Mayer, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

PLEASANT AV, 287, w s, 15x74; Louis Leo to Rosina Leo, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

PLIMPTON AV, 1,310, w s, 22x88.10x22.5x93.1; James C. Picken to Joseph Weber, (mtg $6,500,) $100.

ROBBINS AV, s e s, 100 ft s w of Pontiac St, 50x105; John A. Bopp, executor, to Froma Realty Co., (mtg $4,000,) $10.000.

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 569 ft n of 180th St, 25x112; William Coogan to Elizabeth M. Coogan and another, $100.

WILKINS PLACE, n s, 307.1 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 25x133.4; Carrie Pries to the Jacob Streifler Co., $100.

7TH ST, s s, 105.8 ft e of Avenue C, 22.8x90.10; Leopold Kaufmann to Jonas Weil and another, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

18TH ST, s s, 383 ft w of 8th Av, 60x92; William H. Murphy to Anna M. McKean, quitclaim, $1.

27TH ST, 232 West, s s, 24.10x98.9; Charles Roos to Edward A. Kohn, $1.

39TH ST, 551 West, s s, 25x98.9; Moses Valenstein to Sadie Murphy, (mtg $18,500,) $100.

39TH ST, 536 and 538 West, s s, 50x98.9; Moses Valenstein to Cassandra Mendeson, (mtg $36,500,) $100.

70TH ST, 511 and 513 East, n s, 50x100.5; Alois Kral to Anton Krchov, (mtg $21,000,) $100.

82D ST, 345 East, n s, 22.4x102.2; Franziska M. Britting to Julia Szilak, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

85TH ST, 318 West, s s, 16.8x102.2; Edgar H. Laing to Alexander P. W. Kinnan, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

99TH ST, 74 and 76 East, s s, 35x100.11; Samuel Hillinger to Mary Birnbaum, (mtg $34,000,) $40,500.

112TH ST, 324 East, s s, 25x100.10, foreclosure; James A. Allen, referee, to Semi Nowak, (mtg $2,500,) $2,500.

113TH ST, 20 East, s s, 18.9x100.11; Dora Portman to Martin C. Wright, quitclaim, $1.

113TH ST, s s, 281.8 ft e of 5th Av, 18.9x100.11; Bertha Wright to Bernard Lichtenstein, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

113TH ST, 43 West, n s, 18.10x100.11; Henry Gerken to Elisabeth Gerken, $1.

134TH ST, n s, 117.10 ft w of 5th Av, 17.10x90.11; Marion G. Thomas, executrix, to Charles B. Wiggins, $1,000.

148TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of Broadway, 50x99.11; Anna M. O'Brien to William R. O'Brien, (mtg $13,000,) $100.

150TH ST, s s, 200.3 ft e of Morris Av, 25x100; Jennie Wood to Emma Kierstead of Jersey City, N. J., (mtg $1,500,) $100.

151ST ST, 504 East, s s, 37.6x100.3; William R. Lee to Charles Zeiler, Jr., (mtg $30,000,) $100.

179TH ST, 506 and 508 West, s s, 50x100; Hamilton Holding Co. to South Side Construction Co., (mtg $55,000,) $1.

203D ST, n s, 100 ft e of 10th Av, 200x98.11; Max Marks to John J. Mahoney, $100.

206TH ST, n s, at e s of Bussing's Lane, runs n 100x w 33.9x s 100 to street x e 25 to beginning; Richard O'Connor to Theresa A. O'Connor, $100.

215TH ST, Lots 102 to 105, Map 2 of Charles M. Connolly, 100x149.11; John Crowley to Etta Crowley, quitclaim, $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ANDERSON, Andrew G., to Ellen K. Denison; 10th Av, n s, 10½ ft of w ½ of Lot 994, map of Wakefield, 25x114, installments, 5½%, $4,000

ANDERSON, Andrew G., to Ellen K. Denison; 10th Av, n s e ½ of w ½ of Lot 994, map of Wakefield, 25x114, due April 1, 1913, 5½%, $1,000

BRENNER, Carl, to Hudson P. Rose Co.; Lots 83 and 84, map of 327 lots, Hunter estate, 3 years, 5½% $850

CAMPBELL, Alice E., to Mary A. Ruth-Terry; 235th St, 510 East, s s, 108 ft e of Verlo Av, 50x100, March 1, 5 years, 5½% $4,000

CANNARIATO, Marietta, to Giuseppe Termini; 75th St, 240 East, s s, 25x102.2, prior mtg $17,875, installments, 6% $784

CANNARIATO, Marietta, to Giuseppe Tennini; 75th St, 240 East s s, 25x102.2, prior mtg $18,659, 1 year, 6% $500

CANNARIATO, Salvatore, and another to Vincenza Tuzzolino; 75th St, 238 East, s s, 25x102.2, prior mtg $17,125, installments, 6% $1,143

CANNARIATO, Salvatore, and another to Giuseppe Termini; 75th St, 238 East, s s, 25x102.2, prior mtg $18,268, 1 year, 6% $500

CHAPMAN, Fanny, to Hudson P. Rose Co.; Lot 21, map of 327 lots, Hunter estate, 3 years, 5½% $550

CLARK, Montgomery H., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Reade St, 183, n s, 22.6x32; Chambers St, 191, n s, 20.8x49.10x20x87.6, due, &c, as per bond $7,500

CLARKE, Margaret A., to Julius Heiderman; Eagle Av, 571, w s, 25x120, due July 1, 1911, 6% $500

COSTELLO, Mary A., to Joseph Lehmann; Jerome Av, n e corner of 204th St, 50x100x48.11x100, due, as per bond $18,000

EBBETS, Kate A., to East River Savings Institution; 7th Av, 2,313, e s, 111.11 ft n of 155th St, 18x75, 5 years $10,000

EQUITABLE REALTY CO. to Frank A. McGovern; 149th St, 302 and 304 East, s s, 38.9x 51.6, prior mtg $—, 2 years, 6% $5,000

FRAZEE, Augustus S., to Emma E. Steele; Terrace View Av, n s, 420.10 ft w of Kingsbridge Av, 40x—, 3 years, 5½% $4,000

FROMA REALTY CO. to Joseph A. Bopp, executor; Robbins Av, s e s, 100 ft s w of Pontiac St, 50x105, due Dec. 14, 1910, 6% $4,750

GABEL, Christian, to Caroline Stern; Jackson Av, e s, 58.4 ft n of 158th St, 16.8x87.6, prior mtg $—, demand $100

GITSKAY REALTY CO. to Manhattan Savings Institution; Wadsworth Av, n w corner of 184th St, 179.10 to 85th St x70, due as per bond $200,000

GOLDMANS, Frederick, to William H. Wallace; Lot 22, map of property formerly owned by William H. Wallace, prior mtg $—, 5 years, 6% $926

GROSSMAN, Samuel, to James Suydam; Avenue B, w s, 73.4 ft n of 12th St, 18.5x60, due, &c, as per bond $9,000

HAMANN, Barbara, to Katharine Helbig; Park View Place, e s, 85 ft s of 190th St, 50x85, due July 1, 1413 ..... $6,000

HICKOX, Sidney B., to Magdalena Lohbauer; Lauport Av, s s, 400 ft w of Fort Schuyler Road, 25x100, Feb. 23, 3 years, 5½% $3,500

HUMBERT, Theonas J. A., to Alfred F. Bertin; Wooster St, 9, w s, 21.4x100x21.2x100, demand, 6% $500

JACOB STREIFLER CO. to Carrie Pries; Wilkins Place, e s, 303.1 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 25x—, due as per band $5,000

KAPLAN, Annie, to Peter Sinnott; Bryant Av, e s, 355 ft s of 172d St, 20x100, due Sept. 14, 1912, 6% $1,500

KAUFMANN, Leopold, to Metropolitan Savings Bank; 7th St, 230, s s, 105.8 ft e of Avenue C, 27.8x90.10, March 14, 5 years, 4½% $15,000

KOHN, Edward A., to Charles Roos; 27th St, 232 West, s s, 24.10x98.9, 3 years $27,500

KOLSEY, Morris, to Patrick J. Healy; 136th St, n e corner of Hamilton Place, 101.2x27, leasehold; installments, 6% $7,000

LYTTON, Henry C., to Empire Savings Bank; 6th Av, 110 and 112, s e corner of 9th St, 43.8 x— 3 years $125,000

MACHIZ, Simon, to Fleischmann Realty and Contracting Co.; Jennings St, n e corner of Wilkins Place, 100x150x100x156.6, due Sept. 11, 1911, 6% $12,750

McKEON REALTY CO. to Croton Securities Co.; 19th St, 428 and 430 West, s s, 25x92, prior mtg $—, due April 12, 1910, 6% $3,500

McPHERSON, Elizabeth, to Harriet I. Nixon; Walton Av, n w corner of 169th St, 84.5x 26.10x84.2x21.10, due July 1, 1913 ..... $2,500

MOONEY, Louis M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 76th St, 164 West, s s, 20x102.2, due as per bond $25,000

NOILLACE REALTY CO. to Edward A. Kerbs; 149th St, s s, 180 ft e of 8th Av, 40x99.11, 5 years, 4½% $36,000

POLIFUNE, Charles, to John C. Hart Realty Co.; 7th Av, s e corner of 134th St, 24.11x 75, 5 years $35,000

SCHORK, Julius, to Charles Spillner; Aqueduct Av, s e s, 477.6 ft s w of proposed new street, 42.1x—, due July 1, 1915, 4½% ..$12,000

STANDARD LITHO CO. to Dollar Savings Bank; Brook Av, e s, 377.7 ft s of 167th St, 25x90.11, prior mtg $55,500, 1 year, 6% .. $2,400

T. J. McGUIRE CONSTRUCTION CO. to Harlem Savings Bank; 178th St, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x91.2x75.1x96, 5 years $33,000

TONETTI, Mary L., to Bank for Savings in the City of New York; 40th St, n s, 83 ft e of Lexington Av, 40x98.9, 1 year, 4½% $33,000

VENEZIA, Pasquale, to Maria Moritz; Prospect Av, 2,143, n w s, 33x150, due July 1, 1913, 5½% $1,000

VENEZIA, Pasquale, to Julius Heiderman; Prospect Av, 2,143, n w s, 33x150, due July 1, 1912, 6% $1,100

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS DEVELOPMENT AND CON. CO. to United States Savings Bank; Audubon Av, 228-234, s w corner of 177th St, 99.11x100, 5 years $130,000

WHITTEMORE, Mary L., to George B. Goldschmidt and others, trustees; 20th St, 356, s s, 116.8 ft e of 9th Av, 108x91.11, March 14, 3 years $5,000

YALE, William H., to American Savings Bank; 40th St, s s, 320 ft w of 7th Av, 20x98.9, March 10, 3 years $22,000

Mechanics' Liens.

GREENWICH ST, 448; Jacob Ballington against Greenwich Investing Co., owner and contractor, $112.

WASHINGTON ST, 433; Jacob Ballington against Greenwich Investing Co., owner and contractor, $112.

39TH ST, 222 to 226 West; Cornelius J. Nye against Marmac Construction Co., owner; Hinkle Iron Co., contractor; Moses Nusbaum, sub-contractor, $14.

39TH ST, 222 to 226 West; Charles P. Sheridan against Marmac Construction Co., owner; Hinkle Iron Co., contractor; Moses Nusbaum, sub-contractor, $38.

39TH ST, 222 to 226 West; Jerome Pilkington against Marmac Construction Co., owner; Hinkle Iron Co., contractor; Moses Nusbaum, sub-contractor, $35.

39TH ST, 222 to 226 West; Robert Linton against Marmac Construction Co., owner; Hinkle Iron Co., contractor; Moses Nusbaum, sub-contractor, $51.

39TH ST, 222 to 226 West; William Miller against Marmac Construction Co., owner; Hinkle Iron Co., contractor; Moses Nusbaum, sub-contractor, $50.

141ST ST, 419 East; William Kroepke against Gertrude Grummons, owner and contractor, $69.

180TH ST, n s, whole front between Beaumont and Cambreling Av, 150x40; Frank Tranzillo against Bedford Park Construction Co., owner and contractor, $705.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,313 to 1,323; Pittsburg Plate Glass Co. against Boston Road Realty and Garage Co., Incorporated, owner and contractor, $100.

59TH ST, 15 East; Griffin Roofing Co. against John Doe, owner; Calumet Construction Co., contractor, $25.

137TH ST, 629 West; Isadc Osserman against Alcaza Realty Co., owner and contractor; A. Schworer, Jr., and Henry Sturtz, contractors, $1,318.

CLINTON AV, e s, 193.2 ft n of 169th St, 142.5x200.6 to Boston Road x irregular; John Bell Co. against Boston Road Realty and Garage Co., owner and contractor, $5,516.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

224TH ST, n s, 280 ft w of White Plains Road; Archie Stewart against James F. Moore and others, Feb. 25, 1910, (by deposit,) $76.

224TH ST, n s, 280 ft w of White Plains Road; Daniel Stewart against James F. Moore and others, Feb. 25, 1910, (by deposit,) $72.

224TH ST, n s, 280 ft w of White Plains Road; Gary Brennan against James F. Moore and others, Feb. 25, 1910, (by deposit,) $78.

224TH ST, n s, 280 ft w of White Plains Road; George Williams against James F. Moore and others, Feb. 25, 1910, (by deposit,) $69.

BERGEN AV, e s, whole front between Westchester Ave and Gerard St; Mandel Building Co. against William T. Keogh Amusement Co. and others, Jan. 31, 1910, $200,412.

BERGEN AV, e s, whole front between Westchester Av and Gerard St; Charles Schneider against William T. Keogh Amusement Co. and others, Dec. 28, 1909, $1,198.

BROADWAY, 4,431; Niagara Woodworking Co. against Henry C. Naumann and others, Oct. 9, 1909, $1,088.

Lis Pendens.

CHRYSTIE ST, 218 and 220; Antonio Sabatino and others against Orazio La Cagnina and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Bernstein.

BLEECKER ST, w s, 100.4 ft n of Charles St, 21.3x71; Maurice Cooper against Laura M. Leak, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, J. H. Bergman.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner of 181st St, 100x119.6; Ernestine Lamura against Gustavus L. Lawrence and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Menken Brothers.

165TH ST, s s, 105.11 ft e of Brook Av, 25x88.6; George A. Meyer, trustee, against Bessie Anderson, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. A. Allen.

1ST ST, 854; Jessica R. Green against Elizabeth Dendfeldt and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Alexander & Green.

181ST ST, s s, 100 ft e of Jerome Av, 100x150; George C. Widmayer against Anna Minnenkamp and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. H. Hayman.

129TH ST, 52 West; Clare M. Knoedler against Ann M. E. Lohrs and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

12TH ST, s s, 188 ft s e of 2d Av, 22x103.3; 12th St, s s, 210 ft s e of 2d Av, 33x103.3; 12th St, s s, 248 ft s e of 2d Av, 33x103.3; 12th St, s s, 276 ft s e of 2d Av, 17.9x94x irregular; 12th St, 310 to 316 East, leasehold; Catharina Ernst and others against Simon Uhlfelder and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. C. Gross.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION

SPECIAL SALES DAY

TO-DAY, MARCH 15.

at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., New York City,

10 CHOICE CITY PARCELS AT AUCTION.

Voluntary Partition Sale

46-48-50-52 Broad St., 46-48-50 New St.

(One Parcel, containing 14,256.61 sq. ft., more or less.)

Absolute Executors' Sales

127 East 47th Street. 17 Charles Street. 77 Greenwich Avenue.

Absolute Sales

58 Willett Street. 249 W. 60th Street. 117 E. 97th Street. 120 E. 113th Street.

Absolute Executrix's Sale

N. E. Cor. Bleecker St. and Van Nest Place

(Known as No. 367-369 Bleecker St. and No. 18 Van Nest Place.)

Special Sale

498 Manhattan Ave.

Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer. 31 Nassau St., New York.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auc'r, will sell at auction

To-morrow

at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.,

Executors' Sale,

Estate of Edward J. King, Dec'd, 121 to 139 W. 111th St.

Near Seventh Avenue.

The ten four story and basement high stoop brick and brown stone Dwellings, 13 rooms and bath in each dwelling, Nos. 121 to 131, size of plots 17x100.11 each, and Nos. 133 to 139, size of plots 18.6x100.11 each.

Caretaker in No. 123.

65% on Mortgage 3 Years at 4½%

William C. Orr, Attorney

For Executors, 51 Chambers St.

Maps, &c., with Attorney, or at Auctioneer's Offices, 156 Broadway.

JAMES L. WELLS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE, Tuesday, Mch 22, noon, at 14 & 16 Vesey St., Exchange Salesroom. 416 E. 143D ST, 3-family frame dwelling, 175 feet east of Willis Ave., lot 16.75x100. 2419-21 SO. BOULEVARD, 2 frame dwellings and lot, 200 feet north of E. 187th St., opposite Bronx Park Zoological Garden.

Liberal Terms. Send for maps to George E. Goeller, Executor, 462 E. 158th St. Smith Williamson, Esq., Attorney, 364 Alexander Av. James L. Wells Co., Auctioneers, 141 Broadway, N. Y.

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Ideal Homes for Small Families

¶ The man seeking such a home who fails to investigate them foregoes an opportunity.

¶ They are artistic and unusual, thoroughly built and completely equipped.

¶ There is more of the real home about them than is possible in any apartment house.

Exceptional as investments and easily bought. A few to rent. Brooklyn Ave. & St. John's Place, rentals, $55-$70; Third St. & Prospect Park West, rentals, $65-$75.

Kings & Westchester Land Co.

350 Fulton St., Brooklyn-New York.

SINGER'S High Grade

ONE FAMILY HOUSES

NO BASEMENT

Fourth St. and Prospect Park West

HARDWOOD TRIM, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, HOT WATER HEAT.

ALWAYS OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

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will send booklet upon request of their one-family stone front houses; price $7,250; finest section of Flatbush. Address corner Av. D and E. 28th St., Brooklyn.

High-class Boarding Houses advertised on Page 17.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

West Side.

West Side Dwellings FOR SALE.

$16,500. —One block from elevated station; three story high stoop, 17 ft. wide; elegant bath; parquet floors; solid porcelain pedestal wash basins in dressing rooms, hot water heating system; special bargain at this price.

$22,500. —Near 86th St. Subway station; three story, bath extension; two baths; size 18.9x35x100; price very low, but must sell at once.

$25,000 —Four-story American basement, 18 ft. wide, 100 ft. lot, bath extension to top, three tiled baths, hardwood floors, electric light; convenient to subway; possession at once if desired; terms to suit.

$25,500. —Convenient to 72d St. subway express station; three story, high stoop; two baths; electric light, 18.6x90x100; possession May or October; fine condition. A good house at a low figure.

$26,000 —Four-story American basement; three tiled baths, electric light throughout; silk decorations; condition perfect; owner moving to country, will sacrifice.

$30,000 —Three-story high-stoop, ready to move into to-morrow; in absolutely perfect condition; electric light, new fixtures, parquet floors in every room; new decorations; two new tiled baths; bath extension; a perfect little gem.

$35,000 —Four-story American basement; 17x60x100; bath extension; three tiled baths, electric light; convenient to 86th St. subway station; mortgage $21,000; rented to October, 1910, at $2,300.

$45,000 —In the Seventies; exceptionally fine four-story brownstone Residence; box stoop, bay window; strictly private section; size 20x60x102.2, with bath extension; complete electric light system; three baths, two tiled and fitted with Mott fixtures; parquet flooring in all rooms; parlor in silk; billiard room in basement; will sell now on long contract (October 1), free and clear, or 4½ per cent. mortgage, to suit.

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BLOCK FRONT—EIGHTH AV.

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MUST BE SOLD TO CLOSE

Estate of Eliza McManus:

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No. 124 East 72d St., 4-story and basement; excellent condition.

1403 5th AVENUE,

5-story apartment, 25x90

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No such town on Long Island growing so fast and values growing so quickly.

It can be reached in 30 minutes. Nearer than Garden City, Hempstead or Freeport.

GREATEST RAILROAD CENTRE
GREAT ELECTRIC CAR CENTRE

$250,000 spent there last year in improvements.
$350,000 to be spent there this year.
This means lots bought now will double this year. Every lot offered for sale full 25 feet front. Buy two or more lots on our easy terms.

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Lots Worth $160 For $88 | Lots Worth $225 For $150 | Lots Worth $450 For $250

$5 DOWN MONTHLY — Your Choice of Any of These Lots on These Terms. — $5 DOWN MONTHLY

10 Per Cent. Off This Price for All Cash
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75 Acres of land cleared. Property commanding grand view of Sound, within five minutes' walk.

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AT A BARGAIN,
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One of the most desirable and splendidly situated properties for a country estate is the above property, fronting on the main road between East Norwich and Oyster Bay on a broad plateau. More than ¾ of this property is perfectly level, and has a grand view of the Long Island Sound, and easy access to the railroad station at Oyster Bay or East Norwich. It can be utilized for an institution or for subdivision, and if subdivided it would pay a profit of over $250,000. It is the best piece of property for sale in this locality, and adjoining properties are offered for sale at $1,000 to $1,250 per acre. The price is $900 an acre, half cash, balance in 10 years, at 5 per cent. For lithograph map and particulars address

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SOUTH SIDE OF LONG ISLAND

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Apartment of 2 rooms and bath to sublet; overlooking Madison Square Park; all improvements. Apply James E. Ball, Supt.

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First single apartment of seven rooms, 103 WEST 86TH STREET.
Fine order; private house block; suitable doctor, &c.; rent $52. Apply on premises.

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200 W. 98th St., Cor. Amsterdam.—7 all light and airy rooms; all improvements; 2 blocks from Subway express station; $35.

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60 Manhattan Av.—Seven, eight light rooms; steam; private hall; telephone; near elevated, Subway.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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Six rooms and bath, $40 to $50.
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NONE SO GOOD—
NOR SO CHEAP

Profit by the experience of others who have searched the city from end to end for satisfactory apartments—and now are our tenants. They found nothing so inexpensive nor so attractive—neither will you. Look wherever you like—if you like—but don't rent before seeing our apartments. TO-MORROW may be too late—see them TO-DAY.

"The Hunts Point"

The Finest Elevator Apartment House,
163d, Simpson Sts., Southern Boulevard
One block from the Simpson St. Bronx Express Subway Station.
Apartments of 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 1 to 3 baths, at the extremely low Rentals of $360 to $1,000 a year.

Henry Morgenthau Company
Tel. 4600 Melrose
Open for inspection day and night.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.

American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE 'N ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $32.
Large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations.
HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

BEFORE RENTING ELSEWHERE EXAMINE
The Hudson-Fulton Apartments
E. 193 St.

From Marion Ave. to Bainbridge Ave.
Block North Pelham Ave., "L" Station.
6-7 only outside Rooms, latest improvements.
Block from Trolleys, Schools, and Harlem Station.
DON'T FAIL TO INSPECT.

Brooklyn.

Two, three, four, light outside rooms in high-class apartment hotel, $30-$65; ten minutes to Wall St. 62 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Mount Vernon.

For Rent.—High-class apartments of 7 and 8 rooms, bath and pantry, all modern improvements; one block from New Haven depot; rent $50. Apply on premises, the Lincoln, 11 Park Av., Mount Vernon.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Amsterdam Av., (162d.)—Choice store and desirable offices to let in Jumel Building; very low rental. Apply Leo, Agent, on premises.

120 Morningside Ave., corner 124th Street—Store and basement, any business; low rent; power if desired; also loft, 20x50, with power and elevator. Pocher, 126 W. 34th.

357 Water Street, corner James Slip—Three-story building with store; any business; low rent. Pocher & Co., 126 West 34th.

Columbus Ave., 584, (near 88th.)—Deep, attractive store; excellent location; low rent; any business. Pocher & Co., 126 W. 34th St.

LOFTS Rent inducements. 10 West 18th St., 28x90; good light. Duross, 155 West 14th.

Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St.—Lofts and offices in modern light elevator building. Apply on premises. Rent moderate.

To Sublet—Light corner office, with attendance; especially suitable for professional man. Apply Room 1,402, 20 Broad St.

Astoria, L. I.

To let for manufacturing, 2½ lofts, size 60x100 each, with steam power, elevator service; light on all four sides; also plot 30x100, if desired; in Astoria, corner Munson and Franklin Sts.; take 92d St. Ferry or Dutch Kills car at 50th St., Manhattan, over the Queensboro Bridge and inspect this modern building; finely located, overlooking the East River; suitable for any kind of business. Apply Wm. Kral & Co.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

STOCK QUOTATION TELEGRAPH BUILDING

26-28 BEAVER STREET
(NEAR BROAD STREET)
LARGE LIGHT OFFICE FLOORS
All modern improvements. Light on all four sides. Ready for occupancy.
Full particulars from
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents,
172-174 Fulton Street, or on the premises.

STORES OFFICES LOFTS

At the "Herald Square of the Bronx"
In the Finest Business Building of the Greatest Traffic Center of the Bronx
The NEW A-RE-CO BUILDING 149th St. and Third Ave.

Send for Booklet *See the Building*
Very Attractive Rental Prices NOW!
Apply to Agent on premises or
AMERICAN REAL ESTATE CO., Owner
985 Southern Boulevard
Telephone, 4800 Melrose

OFFICES AND LOFTS

Why pay exorbitant rents in old or poorly managed buildings when the modern fireproof
Acker, Merrall & Condit Company Building
Offers space at reasonable rates, and contains every comfort and convenience, in
THE VERY CENTRE OF NEW YORK, FIFTH AVENUE, COR. 35th STREET
For full particulars apply to the agents,
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH
10 EAST 33D ST. NEW YORK

OFFICES AND LOFTS

Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
CAMERON BUILDING
34TH STREET & MADISON AVE.
The latest type of highest class fire-proof building, best of equipment throughout for convenience and comfort of tenants, unrivaled as to light and air and situated in the very heart of Manhattan's most desirable business centre.
Apply to Agents,
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH,
10 East 33rd Street, New York.

41 Park Row AND 147 Nassau St.

Formerly known as TIMES BUILDING
Faces three streets. All outside light
OFFICES TO LET
Park frontage, 16 Stories Height.
Fast Running Elevators
Apply to
E. A. TREDWELL,
Room 730, on premises.

Broker's Office To Let
74 B'way—3rd Floor

Entrance also from New St., directly opposite Exchange; will arrange partitions to suit; attractive rental; immediate possession.
Wm. H. Whiting & Co.,
41 Park Row, or Room 806 on premises.
Telephone 5900 Cortlandt.

Near Broadway & Hudson Terminal
LARGE, LIGHT
STORE 172-174 Fulton St.
AND BASEMENT.
Fine display windows. Immediate possession.
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents,
or your own broker.

AT 20 W. 33d St. OPPOSITE WALDORF
Near 5th Av.; single front office and back suite of three rooms, private hall; elevator. Apply MISS SWIFT, 13 East 36th.

Factory, 50x95; six-story and basement; fireproof; whole or part; light on four sides; 415 and 417 East 93d St. Inquire Adam Happel, 408 East 93d St.

FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

DIAMONDS WATCHES, JEWELRY, ONE PRICE CASH OR CREDIT
Call or Write for Illustrated Catalogue 45
L. W. Sweet & Co. 37 to 39 MAIDEN LANE

TYPEWRITERS Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO YOU.
OFFICE DESKS
FRANKLIN DESK FACTORY, 46 E. 20th St.

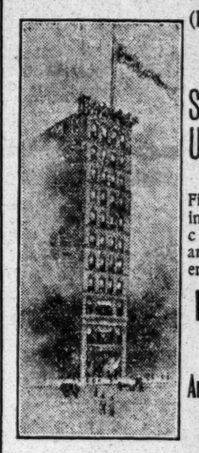
TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months. New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 14 Barclay St. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Second-hand office furniture, cash registers, typewriters, safes, partitions, bookcases, mimeographs, time clocks, showcases, office labor-saving appliances. Nathan, 4 White.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $35; rented, bought, repaired. Eagle E. Co., 312 B'way.

244 FIFTH AVE.



(Next to Corner 28th St.)
31.4x100.
Store and Upper Floors
FOR RENT.
Fireproof building, with first-class elevators and all conveniences.
MODERATE RENTS
And'w J. Connick (Owner).
ON PREMISES, or
YOUR OWN BROKER.

264 SPRING ST.
ENTIRE UPPER PART
5 floors, 25x85; heat and elevator; exceptionally low rent; possession now.
WM. H. WHITING & CO.,
41 Park Row. Tel. 5900 Cortlandt.

23 and 25 East 21st St., bet. B'way and 4th Av.; LOFT, 44x98.9; light, heat, and ventilation perfect; fireproof; lowest insurance rates; 2 elevators; rent low. Owner, third floor, or your own broker.

28TH ST. ARCADE.
118 East 28th St., near Subway.
STORES, OFFICES, SALESROOMS, AND STUDIOS AT MODERATE PRICES. APPLY ON PREMISES.

NO. 13 WEST 30TH ST.
Large basement store to let, with large plate glass show window, steam heat, and electric lights; possession May 1st.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

28TH ST., CORNER 1ST AV.
Loft containing 8,000 square feet; exceptional light, four sides; large elevator, steam heat, and power. Owner, on premises.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held February 18, 1910, the following petition was received:

TO THE HONORABLE BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT, CITY OF NEW YORK:

The petition of the RICHMOND LIGHT & RAILROAD COMPANY respectfully shows:

FIRST: That your petitioner is a street surface railroad corporation organized and existing under the Laws of the State of New York, and has duly made and filed, pursuant to Section 90 of the Railroad Law, a statement of extension, branch of, alterations and changes in its Road herein proposed, together with a Map showing the proposed change.

SECOND: Your petitioner now operates in the Borough of Richmond, City of New York, a double-track surface railroad by means of an overhead system of electrical power, a portion of which runs through, along, and upon Wiener Place (or Street) in said Borough, to and across Central Avenue, to and through Private Right of Way, to and along Tompkins Avenue to junction of Richmond Turnpike and Arrietta Street.

THIRD: The City of New York is now engaged extending Stuyvesant Place (or Street) from intersection of Wiener Place to and across Arrietta Street to junction with Griffin Street.

FOURTH: Your petitioner will relinquish that portion of franchise on Wiener Place and Tompkins Avenue, and prays that in lieu thereof a franchise be granted to lay rails and operate Road on new Stuyvesant Place (or Street) Extension to and across Arrietta Street to junction with Griffin Street, a distance of one thousand and fifty feet (1,050') more or less, as shown on accompanying tracing.

FIFTH: Your petitioner now holds franchises on Arrietta Street from Richmond Turnpike to New York Bay, granted by the Village of New Brighton, March 28th, 1895, and July 11th, 1895, and Village of Edgewater, June 26, 1895, to the Staten Island Electric Railroad, (to all of the rights and franchises of which Company your petitioner is the successor,) and now asks your Honorable Board to grant authority to lay rails and operate road on Arrietta Street from intersection of Central Avenue and Stuyvesant Place to Richmond Turnpike.

SIXTH: May 29th, 1905, your petitioner leased from Department of Docks and Ferries, right to operate its railroad from Jay Street to Ferry Landing over Viaduct and portion of Ferry Terminal, and prays that franchise be granted by your Honorable Board.

SEVENTH: Your petitioner proposes to operate the Road to be constructed upon such altered and changed route, by the overhead trolley system of electricity, substantially similar to that now in use on its other lines, or by such other motive power (other than locomotive steam power) as may be lawfully employed.

Your petitioner therefore prays that the franchise hereinbefore mentioned, on Stuyvesant Place (or Street) Extension, be granted to it in lieu of the franchise now enjoyed by it on and along Wiener Place and Tompkins Avenue. Also that authority be given to lay rails and operate on Arrietta Street between Stuyvesant Place (or Street) Extension and Richmond Turnpike, and that the franchise for operation over the Viaduct and portion of Ferry Terminal be granted by your Honorable Board.

WHEREFORE your petitioner prays that Public Notice hereof of the time and place when and where this Application will be first considered, be given as required by the provisions of Section 92 of the Railroad Law and of all other laws applicable thereto, and that the desired consent or franchise be granted in accordance with the provisions of the Greater New York Charter and the Laws of the State.

Dated February 8th, 1910.
RICHMOND LIGHT & RAILROAD COMPANY,
by S. F. HAZELRIGG,
Vice President.

[Seal.]
Attest:
J. E. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

State of New York, County of Richmond, ss.:

S. F. HAZELRIGG, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is the Vice President of the RICHMOND LIGHT & RAILROAD COMPANY, the petitioner herein in the foregoing petition. That he has read the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof, that the same is true of his own knowledge except as to the matters therein stated to be alleged upon information and belief, and as to those matters he believes it to be true. That the reason why this verification is not made by the petitioner is that it is a corporation and deponent is an officer of said corporation, to wit, its Vice President, and that the grounds of his information regarding the matters in the foregoing petition so far as the same are not within his personal knowledge, are statements made by officers and agents of the corporation to him as such Vice President thereof.

S. F. HAZELRIGG.

Sworn to before me this 8th day of February, 1910. THEO. B. BRADLEY,
[Seal.] Commissioner of Deeds.

State of New York, County of Richmond, ss.:

On this 8th day of February, 1910, before me personally came J. E. PHILLIPS, to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say: That he resides in the Borough of Richmond, City of New York; that he is the Secretary of the RICHMOND LIGHT & RAILROAD COMPANY, the corporation described in and which executed the foregoing instrument; that he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to said instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed by order of the Board of Directors of said corporation, and that he signed his name thereto by like order.

J. E. PHILLIPS.

Sworn to before me this 8th day of February, 1910. THEO. B. BRADLEY,
[Seal.] Commissioner of Deeds.

And the following resolutions were thereupon adopted:

Whereas, The foregoing petition from the RICHMOND LIGHT AND RAILROAD COMPANY, dated February 8, 1910, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held February 18, 1910.

Resolved, That in pursuance of law this Board sets Friday, the 18th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least fourteen (14) days in two daily newspapers in The City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

(The Times and The World designated.)

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.

New York, Feb. 18, 1910.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Special sale of used pianos: Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 W. 14th St.

$149, Livingston upright piano, $5 monthly until paid; $75 Hardman, $3 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn. Open evenings.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

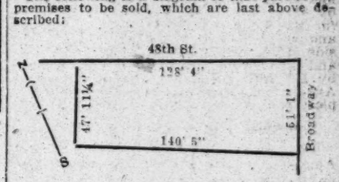
NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—JULIEN T. DAVIES, Plaintiff, against WILLIAM G. DAVIES and JULIEN T. DAVIES, as surviving trustees under the last will and testament of Henry E. Davies, deceased, and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment for the partition of real property by the sale thereof, made in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 11th day of March, 1910, and duly entered and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 11th day of March, 1910, I, the undersigned referee, duly named and appointed by said judgment to sell said real property, do hereby give notice that I will sell the real property designated in said judgment at public auction at the Real Estate Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of April, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer. The said parcels of real property in said judgment directed to be sold are therein described as follows:

FIRST PARCEL.

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City, County, and State of New York, and now in the Borough of Manhattan, in said city, being bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 48th Street with the westerly side of Broadway as it now runs, and running thence westerly along the southerly side of 48th Street one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet four (4) inches; thence southerly at right angles with 48th Street forty-seven (47) feet eleven (11) inches and one-quarter (¼) of an inch; running thence easterly parallel with 48th Street one hundred and forty (140) feet five (5) inches to the westerly side of Broadway as it now runs, and thence northerly along said westerly side of Broadway fifty-one (51) feet one (1) inch to the point or place of beginning.

The following is a diagram of that part of the premises to be sold, which are last above described:



Said premises will be offered as one plot and sold subject to the following liens and encumbrances:

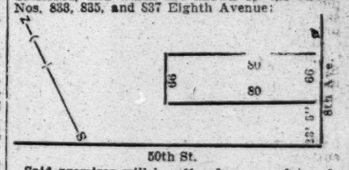
A past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $60,000.

A lease expiring on the 1st day of May, 1911.

SECOND PARCEL.

ALL that certain, lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City, County, and State of New York, and now in the Borough of Manhattan, in said city, bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of Eighth Avenue, distant twenty-three (23) feet five (5) inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said westerly side of Eighth Avenue with the northerly side of 50th Street, and running westerly on a line parallel with 50th Street eighty (80) feet; running thence northerly on a line parallel with Eighth Avenue sixty-six (66) feet; running thence easterly on a line parallel with 50th Street eighty (80) feet to the said westerly side of Eighth Avenue, and thence southerly along said westerly side of Eighth Avenue sixty-six (66) feet to the point or place of beginning.

The following is a diagram of that part of the premises to be sold, which are last above described, and which are known by the street Nos. 833, 835, and 837 Eighth Avenue:



Said premises will be offered as one plot and sold subject to the following liens and encumbrances:

A past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $14,000;

Premises No. 833 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store and first living apartment expiring on the 1st day of May, 1911, and to rights of monthly tenants in possession;

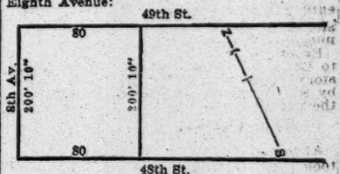
Premises No. 835 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store and first living apartment expiring on the 1st day of May, 1911, and also subject to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 837 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store and basement expiring on the 1st day of May, 1911, and rights of monthly tenants in possession.

THIRD PARCEL.

ALL those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City, County, and State of New York, and now in the Borough of Manhattan, in said city, which, being taken together, are bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 49th Street with the easterly side of Eighth Avenue, and running thence southerly along the easterly side of Eighth Avenue two hundred (200) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly side of 48th Street; running thence easterly along the northerly side of 48th Street eighty (80) feet; running thence northerly and parallel with Eighth Avenue two hundred (200) feet ten (10) inches to the said southerly side of 49th Street, and running thence westerly along said southerly side of 49th Street eighty (80) feet to the corner first above mentioned at the point or place of beginning.

The following is a diagram of that part of the premises to be sold, which are last above described, and which are known by the street Nos. 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806 Eighth Avenue:



Said premises will be offered in two plots and sold subject to the following liens and encumbrances:

Premises No. 790 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease expiring on the 1st day of May, 1913, with a provision for the cancellation thereof on ninety days' notice at any time subsequent to February 1st, 1911;

Premises No. 792 Eighth Avenue is subject to a past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $9,000, and is also subject to a lease of the basement store and first living apartment expiring May 1st, 1911, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 794 Eighth Avenue is subject to a past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $9,000, and is also subject to a lease of the store, basement, and first living apartment expiring May 1st, 1911, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 796 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store and basement expiring May 1st, 1911, and also to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 798 Eighth Avenue is subject to a lease of the store, basement, and first living apartment expiring May 1st, 1911, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 800 Eighth Avenue is sold subject to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 802 Eighth Avenue is sold subject to a lease of the store and basement expiring May 1st, 1910, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 804 Eighth Avenue is sold subject to a lease of the store and basement and first living apartment expiring May 1st, 1911, and to the rights of monthly tenants in possession;

Premises No. 806 Eighth Avenue is sold subject to a past due mortgage upon which there is unpaid the principal sum of $7,000, and is also subject to a lease expiring on or about the 30th day of April, 1911.

Dated New York, March 14th, 1910.

EUGENE N. ROBINSON, Referee.

DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Esqrs., Attorneys for Plaintiff, 34 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MICHAEL J. COHALAN, as Receiver, &c., and others, Plaintiffs, against PRISCILLA TOWNSEND PARKER STARIN, as Extrx., &c., and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 1st day of March, 1910, and filed and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 10th day of March, 1910, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of April, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, all the right, title, and interest of the defendant Clifford E. Parker in and to the estate and property of Ransom Parker, deceased, directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All the right, title, and interest which Clifford E. Parker at any time had or now has, or may hereafter have in and to the property and estate of said Ransom Parker, deceased, given, bequeathed, or devised to and by the last will and testament and codicil thereto of said Ransom Parker, deceased, admitted to probate by the decree of the Surrogates' Court of New York County on or about the 8th day of April, 1904, except the income which shall become after accrue on the said $8,000 trust fund.

Dated New York, March 14, 1910.

WILLIAM B. ELLISON, Referee.

GILBERT W. MINOR, Atty. for Plaintiffs, 76 William St., Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The following were among the decisions handed down by the United States Supreme Court to-day:

395—Edward C. Osborn and Joseph Slocum, as trustees, &c., plaintiffs in error, vs. Peter Froyseth.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

553—The Northern Pacific Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. the State of North Dakota ex rel T. F. McCue, Attorney General; 554—Great Northern Railway Company, plaintiff, vs. the State of North Dakota ex rel T. F. McCue, Attorney General; 55—Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. the State of North Dakota ex rel T. F. McCue, Attorney General.—Judgments affirmed, with costs, without prejudice.

736—Thomas Franklin, plaintiff in error, vs. the United States.—Dismissed for the want of jurisdiction.

202—Edward G. Lewis, plaintiff in error, vs. the United States.—Writ of error dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

726—John R. Mallois, plaintiff in error, vs. Commercial Loan and Trust Company.—Writ of error dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Charles R. Heike, plaintiff in error, vs. the United States.—Motion to vacate allowance of writ of error and supersedeas denied, without prejudice to a motion to dismiss the writ.

Ex parte—In the matter of Charles R. Heike, petitioner.—Motion for leave to file a petition for a writ of mandamus granted and the answer of the District Judge of the United States for the District of Vermont sitting in the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York and of the Circuit Court to the petition for the writ taken as a return as to a rule entered on the petition. Rule made absolute thereupon and order granted directing respondents to enter judgment for the United States upon the verdict, with leave to defendant to plead over.

521—The United States, appellant, vs. Charles E. Elliott et al., &c.—Motions to dismiss or affirm and to remand for additional findings of fact postponed to hearing of case on its merits.

595—John A. Knott et al., &c., appellants, vs. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway Company; and

611—Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway Company, appellant, vs. John A. Knott et al., &c.—Motion to advance granted and cases assigned to be heard as one case on the first Tuesday of the next term, (Oct. 11,) after the cases already assigned for that day.

490—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Pierre Grimaud et al.

401—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Antonio Inda.—Judgments affirmed by a divided court.

124 and 125—The Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Judgment affirmed by a divided court and causes remanded to the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio.

151—John E. Swanger, Secretary of State of Missouri, appellant, vs. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company.—Appearance for Cornelius Roach, successor of John E. Swanger, Secretary of State of Missouri, as appellant in these cases filed and entered.

161—Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. H. A. Hollan. —Motion to dismiss or affirm and for damages submitted.

197—Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Harry C. Wise.—Motions to dismiss or affirm and for damages submitted.

474—James H. Holt, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Motion to advance submitted for the plaintiff in error.

725—Standard Oil Company, appellant, vs. The United States.—Eleven hours and a half granted for the argument of this case on motion of Mr. Attorney General Wickersham for the appellee.—Argument commenced for the appellant.

Day call for to-morrow: Nos. 725, 747, (and 751, 752, 753, 754, 757, 767, 775, 784, 785, 796, 797, 800, 816 and 819.)

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—183—Am Thermos Bottle Co. v. Vacuum Co. 195—Dey Time Register Co v. W H Bundy Co. 196—Florence Mfg Co v. Dowd. 198—Moyer v. Metal Stamping Co. 200—Thaddeus Davids Co v. Davids. 285—Johnson v. N Y Breweries Co. 178—Eidman v. Lewisohn. 171—Moore v. Atwell. 201—Unique Shipping Co v. J. M. Guffery Pet. Co. 202—Reizenstein v. Koopman. 203—Goldsmith v. Koopman.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Admiralty calendar. 87—Hudson v. S S Pallanza. 131—Alerey v. tug Wellington. 140—Lake v. tug General Sarrell. 145—Davis v. tug Transfer No. 10.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J., McLaughlin, Laughlin, Miller, and Dowling, JJ.—Unargued motions: 240—Peters v. Peters. 236—Ward v. Glackner. 224—Ogden v. Sergeant. 239—Meyers v. Imp Property Holding Co. 169—Kenny Welsh. 221—Treacey v. Joline. 249—Natl Park Bank v. Koehler. 250—Hilton & Dodge Sewing Machine Co v. Robert H. Euler Co. 231—In re Greenbaum. 232—Lanning v. Trust Co of America. 254—Hayden v. City of N Y. 256—Vaughan v. U S Title Guar & Ins Co. 258—Brinkerhoff v. Green. 261—Blaikie v. Post. 263—Kiaw v. N Y Press Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Newburger, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Hoffman v. Essenwager. 2—McTaggart v. Sheffield Farms Co. 3—In re Sewerage District No 43. 4—In re West 225th St. 5—In re Lyvere St. 6—Patterson v. Taylor. 7—Ayers v. Pucci Cont Co. 8—Hofmann v. Hofmann. 9—In re Cunningham. 10—In re Canal Place. 11—Feigl v. Bernstein. 12—De Brion v. Busch. 13—Cribbins v. Met Riding Club. 14—Ahlers v. Broedermann. 15—Willets v. Levey. 16—City of N Y v. Murray. 17—Conrad v. Conrad. 18—O'Neill v. Delaney. 19—Union Bank of Brooklyn v. Basch. 20—In re Steinfeld. 21—Uhlfelder v. Salant. 22—Kelly v. Alpi. 23—McKee v. Hyman. 24—In re Manhatten Terminal Co. 25—Laskow v. Cullinan. 26—Brookstone v. Strebeigh. 27—Lawyers Mortgage Co v. Hackett. 28—O'Donnell v. City of N Y. 29—Blum v. Blum. 30—Johnson v. Belmont Bond and Mtg Co. 31—Connick v. Wells. 32—Hasell v. Buckley. 33—In re Howland. 34—In re East River Bridge. 35—Holton v. Woodcock. 36—In re Alexander Cook. 37—De Brion v. Busch. 38—German Sav Bank v. Cronbergerr. 39—Busch v. Brown. 40—Evans v. Clausen. 41—Herbert v. Wray. 42—Cribbins v. Met Riding Club. 43—Wener v. Cahn. 44—Same v. Jacobson. 45—In re Seugrist. 46 and 47—Bell v. Ackerman. 48—Moran v. Danehy. 49—Brewster v. Brewster Co. 50—Greenspan v. Kalman. 51—Buttenweiser v. Fine. 52—Lundberg v. De Ronde-Osborne Co. 53—Flodorowitz v. Potopovitz. 54—Beam v. Van Wormer. 55—In re Bronx Boulevard. 56—Howland-Kirk Co v. Centrefreze Ice Co. 57—Campbell v. same. 58—Fundis v. Fundis. 59—Bullowa v. Cuttitta. 60—Altman v. Eastern Med Soc. 61—Kresh v. Sabbatino. 62—Wrangell v. Goodale. 63—Voska v. Manchester Marble Co. 64—Dalgleish v. N Y Exch and Inv Co. 65—Platt v. Heinze. 66—Leary v. Abraham. 67—Phalen v. U S Trust Co. 68—In re Zimmerman. 69—Welch v. Potter. 70—Hay v. McClain. 71—Schilling v. Schilling. 72—Loughlin v. Beaudet. 73—Gainsburg v. Solomon. 74—In re Freeman. 75—Del Gaudio v. Del Gaudio. 76—Volkening v. Realty Prot Co. 77—Peterson v. Rumpf. 78—Deshons v. Deshons. 79—In re 227 West 17th St. 80—Ramsperger v. Ramsperger. 81—Mercantile Finance Co v. Kelly. 82—In re Martin. 83—Rodgers v. Rodgers. 84—In re Freeman. 85—Lord v. Lord. 86—Sciolaro v. Asch. 87—Reid v. Rainer. 88—Hergert v. Wollenschlager. 89—Holland v. Getelson. 90—Cormack & Co v. Graham. 91—Colt v. Prescott Realty Co. 92—Bonn v. City of N Y. 93—Goodenough v. Goodenough. 94—Sloane v. Cuffrey v. City of N Y. 96—In re Blackwell's Island Bridge. 97—Goldstein v. Degener. 98—In re East 108th St. 99—99—Volkening v. Realty Prot Co. 100—Walsh v. Sopian. 101—Story v. Wolff. 102—Ind Order Brith Abraham v. Goldstein. 103—Kahn v. Ruth.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Fitzgerald, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J.—Motions. Demurrers. 2464—Kline Bros & Co v. Hanover Fire Ins Co. 2462—Same v. North Coast Fire Ins Co. 2436—Raimon v. Imp Prop Holding Co. Preferred cause. 5223—Holzman v. Golomb. General calendar. Case on—302—Miller v. Barlow. 1595—Bushby v. Berkley. 3159—Pemberton v. McAdoo. 3600—Collins v. City of N Y. 2854—Enright v. Boyd. 2805—Rosen v. Lyman. 3502—Dietrich v. Dietrich. 4112—Wait, Jr v. Soc'y for Political Study. 4076—Healy v. Davis Bldg Co. 825—Dietrich v. Bowery Sav Bank. 3100—Ruggieri v. Crystal Hygiene Ice Co. 3887—Morningstar v. Morningstar. 3908—Wessels v. Northwestern Mut Life Ins Co. 1621—Schillings v. Hourigan. 1622—Gellert v. Hourigan. 1600—Blech v. Blech. 1116—Feuburg v Stevens. 3841—Eisenberg v. Lichtenstein. 3713—Lilienthal v. Lilienthal. 3477—Finkelstein v. Goldschlag. 1626—Pollaschek v. Jacobs. 1773—Foster v. Woodruff. 1407—Rose v. Springer. 1433—Horowitz v. Weinberger. 2084—Witt v. Witt. 3598—Beattie v. Beattie. 2683—London v. Meryash.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—O'Gorman, J.—Special franchise cases. 5120—Con Fire Alarm Co v. State Board of Tax Commrs. Eleventh railroad case. 567—Kearney v. Int R T. 365 and 366—Tietgen v. same. 397—Robinson v. same. 271—Schmitt v. Int R T.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davis, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—James Martin. 2—James Ruffin. 3—Joseph Polizzi. 4—Noe R. Hirsh. 5—Alfred Friedman. 6—Samuel Olster. 7—William Johnson. 8—Louis Cummings. 10—Frederick Walcott, Elliott H. Davis.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(January term continued)—Goff, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—Charles Smith. 2—Edith Rose, David Feinel. 3—Antonio Bruno. 4—Samuel Friedland. 5—Vincenzo Marchese. 6—John Smith. 7—Louis Bludinger. 8—Eugene Clemente.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J.—6828—Ackerman v. Volp. 6785—Miller v. Raub. 6090—People ex rel Pratt v. N Y R Mercantile Exchange. 6471—Dale Co v. Salt. 6312—Levien v. Eygabroat-Ryan Co. 6161—Carney v. Tibbetts. 6747—Lewis v. Gridley. 6616, 6617, 6618—Hammond Packing Co v. Harvey.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Hendrick, J. 1149—Feigin v. Int R T Co. 1153—Doyle v. same. 1158—Rattel v. same. 1171—Badolati v. B, Q Co & S R R. 1175—Rouse v. Whitridge. 1179—Naniko v. Int R T Co. 1185—Dwincenzi v. Erie R R. 1187—J Isenhower v. Brooklyn Heights R R. 1188—E Isenhower v. same. 1191—Svenson v. Int R T. 1195—Kelly v. Joline. 1193—Hammell v. Ladd. 1194—Pitarlo v. Finch. 1196—Logan v. N Y & Queens Co Ry. 1197—Bucki v. Joline. 1198—Russo v. same. 1199—Hancock v. Union Ry. 1200—Levin v. Int R T.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Page, J.—2856—Dolan v. Commercial Adv Assn. 3353—Reilly v. N Y Transp Co. 3922—Conklin v. City of N Y. 2799—Stieffater v. Beckman. 3386—Nelson v. Baruch. 3487—Rakos v. Astoria Marble Co. 3585—Zajecek v. Puritas Mineral Water Co. 1424—McPartland v. Healy. 989—Dadson v. Allaire. 3408—Friedman v. Mollinick. 3436—Flax v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3443—Fleischman v. Ginsberg. 6919—Dolezal v. City of N Y. 6951—Newman v. same. 3292—Deener v. Rosen. 3012—Banoner v. Traitel Marble Co. 3151—Brenner v. Schultz. 3438—Podescht v. Nat Elec Co. 3561—J Riva v. Bradley. 3563—L Riva v. same. 3402—Goldwater v. City of N Y. 3500—O'Connor v. same. 6924—Bernstein v. same. 6558—Tierney v. same. 3144, 3145—Minuth v. De Pinna. 3408—Colombo v. H B Claflin Co. 3510—McGowan v. N Y Cont & Trucking Co. 3529—Diario v. Delayo. 3699—Robinson v. W B Piker & Son Co. 6402—Manstewich v. M S Gypsum. 2717—Roystone v. Woodbury. 2798—Davies v. Pisacano. 1498—Weinstein v. O'Leary. 4505—Moscarello v. Haines. 3650—Spielman v. Jefferson Bank. 129—Schechterman v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Platzek, J.—2594—Zeltner, Brew Co v. Del Bello. 4217—McAfee v. Luce. 4489—Knick Trust Co. v. Bedell. 4290—Moshonnon Coal Mining Co v. Ahenroth Bros. 3851—Kingston Cotton Mills v. Kuhne. 1326—King v. Hud Riv Realty Co. 3405—Aetna Life Ins Co v. Levinson. 4013—Flanagan v. City of N Y. 4494—Asphalt Pav and Cont Co v. same. 4572—Barber Asphalt Pav Co v. same. 2679—Lahr v. Hearn. 4707—Am Credit Ind Co v. Weisberg-Mark Co. 771—People's Nat Bank of Pittsburg v. Werneberg. 2787—Isaac H Blanchard Co v. McDuff. 2844—Warwick v. Zimmerman. 3902—Kingston Cotton Mills v. Kuhne. 4265—Innes v. Jammes. 4279—Semchowitz v. Murray. 6772—City of New York v. Matthews. 2783—Ducas v. Ducas. 4582—Curtis & Blaisdell Co v. Chapman. 4589—Fallard v. Hill. 4571—Brauer v. Kain. 728—Schmal v. Buschemi. 3167—Brander v. Lippe. 1465—Hauestin v. Travelers' Insurance Company. 2892—Oppenheimer v. Slade. 730—Harris v. Cohn. 4525—Aetna Ind Co v. La France Copper Co. 4302—Hall v. Ferro Mach & Foundry Co. 4305—Excelsior Wood Wk Co v. Kissane. 4310—Lerner v. Terrazzini. 4311—Zinkiessen v. Greiger. 4316—Fisher v. Belasco. 4323—Salke v. Enos. 4340—Stevens v. Sachs. 4351—Harris v. N Y, N H & H R R. 4353—Clapp v. Parsons. 4352—Tedford v. Taylor. 4359—Bugbee v. Overstreet. 4364—G F Hinrichs Co v. Schmidt. 4365—Leary v. Abraham. 4366—Strauss v. St. Louis County Bank. 4367—Beacher vs. Benincasa. 4369—Wemple v. Evers. 4371—Williams v. W F Burns Co. 4373—Posner v. Freedman Bros Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Estates of George W Adams, Ina M Hendrix, George W Adams, Sophie Beaver, Ella M Haffen, Jeanette Leboss, Edna Thomas, Annie Froelich, Kenry Klein, Henry Geus, Peter Asmussen, Joseph Krulish, Jacob Rubino, William Nelson, Catharine Victory, William Gibson, Anne W Stern, Betsy Libman, Timke H Klinker, Ella W Lincoln, Joseph Krulish, Jacob Caro, Phebe A Murphy, Mary G Conlon, John G Keteltas, Mary J Martin, Ann Trotter, Pauline Moller, Mary McClure, Frances G Pardee, David G Smith, Joseph Kahn, Sarah Typermass, Francis W Dewey, Mary S Buckley, Charles A Karnstedt, Anna L Yung, Louis Erzer, Michael Clancy, Catherine Reynolds, James Clarke, Simon Adler, Annie Urig. Wills for probate: Hannah G. Westerbee, Jos M. Asher, Theodore Fenton, Lippman Katz, Frederick E. Wood, Bridget O'Laughlin, Seth B. Preach, Mary Thornton, Adolph Wallach.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S.—Contested will: James Kelly, Estate of Thomas De Dewitt.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Schmuck, J.; Part II., O'Dwyer, J.; Part III., Donnelly, J.; Part V., McAvoy, J.; Part VI., Green, J.; Part VII., Lynch, J.; Part VIII., Smith, J. Court opens at 9:45 A. M. 5802—Falk v. Conway. 5422—Sanitary Fire Proofing Co. v. Scheidecker. 6352—Gamage v. Llewellyn. 5704—N Y Metal Ceiling Co v. Minsky. 5859—Spurr v. Martin. 5638—Northern Bank v. La Sala. 5807—Ferrone v. Donnelly. 5933—Loeffler v. Weiselthier. 6490—Shea v. Joline. 6491—Gigantl v. Spallone. 6357—Ratner v. Int R T Co. 7674—Sterling v. Strickoff. 5440—Weimis v. Columbia Wax Works. 6153—Pollard v. Simonson. 7155—Wiederman v. Michaelson. 5721—Schloss v. Lichtig. 5754—Adams v. Coe. 6495¼—Stein v. The E. Poppe Co. 6497—Green, Jr. Co v. 17th St Realty Co. 6498—Focassi v. Rodman. 6496—Press v. N Y Taxicab Co. 6500—Dignan v. O'Brien. 6501—McIntosh v. D, L & W R R. 6505—Walsh v. Wells Bros Co. 6504—Holoarsen v. Ryan. 6508—Pariser v. Freedman. 6508—Lawless v. Midland R R & T Co. 6509—Antler v. Brenner. 6510—Vrioni v. Joline. 6511—Feldman v. Dunn. 6512—Bayowitz v. Israel. 6514—Morrison v. Krellman. 6516—Voss v. Bloom. 6519—Balassa v. Bardy. 6522—Agudath Achim Chessed Shel Emeth v. Gilleran.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Delehanty, J.—Short causes. 1783—Elec Carriage C S Co v. Woods. 1910—Dempsey v. F. T. Nesbit & Co. 1492—Rosenbush v. Zuckerman. 1852—Am Elev Co v. Empire State Garage Co. 1875—Rogow v. Am Choc Alum Co. 1889—Rankin v. Dickinson. 1892—Whitmore v. Jungman. 1877—Carnegie Trust Co v. Heinze. 1899—Waters v. de Andrade. 1900—Kohnweiler v. Goldwasser. 1881—Stiebel v. Winne. 1913—Schoenwetter v. Gordon. 1917—Browne v. Felt. 1920—Ambilantis v. Bonalaras.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Fitzgerald, J.—McDowell v. McDowell—George Gordon Battle, Jackson v. Johnston Unstead Realty Co.—Richard Lee.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Candiato v. Torina—Max S. Levine. Wolkenmuth v. Schack—Joseph P. Morrissey. Arnstein v. Viggiano—George E. Weller. Weed v. O'Brien—George F. Langbein. German Savings Bank v. Nicholas (2)—William Klein.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—Downes v. Wenninger—Richard P. Lydon. Mutual Life Insurance Co. v. Yerkes—John H. Judge.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Fitzgerald, J.—Antonio Sabatino v. Irazio La Cagmina—Martin C. Wright.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J.—Adolph H. Landeker v. Maurice Kaln—Joseph E. Edelson. Beckie Baron v. John Neubert Bennett—E. Siegelstein.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J.—William S. McCotter v. Albert V. McCotter—Nathan Greenbaum.

PAULHAN HARD TO MANAGE.

His Backer, Cleary, Says He Is More Difficult Than a Prima Donna.

Atmospheric conditions yesterday were, in the opinion of Louis Paulhan, adverse to any kind of an aeroplane flight, and so the French aviator, who has been touring the United States for the last two months and has recently made several ascents at the Jamaica race track, did not trouble to go down on Long Island. Paulhan visited during the afternoon among the French colonists, and in the evening went to a theatre, accompanied by his wife, uncle, and friends.

Mr. Cleary made public yesterday receipts for sums expended since he began managing Paulhan, and advancing him his $6,000 salary, that totaled $80,000. In return for this amount he has had the satisfaction, he said, of being advertised as Paulhan's backer, but the gate receipts, whereby he was repaid for his disbursements, have not been any too large.

Mr. Cleary's statement yesterday that Paulhan would certainly not fly to-day, perhaps not to-morrow, and likely not until Saturday or Sunday next, was taken to indicate that he and his backer have split. That he does not himself know what the Frenchman will do next was clear. On Sunday, just before Paulhan finally decided to make an ascent, after a series of conferences with Mme. Paulhan, Mr. Cleary said:

"I have conducted the tour of a great prima donna all over North and South America. Believe me that it was like carrying a plate of ice cream to a debutante at a party to managing a French aviator. Handling Paulhan is like trying to train a myriad meteors on strike."

Interesting developments on the Wright side of the litigation are promised for an early date. Their answer to Paulhan's appeal from the decision of Judge Hand of the United States Circuit Court granting an injunction was being prepared yesterday, and will be filed within the next two or three days. In the meantime, no one knows whether Paulhan will fly again in this country or will decide to pack up his kit and return to France.

DROWNS AS MOTHER COMES.

Gale Blows Little Girl to Her Death in Gravesend Bay.

While walking along the pier in the direction of the Bensonhurst Yacht Club's house Madeline Marsh, the eleven-year-old daughter of Charles Marsh, caretaker of the clubhouse, was blown into the waters of Gravesend Bay yesterday afternoon and drowned. The mother of the little girl had been watching the progress of her daughter in the face of the heavy wind from a window of the clubhouse, and had left the window to come to the help of her daughter when a sudden gust of wind blew the child into the bay.

When Mrs. Marsh could not see her daughter on the pier she cried out, and two sailors from neighboring craft came to see what the trouble was. They found Madeline's cloak in the water and a bag of oranges which she had bought floating on the surface. Both men dived into the bay, but it was some time before they succeeded in bringing the body to the surface. Dr. Graham of the Coney Island Hospital was summoned, but endeavors to resuscitate the child were of no avail.

The child's father left for Fire Island for a two days' fishing trip yesterday morning, and will not know of his only daughter's death until he returns to-day.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Col. O. B. Mitcham, Ordnance, to Fort Monroe and Fort Wool, Va., to inspect armament and the work of mechanics.

Capt. H. G. Shaw, Medical Corps, report April 25 to Lieut. Col. J. D. Glennan, Medical Corps, President of the examining board at the general hospital, San Francisco, for examination for promotion.

Capt. J. F. Hall, Medical Corps, relieved from duty at Fort Brady, Mich., and proceed to Chicago for duty.

Capt. C. F. Chandler, Signal Corps, to Sumter, S. C., on business pertaining to the inspection of certain material being manufactured for the Signal Corps.

Col. G. F. Cooke, Nineteenth Infantry, retired from active service, will proceed to his home.

Major A. M. Davis, commissary, will make not to exceed two visits to Columbus, Ohio, to inspect new field range being manufactured at that place.

First Lieut. W. H. Rose, Corps of Engineers, to Schenectady, N. Y., on business pertaining to the inspection and test of one generating set for the experimental field searchlight outfit for artillery, and will return to his proper station.

Capt. T. E. Murphy, Coast Artillery, detailed for service in the Pay Department May 29, vice Capt. F. B. Johnston, Paymaster, who is relieved from detail in that department. Capt. Murphy will proceed on May 20 to Vancouver Barracks, Wash., for assignment to duty with station at Portland, Ore.

Capt. R. J. Burt, Ninth Infantry, to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., to take a special course in army signal school.

Capt. T. R. Harker, Fifteenth Infantry, will assume charge of construction work at Fort Douglas, Utah, during the absence on leave of First Lieut. K. P. Williams, Thirteenth Infantry.

Lieut. Col. C. G. Morton, Fifth Infantry, Acting Inspector General, detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Inspectors General's Department, vice Lieut. Col. W. T. Wood, Inspector General, who is relieved from detail in that department. Lieut. Col. Wood will remain on duty in the office of the Inspector General, Department of the East, until April 10.

Major G. Blakely, Coast Artillery, is detailed as Acting Inspector General. He will repair to Washington for duty.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral A. P. Nazro, retired, placed upon the retired list of officers.

Rear Admirals R. R. Ingersoll and A. R. Couden, retired, to home.

Lieut. J. R. Combs, retired, placed upon retired list of officers when discharged treatment Naval Medical School Hospital to home.

Lieut. C. S. McDowell to duty naval station, Tutuilla, Samoa.

Lieut. F. Rorschach detached duty command the Winslow.

Lieut. W. J. Moses to duty the Philadelphia, navy yard, from Puget Sound, Wash.

Lieut. G. T. Pettingill to the St. Louis.

Lieut. Commander W. V. Pratt to the California.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Glacier and Navalo at Santa Barbara, Scorpion at Piraeus, Paul Jones at San Pedro.

Sailed—Mars, from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads; Saturn, from Corinto for Panama; Marietta, from Hampton Roads for Portsmouth, N. H.; Michigan, from Hampton Roads for Cruz.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

REBECCA GOODMAN.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Feb. 18 against Rebecca Goodman, shoe dealer, 213 Bleecker Street, on consent of all creditors.

PERFECT MODEL CLOAK AND SUIT COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Perfect Model Cloak and Suit Company, 16 East Twelfth Street, show liabilities of $6,800, and assets unknown.

RICH & TRUAX, INCORPORATED.—Judge Hough has appointed Walter C. Low receiver in bankruptcy for Rich & Truax, Incorporated, tailors, 71 Cortlandt Street, in place of John Gruenberg, who could not serve.

WATTS WOODWARD PRESS.—At a meeting of creditors of the Watts Woodward Press of 22 Thames Street held yesterday at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, 67 Wall Street, William F. Carroll was elected trustee, with a bond of $10,000.

MOE WEINSTEIN.—Moe Weinstein, formerly a dry goods dealer at 115 Orchard Street, has made a settlement with creditors at 15 cents on the dollar in notes, and Judge Hough has confirmed the composition. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him on Jan. 26, 1906.

JACOB COHEN.—Jacob Cohen, cloak manufacturer of 45 West Twenty-fifth Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on July 1 last, has made a settlement with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar, and yesterday Judge Hough confirmed the composition. Liabilities were $816,038 and nominal assets $233,711.

JULIUS BLANKENSTEIN.—Julius Blankenstein, retail dealer in tobacco and cigars at 197 Fulton Street, who has been in business forty-three years, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,254, and assets of $1,908, consisting of stock, $880; fixtures, $1,000; accounts, $26, and cash, $2. Among the creditors are Cuesta, Rey & Co., Tampa, Fla., $826; Sanchez & Haya, Tampa, $649, and the Metropolitan Tobacco Company, $260.

JENNIE CARUSO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jennie Caruso, manufacturer of plumes and dealer in millinery at 110 East Houston Street by Giuseppe Ferrugia, a creditor for $1,000. It was alleged that she is insolvent, and transferred a large part of her property. Judge Hough appointed Clarence S. Houghton receiver of the assets, which are estimated at $1,500 in stock and accounts.

GEORGE STORM.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against George Storm, a cafe owner at the Alcazar, Park Avenue and corner Fifty-ninth Street, by these creditors: Darling & Co., $200; Theodore Riehl's Sons, $168, and Julius H. Garthe, $227. It was alleged that he was insolvent, and on March 14 admitted in writing inability to pay his debts. Mr. Storm succeeded in the business in July, 1909. It is said he gave two chattel mortgages on the fixtures some time ago, aggregating $4,176.

ENNIS & STOPPANI.—Judge Hough of the United States District Court yesterday denied, on the ground of lack of power in the court, the application of Ennis & Stoppani, stock brokers, to withdraw their offer of composition and the money deposited unless creditors agreed to accept 15 cents on the dollar, cash only, and waive payment of notes for 85 cents. The offer of composition of 15 cents cash and 85 cents notes was confirmed a few days ago. The money deposited is $211,000, of which $61,000 was put up by friends of the firm.

THE ILLUSTRATED ART PUBLISHING COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Illustrated Art Publishing Company, makers of post cards at 28 West Fifteenth Street, show liabilities of $30,000, and assets, consisting of accounts, $10,000; stock, unknown; machinery sold by the receiver, amount realized not given, and cash in bank, $500, but the bank is a creditor for $1,000. Among the creditors are Hoaiman Brothers, $7,000, secured; Albrecht & Meister, $2,707; Haywood, Strasser & Voight, $2,110, and James B. Lee, Chicago, $1,025.

JURIST & MARKOVITZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Jurist and Jacob Markovitz, composing the firm of Jurist & Markovitz, manufacturers of leather sweater coats, 11 Howard Street, by these creditors: Samuel Bernstein, $350; Reliance Bag and Paper Company, $150, and Cairo Thread Works, $42. It was alleged that they are insolvent, made preferential payments of $1,500, and transferred merchandise and accounts of $1,000. Judge Hough appointed Charles L. Cohn receiver under bond of $1,000. The liabilities are stated to be $15,000, and the assets $2,000, in stock, fixtures, and accounts. They began business March 1, 1904.

F. MOHR & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against F. Mohr & Co., manufacturers of furniture at Thirty-fourth Street and Broadway, by Epstein Brothers, attorneys for these creditors: S. G. Estabrook & Co., $176; Sanford H. Cohen, $8, and Simon J. Adams, $1,137, on a note to the order of A. J. Johnson & Sons Furniture Company. It was alleged that the corporation was insolvent, on Feb. 15 transferred $10,000 in money and property to various creditors to prefer them, paid $5,000 to A. D. Nathan, and on March 1 paid $1,200 to the Ludin Realty Company. Judge Hough appointed Henry Melville receiver, with a bond of $5,000, and authorized him to continue business for thirty days. William F. Mohr is President of the company. The business was started in 1873 as T. J. Allen & Co., and in 1878 F. Mohr became sole owner. He died in 1894, and his son, William F., and widow continued the business until the widow's death in August, 1905, after which the son continued alone under the old firm style. On Aug. 16, 1906, a petition in bankruptcy was filed against William F. Mohr, which was dismissed on Nov. 24, 1906, creditors having granted him a three years' extension. The present corporation was incorporated Dec. 24, 1906, with a capital stock of $100,000, to continue the business. The capital stock was held by three trustees for creditors until their claims were paid. These were paid about eighteen months after the bankruptcy proceedings, and the capital stock was returned to Mr. Mohr. The factory was formerly located at Willow Avenue, near 135th Street, Bronx. The property was sold in August, 1908, and another factory was rented at 507 to 511 West Thirty-second Street. The salesrooms were formerly at 112 West Forty-second Street, and the removal to Broadway, corner of Thirty-fourth Street, took place in April, 1909. Epstein Brothers said that the liabilities were $125,000 and the assets $60,000 in stock, machinery, fixtures, and accounts. Business has been dull for some time past, the location of the salesrooms was not good for that kind of business, being upstairs; rent was heavy, and the competition with the department stores was very keen. They were informed that two weeks ago the corporation obtained a loan of $50,000 from a trust company, but not a dollar went into the business, they said, but was used to pay confidential debts.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

SAMUEL L. KELLER, broker, 150 Nassau Street, who was manager of E. S. Dean & Co. in 1897; liabilities, $3,807.

ALBERT T. LEIR of Gumpertz & Leir, furs, 33 East Twenty-first Street; liabilities, $34,045.

WILLIAM H. DYKES, boarding house, 133 West Forty-fourth Street; liabilities, $2,237.

K. ELIAS ELMAN, 106 Canal Street, formerly a grocer; liabilities, $1,410.

GOLDWURM BROTHERS, shoes, 57 Avenue C; liabilities, $2,155.

DE KERMAN & ALQUIZA, as South Trade Company, 17 State Street; liabilities, $919.

LASKER BROTHERS, clothing, 749 Broadway; liabilities, $9,322.

ROBERT J. LEEMON, painter, Middletown; liabilities, $528.

GEORGE NORBURY, miller, Montgomery, N. Y.; liabilities, $9,257.

AUGUST SOLTAU, produce, 6 Harlem Market; liabilities, $5,421.

MORRIS TANNENBAUM, salesman, 57 West 140th Street; liabilities, $834.

LEON WALLOWITZ of Wallowitz & Weinstein, caps, 152 Bleecker Street; liabilities, $3,252.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Armstrong, John R.—General Transfer & Storage Co., costs, $406.

Antokolitz, Solomon—T. Kressel, $619.

Achman, Joseph, or Samuel—A. Rathowsky, $276.

Broderick, John O.—John Wanamaker, N. Y., $266.

Bangs, Mary R.—H. A. Flurscheim et al, $158.

Bloss, Otto J., et al—D. C. Weeks & Son, $443.

Brahms, Benjamin—L. J. Ladinski, $169.

Berman, Samuel; et al—E. J. Koremer, $242.

Carlson, Conrad—American Contractor Pub Co, $250.

Cohen, Kalman, et al—People, &c, $500.

Coarver, Wallace E.—Burnham & Phillips, $159.

Devlin, Mary—A. H. Joline et al, costs, $108.

Dietrich, Cornelius P.—Butler Bros, $192.

Di Bellis, Giovanni—A. D'Onofrio, $439.

Dorfman, Reuben—M. London, $139.

Downing, Charles J.—H. Adelman et al, $204.

Ettlinger, Joseph, et al—R. Newman, $5,878.

Fulton, John A.—H. L. Fulton et al, costs, $108.

Same—North American Co, costs, $107.

Frank, Meyer—L. Leichtman, $5,141.

Gelberg, Maxwell—John Wanamaker, N. Y., $200.

Hennessy, Wilfred A.—T. H. Deely et al., $532.

Hindley, Mary B.—M. Trischett, $219.

Howes, Sarah E.—F. D. Ward, $107.

Ida Maddalena, administratrix—N. Y. City Ry. Co., costs, $108.

Kennedy, Matthew and Bernard H., (not summoned)—C. E. Winant, $619.

Kramer, Stella—People, &c., $1,000.

Krotel, Paul—J. & J. Slater, $211.

Kellenberger, Arnold — Gundlach - Bandscher Wine Co., $582.

Kimball, Charles E.—Realty Transfer Co., $130.

Lynch, John—Thomas Conville Brewing Co., $307.

Lee, Annie—D. Robinson et al., costs, $108.

La Croix, Charles W.—A. H. Joline et al., costs, $125.

Lookstein, Max F.—M. Faerber et al., $131.

Loeb, Adolph K.—B. C. Samuel et al., $156.

Lippman, Rubin, (not summoned)—E. J. Kroemer, $242.

Lyons, Robert T.—R. F. Thibaut, $216.

Laue, John—J. J. Decitz, costs, $104.

Livingston, Harry—Mitchell, Block & Kronenberg, $1,231.

Macey, George R.—National Trade Show Co., $118.

Martin, Truman J.—People's Bank of Buffalo, $800.

Martin, Josephine E.—Aeolian Co., $891.

Mackey, William F.—A. Howell, $133.

Mayer, Bernhard, et al.—D. Rawlins, $5,149.

Mulvihill, Matthew F.—P. Lyons, $529.

Same—G. Tinelil, $290.

McClory, Frank—E. I. du Font de Nemours Powder Co., $223.

McMahon, John T., (not summoned,) et al.—National Lead Co., $537.

Newman, Rachel, executor—R. Newman, $5,878.

Nastasi, Frank and Peter—C. R. Furrer, $150.

Ovitt, Albert B., et al.—W. H. Holdridge, $2,706.

Pick, Richard A.—Illinois

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Left in Subway train on the morning of Saturday, March 12, light brown handbag, with initials "G. H. P."; bag contains set of English proofs and certain letters; a suitable reward will be paid on the delivery of the bag at the office of G. P. Putnam's Sons, 27 West 23d St.

LOST—Deed, in the name of "Laura M. Webster," for Lot No. 24 in Section 121, Mount Moria Cemetery; application has been made for duplicate deed. Return to Laura M. Webster, 132 Nassau St., Room 816.

LOST—Pearl and gold handle lorgnette marked G. S. A.; also gold rope chain, Saturday night, between Cafe de l'Opera and Prince George Hotel. Finder rewarded at hotel, Room 325.

LOST—Bankbook No. 13,501, Yorkville Bank, Special Deposit Department, issued to Delia H. Neuhof, in trust for Dorothy Neuhof; payment stopped; return to bank.

LOST—A garnet cross and gold chain, between West 76th St. and Hoboken, by way of Hudson Tunnels from Christopher St.; reward. E. Rothwell, 144 West 76th St.

LOST—Fur neckpiece, Sunday night, between 118 West 74th St. and 72d St. Subway. Finder please return to Miss Simpson, 157 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn; reward.

LOST—A pearl bar pin, five pearls, between 55th St. and 28th St. and Lexington Av. Reward by returning to Mr. Lewis, Hotel Woodward, 55th and Broadway.

LOST—March 13, old locket, lady's head and diamond, monogram "L. C. M.," containing photo. Reward. Apartment 52, 3,875 Broadway, 162d St.

LOST—Liberal reward; one diamond, on Pennsylvania 10 o'clock limited from Washington, Tuesday, March 8; no questions asked. S., 80 Madison Av.

LOST—Late Sunday night, gold locket fob, fraternal emblem on front, monogram "A. W. C." on back; liberal reward. Clarendon, 18 Warren St.

LOST—On Feb. 26, Hudson Theatre or between Times Square and West 91st St., gold bead necklace; liberal reward. B 152 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Opera glasses in velvet bag, Hudson Theatre cloakroom, Saturday evening, March 12; liberal reward. T. Rosenstein, 333 2d Av.

LOST.—March 4, purse containing $85 to $100, between Everard Bath and Hotel Earlington. Finder return to Hotel Earlington. Reward.

LOST—Gentleman's watch fob, Nautilus Boat Club emblem; reward if returned. A. H. Gilmour, 247 Broadway, N. Y.

LOST—On Saturday, package containing two leather-covered memorandum books. C 45 Times, Times Square.

LOST—One gold monogram fob, initials "J. A." Suitable reward. Return to Room 642, Hotel Knickerbocker.

LOST—Gold watch with number inside, front, 4,648,175; Elgin make; reward. 1,230 Amsterdam Av.

LOST—Saturday, gold chain bracelet, set with pearls; liberal reward. Anthony, 261 Greenwich St.

LIBERAL REWARD for diamond lavaliere and chain, platinum setting, lost Friday, between 126th West 94th St., 93d "L," and 66th "L" stations. Mrs. M. Cowen, 126 West 94th.

$100 REWARD for the recovery of three cases of rubber, stolen from truck at 18th St. and 10th Av., Thursday P. M., March 10; no questions asked. John J. Finn, 25 Water St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—On Friday evening, March 11, in the neighborhood of 57th St. and 7th Av., a small black spitz; had collar on, but no name; answers to name of Blackey; $25 reward. W. Forbes Morgan, Jr., 140 West 57th St.

LOST—Toy French poodle; finder please return; reward, and no questions asked. Mrs. Davidson, 220 Hewes St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Yellow dog, white, curly tail, black tongue; weight, 35 pounds; suitable reward. Return 142 West 44th St.

Say you saw it in T... Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, March 14.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line—Bottle toilet water, hat, 4 collars, veil, pajamas, umbrella. S. S. PLYMOUTH, Fall River Line—Bottle medicine, bead necklace, pair rubbers, hair comb, 2 small keys.

FOUND, March 12-13—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Co. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Lunch bag, Pocketbook, three books, package paper, music, magazines, photo, gloves, letter, aprons, lace, muff, monkey. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, 3 satchels, box candy, 5 purses, 2 books, books and papers, drawings, hand bills, gloves, overalls, necktie, corset, shawl, vest and towel, suspenders, skirt and tea, apron, nightgown, burlap, papers, letters, fixtures, metal, underwear. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—3 umbrellas, purse, card case, pin, sum of money, eyeglasses, box candy, pictures, pair gloves, left glove, keys, belt, shoes, chest protector, vests, lace, corsets, cap, hat, papers, water, coat, varnish, kodak plates, tin can, seed, rule. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—2 handbags, coat, satchel, eyeglasses, overalls, shirt, scale, letter, photo, sum of money, books, receipt, umbrella, underwear, hat. SUBWAY—3 purses, coat, hat, photo, pin, umbrella, rosary, gloves, keys, underwear, 2 handbags, dresses, saws, camera, collars, pen, net bag, eyeglasses, muff, letter, music, hatpin, hat, 2 pair spectacles, muff, &c., screen, jumper, neckpiece, belt, sum of money, apron &c.

FOUND, March 14.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: Muff, package, ring, umbrella, eyeglasses.

FOUND, March 14.—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply foot of Liberty St., City: Package, grip.

FOUND, March 14.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, L. I. City: Two packages, umbrella.

FOUND, March 14.—ERIE R. R.—Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, umbrella, suit case, grip.

FOUND, March 14.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Three packages, two umbrellas, pocketbook.

FOUND, March 14.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: R. R. TRAINS—Dress suit case, pair gloves, fur, package, scarf pin, pair gloves, pair shoes, book, package of leather, toilet case, cuff and button, two pairs rubbers, gloves, muff, five packages, two caps, hat, pair slippers, soap dish, nightshirt. JERSEY CITY STATION—Grip. 23D ST. BOAT—Muff, package.

FOUND, March 14.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master's Office, Weehawken, N. J.: Package of filing papers, small grip, scale.

Country Board.

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

REFINED young couple residing in New Jersey would take two children to board; references. Bollermann, 124 Jamaica Av., Long Island City.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
New waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general housework, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

COOK, young woman, north of Ireland, Protestant, competent; excellent references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 Sixth Av., (38th St.)

DUNCAN'S HELP EXCHANGE, 250 West 125d.—Reliable colored help; investigated references. Telephone Morningside—5078.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel., 486 Morningside.

MAN AND WIFE, North of Ireland Protestants; wife cook, man coachman, gardener, &c.; excellent references. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

NURSE, or mother's helper, by competent young woman; babies or children; personal references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th.—Bond, $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1119 Harlem.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN,

REQUIRE several saleswomen of neat appearance and good address for the following departments:

MILLINERY, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, LADIES' SHOES AND LACES.

ALSO,

UPHOLSTERY WORKROOM.—Require several experienced operators on awnings and slip covers. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.

ALSO,

ALTERATION DEPARTMENT.—Can use several experienced skirt hands. Apply to Manager of Workroom, 5th floor.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

FEMALE PARTNER for vaudeville who can sing and has had experience. 241-243 W. 43d.

GIRLS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require several girls, 16 to 18 years of age, as parcel wrappers; permanent positions with excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply at office of General Manager.

GIRLS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require learners on fancy paper flowers, favors, &c. Apply at office of General Manager.

GIRL wanted with little experience for cooking and laundry work in private family. Apply 465 West 141st St.

GIRL for chamber work and waiting; call between 9 and 11. Allen, 138 West 77th.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A working housekeeper, middle aged, to live with two ladies; gas cooking; small salary. 449 Jersey Av., Jersey City.

MENDERS.—Experienced hands to mend lace. Kursheedt Mfg. Co., 143 West 19th St.

MILLINERY.
R. H. Macy & Co. require for their millinery workroom copyists, milliners, trimmers, and apprentices. Apply at office of General Manager.

MILLINERY.
R. H. Macy & Co. require experienced saleswomen for their millinery department. Apply at office of General Manager.

OPERATORS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require operators on shirts; section work. Apply at office of General Manager.

OPERATORS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require learners on waists; must understand power machines. Apply at office of General Manager.

OPERATORS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require operators experienced on corset alterations. Apply at office of General Manager.

R. H. MACY & CO. require several bright young women over 18 years of age for clerical work. Apply at office of General Manager.

SALESLADY.—Art needlework store requires experienced saleslady. Call after 10, Doelger, 2,005 7th Av., 120th.

SHOE SALESLADIES wanted. Cammeyer, 6th Av. and 20th St.

WANTED—A good cook in a private family; wages, $35 per month; references required. Z 165 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Two maids, cook and waitress; wages fair; town near New York. Call tomorrow afternoon at 124 West 73d St.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

YOUNG LADY as cashier, typewriter, and stenographer, also assist on books; references; call before 8:30 Tuesday. J. Zabinski, 1 Division St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKBINDERS.
BOOKBINDERS.

MALE HELP WANTED.—Experienced, first-class forwarders and coverers on large quarto work, sewed on raised bands, laced in boards, tight backs, in full sheep and olive leathers. Steady work and good, liberal piece prices paid. None but skilled workmen familiar with this class of work need apply. Address at once H. O. HOUGHTON & CO., Riverside Press, Cambridge, Mass.

EXPERIENCED hands for engine lathe. Schaeffer & Duedenberg Mfg. Co., 963 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

LOT SALESMAN, who can successfully sell cheap property; highest commission. Fisk, 45 Broadway, city.

MACHINIST wanted in factory; must be A1 first class, all-around man; one experienced on die work preferred; wages, $3 per day. Address, giving age, nationality, experience, and references, Machinist, Box 169 Times Downtown.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

MEN wanted to prepare for Railway Mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 249 M. Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMEN WANTED to take orders for the Funk & Wagnalls Standard Dictionary; easy payments; special circularizing for each salesman; ten to twelve fresh leads every day; remuneration will be satisfactory; may work in or out of city; fine opening for ambitious young men. Funk & Wagnalls Company, 44-60 East 23d St., New York City.

STOCK SALESMAN.—One of the strongest realty companies will pay good commissions and expenses; must be high grade, have record as producers; unquestionable references. Suite 803, 160 Broadway.

TOOL MAKER on gold shell work. Stern Bros. & Co. 33 Gold St.

Wanted—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $60. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 101 Park Row, New York; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, or 288 Market St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—An A1 wall plaster salesman to cover Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey; must be thoroughly acquainted with trade and conditions in this territory; splendid opening for a competent man; none but experienced wall plaster salesmen need apply. Box A 67 Times, Times Square.

WANTED.—Baritone precentor for suburban church, $500; bass, $300. Webster's Choir Exchange, 130 5th Ave.

WANTED.—A young cook with city reference. Apply before 1 o'clock Tuesday, at 136 West 81st St.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

SOLE AGENCY for all United States, with capital, for an A1 proposition. American Patent Chair Co., 77 Sackett St., Jersey City.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, Stenographers, Law Stenographers, Salesmen Superior Office Help, furnished free of charge. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St. 'Phone 4170—Murray Hill.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, or office assistants, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. 973 Franklin.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, ladies' maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

BLOOM'S BUREAU, 747 Lexington Av., furnishes first-class Scandinavian help. 'Phone 4881—Plaza.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 720 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4096—Plaza.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, confidential and reliable clerk; apt, willing, and adaptable; experience eight years. Z 125 Times Downtown.

COLORED woman, day's work or few hours; reference. Young, 259 W. 134th St.

COMPANION.—Lady would like position as companion to lady going to Europe; small remuneration; highest references. Address B 157 Times, Times Square.

COOK and BUTLER.—Couple, middle aged, reliable, cook and butler, private family, or take full charge bachelors' apartments; A1 references. Scholz, 302 East 79th St.

COOK.—All branches; more dinners to cook; references. Caslick, care of Meyer, 206 West 67th St.

COOK, $25; laundress, $22; houseworker, $15. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Tel. 741—River.

DRESSMAKER wishes to go out a few days a week; can give good recommendation and is quick sewer. Mrs. B. Schulz, 544 West 44th St., basement.

DRESSMAKER, competent, wishes customers home by day; latest styles; models reduced; dresses made, $5 up. Shea, 201 West 102d.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHER and typewriter desires to make change; 3½ years with last employer; well recommended; salary, $15. Z 128 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—As managing housekeeper; 15 years' experience; best references; executive ability; capable of taking entire charge of all arrangements. Y 154 Times, Times Square.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Visiting or resident; educated; competent to housekeep, shop, or chaperon. B 154 Times, Times Square.

NURSE to lady or gentleman; experienced. L. S., 90 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; operates all standard machines; has executive ability; uses discretion; first-class references from former employers; competent to fill difficult position; $15; no agencies. Qualified, Z 122 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid and accurate, eight years' experience in legal and technical work, desires position with reliable house. Miss C., 111 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; educated; exceptionally good speller; American parentage; references. Marion, 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 8 months' experience, educated, accurate, reliable, understands office work; references; $7. Miss M., Z 123 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, intelligent; six years' varied experience; exceptionally perfect transcriptions. Technical, 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner: rapid, accurate; willing to work hard; references; modest salary to start. Miss Herold, 100 East 96th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent experience, ability, and education; thorough business training. Robson, 548 West 156th St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTING, ALL BRANCHES.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited; systems installed; experts of wide practical experience; highest references among bank and commercial clients; reasonable rates.
Address ACCOUNTICS,
No. 225 5th Av. Tel. No. 7180—Mad. Square.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 800 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; opens, closes, balances, disentangles, audits books; $5 monthly; kept part time accurately. Accountant, 51 John St. 'Phone 2327 John.

AM 27, experienced selling, city, road, retailers, (petticoats,) also up on detail and management; desire live opening. C. 21 Times, Times Square.

ASSISTANT BUYER.—Young man having 9 years' experience in the fur manufacturing business and two years in charge of a retail department wishes position with good retail dry goods house; can manage fur department and give estimates on repairs; will go out of town. Address B. B., 263 West 125th.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, (27,) neat, reliable, accurate, offers services; $12; unquestionable references. C 46 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited; systems installed, corporations organized; collection accounts; advantageous arrangements; firms not employing bookkeepers. $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced bookkeeper, stenographer, three years' experience with clothing house; reference, "G. B.," 210 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Reliable, experienced, and thoroughly competent, with highest references for ability, honesty, and sobriety; moderate salary. L. Deery, 230 West 27th St., City.

BOY (17) wishes position where advancement is assured to an earnest worker, honest, reliable, and neat; can furnish best of reference. Bernard Moskowitz, 568 Fox St., Bronx, N. Y.

BOY with knowledge of drawing wishes position in architect's office. Bender, 320 East 83d St.

CASHIER or manager, in banking house or N. Y. Stock Exchange firm; twenty years' experience; highest references. Address Advertiser, 70 West 50th.

CHAUFFEUR, young man, 4 years' experience driving foreign and American; best of references; wages, $15 week. Pucilla, 43 Sands St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, A1 mechanic, drives and repairs Fiat Italia, Renault, Rainier, perfectly; references. Renault, 237 E. 29th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 25, Protestant American, wants position with private family; best of references. C 28, Times, Times Square.

CHAUFFEUR.—Good references; go anywhere. R. E. Lemieux, 39 High St., Brunswick, Me.

CLERK.—Young man, 20, wishes position as stock or shipping clerk in millinery or clothing house; can furnish best of references. C Box 33 Times, Times Square.

COMPOSITOR.—A1 two-thirder wishes steady position only. Care of A. Bachert, 94 Reade St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COOK, &c.—Japanese desires position as cook or general housework; can take entire charge of bachelor's apartment; city or country; best references. Takashima, C 33 Times, Times Square.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week, shadowing, investigating. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

DRAUGHTSMAN, mechanical, many years' experience; inventive ability, ideas developed; successful designer; make drawings for all mechanical purposes. John Essenson, 147 Amsterdam.

GARDENER.—Married, no children; 16 years' experience in all branches of gardening; best of references. M. W. B., 14 Ashburton Place, Yonkers, N. Y.

GENTLEMAN, 35, highest references, position of responsibility; eighteen years' business experience; salary terms preferable. Henry Chancellor, 1,753 2d Av.

MECHANIC, electrician, experimenter, Austrian, young, willing, wishes position with an aeronautical concern as aviator or mechanic. T. Roman, 403 East 168th St.

OPPORTUNITY WANTED to demonstrate that I can make and save you money; record of 12 years as private secretary, bookkeeper, and stenographer for two well-known New York millionaires, therefore accustomed to responsibility and making employer's interests my own; now employed, but seeking larger opportunity and salary commensurate with present-day cost of living. Address for interview, Ability, C 27 Times, Times Square.

PAPER CUTTER.—Thoroughly experienced, accurate, steady, reliable. Lawson, 75 7th St., Woodside, L. I.

PRIVATE SECRETARY. — Young man, 25; three years' clerical, three teaching, one Y. M. C. A., wishes position where no stenography is required; good long hand; run Underwood; executive ability; best references; temperate; bond; $15 start. C Box 31 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN.—By leading manufacturer of stationery and loose-leaf binder; manufacturing experienced man with established local trade will be paid salary and commission; state previous experience. G C 48 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN AND INSIDE MAN, 10 years with one firm, desires position with reputable house; good correspondent; references. C 32 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, competent and experienced, High School graduate, desires position with electrical contractor. C 44 Times, Times Square.

TRANSIT MAN wishes position with construction or contracting concern, office or outside; stenographer and typewriter; understands bookkeeping. B 93 Times, Times Square.

USEFUL MAN.—By young man, married, position at anything. George J. Stroh, 248 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN of 16 desires permanent position in office; knowledge of double-entry bookkeeping; good penman; ambitious; would start on $6; bond if required. Z 127 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wants position as assistant bookkeeper, where ability and strict attention to business will warrant advancement. C Box 5 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 19, energetic, desires position with chance for advancement; references. Z 126 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, office experience; good at figures; references. Emmert, 109 West 100th Street.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 83d St.

5TH AV., 46, (11th.)—Well-furnished front parlor; other rooms; good board; table guests.

16TH ST., 20-22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, well heated and furnished; excellent board; telephone.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.
THE NAYLOR.
PARLOR SUITE; PRIVATE BATH.
TABLE BOARD. OTHER ROOMS.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, homelike; telephone; excellent board; $7.

47TH ST., 4 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent board; parlor dining rooms; telephone; references exchanged.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, finely furnished; southern exposure; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive rooms, comfortably furnished; table guests accommodated; references. Telephone 6606—Col.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Sunny third story front room; private bath; room telephone; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; private bath; single room; moderate; references; table guests.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Newly furnished house; parlor dining room; table board; references.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Rooms, with good board; home cooking specialty; parlor dining room.

82D, WEST, MAISON PELLETIER.
122, 124. PERMANENT, TRANSIENTS.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large room adjoining bath; small room; excellent table; business people; telephone.

125TH ST., 5 WEST.—Young men; room, board; steam heat; privilege gym.; $4.50-$5.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; medium-sized room; L, Subway; references.

149TH ST., 542-546 WEST, near Broadway Subway.—Healthiest, prettiest section in city; "The Audubon," high-grade rooms and board; large, pleasant room, $17 for two; another, $15; smaller room, $7; every comfort; parlor dining; dining rooms, reception parlor, private telephones; booklet on request.

WEST END AV., 240.—Choice rooms and board; near 72d St. Subway; terms moderate.

Want Philosophy

The day of the hodge-podge has gone; this is the age of specialists. The man or woman who makes a specialty of something—and KNOWS that specialty—never has much trouble getting a good position.

He who is a real specialist can get away from his beaten path and apply his specialty, with a little versatility, to many things. Maybe he's been a stenographer in an express office or railroad office, and knows the geography with an aptness that's valuable. He doesn't have to stay in the express or railroad office all his life; it's the use of the knowledge he gets there that will make him a specialist in something else where geography and distances are valuable things to know.

* * * *

Some people have specialties and don't know it. If you are out of a job, or want one with broader opportunities, let the employers of this whole city know what you can do.

Write an advertisement that tells something definite about you—likely as not there are dozens of people looking for just the qualities you possess. Tell all about your qualifications, your experience, and your character; if you don't drink, say so—there's a big demand these days for sober, reliable people.

Advertise your good points; if you don't know how to get them in the form you think will get answers, call or telephone The Times, 1000 Bryant.

There is no extra charge for the service, and an advertisement writer is likely to strike a note of appeal that might be missed by someone who just happened to write an advertisement from necessity—though necessity and adversity have been the parents of some of the very best advertisements ever written.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms, view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; 'phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike, first-class table board can be had at above address.

45TH ST., 17 EAST.—Can accommodate a couple; lovely large room; private; good table.

73D ST., 12 EAST.—Lady offers sunny double room, running water, excellent table; references required.

83D ST., 151 EAST.—Large room for two; private house and family; excellent table; conveniences.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5—Overlooking Wall St.; Subway; 5 minutes Broadway, New York; large, small rooms; river view; neighborhood, house high class; table, choicest products New York markets. 705 Main.

PARK SLOPE, 902 PRESIDENT ST.—Double and single rooms; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

New Jersey.

LARGE, sunny rooms with board at 135 Summit Av., Summit, N. J.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished, clean, light rooms; running water; telephone; quiet house.

19TH, 280 WEST.—Furnished, nice large and small rooms.

21ST ST., 158 WEST.—Pleasant square room, hall room; just renovated; gentlemen only; private family.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall rooms, large closets, running water, bath; conveniences; $5-$6 weekly.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

44TH ST., 210 WEST, (Opposite Hotel Astor)—Nicely furnished large room; running water, heat, telephone.

46TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large alcove with private bath; newly furnished; references; gentlemen.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—High class, small and large rooms; private family; reference.

48TH, 134 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, bath, for gentleman; reference. Telephone 3043 Bryant.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, baths; cleanliness; "Carlyle"; restaurant; $25-$60 monthly; English attendance.

60TH ST., 35 WEST.—Warm, furnished small, large rooms for four; bath; $2 daily, or weekly.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—A beautiful, large room; private bath, shower; dressing room; handsomely furnished, in private residence; good attendance; most select location; near Park; $15 weekly; breakfast served.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 74 WEST.—Comfortable room; modern apartment; very quiet; 'phone; $3; reference. McCready.

69TH ST., 129 WEST.—Private family has large front room; very desirable; moderate; telephone; references.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Select rooms, large and small; fine neighborhood; private bath. Telephone 2599—Columbus.

71ST ST., 281 WEST.—Quiet room, conveniences; one, two gentlemen; Subway express; private family; reasonable.

71ST ST., 346 WEST.—Modern elevator apartment; light, well furnished rooms; reasonable; references. Habets.

71ST ST., 68 WEST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only.

72D ST., 168 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, extra large, with private bath; also square. 8257—Columbus.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms and a doctor's office to rent; near the "L" and Subway stations.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, also small rooms; elevator; telephone; moderate.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Room, electric light, parquet floor, private bath, telephone; references required.

78TH ST., 167 WEST.—Large and small front rooms; moderate prices.

80TH ST., WEST.—Beautiful, luxuriously furnished light rooms; exclusive private residence; near Subway, "L," Park; all conveniences; moderate. Telephone 7514 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors' superior accommodations; high-class private home; references; 'phone 7063 Schuyler.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; light, pleasant; all conveniences; private house; "L," Subway.

81ST ST., 200 WEST.—Connecting rooms; running water; very desirable. Apartment F.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms, with board; office, reception room, for physician.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Desirable sunny room; dressing room; running water; also small; 'phone; references.

82D ST., WEST END AV.—Beautiful corner suite, (five windows;) exclusive apartment; Hart, 9711—River.

83D ST., 54 WEST.—Delightful, large room, suitable one or two; private house; telephone.

83D, 36 WEST.—Delightful, large room; also single; private house; references.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Well-furnished large front; also smaller room, adjoining bath; conveniences. Anderson.

87TH ST., 352 WEST.Attractive room, with private bath; gentleman; breakfast served.

91ST ST., 252 WEST. (Broadway Subway Station.)—Private elevator apartment; two-room suite and one single room; man and wife; gentleman preferred. Sydmeth.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large room, dressing room attached; private bath; telephone; conveniences.

91ST, 31 WEST.—Comfortable, large room, near bath; sunny medium room; water; dressing room.

91ST ST., 122 WEST.—Connecting single rooms; light; prettily furnished; running water; one flight. Potter.

92D ST., 75 WEST.—Large, sunny room, small connecting, kitchenette; hot, cold water; steam. Jewett.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; home comforts; private house; breakfast; telephone; references exchanged.

103D ST., 81 WEST.—Nicely furnished, with private washroom; $5; single, $3; "L," Subway. Phelps.

104TH ST., 143 WEST.—Front parlor and bedroom; all conveniences; "L" station corner; Subway. Osborne.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; bath; Subway; 'phone. Miss Buckley.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; telephone; elevator; breakfast optional; convenient Subway. Apartment 56.

112TH ST., 507 WEST.—Refined gentleman may secure handsome suite; one flight; telephone; select. Murray.

112TH, 504 WEST, Near Broadway.—In private family, large room; elevator apartment; references. Wells.

114TH ST., 417 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Handsome outside room, $5; Subway, elevated, private family. Oliver.

117TH ST., 413 WEST.—Lodging and board for gentlemen; rates reasonable; location convenient Subway. Butlkofer.

121ST, 203 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, suitable for two; conveniences; telephone; quiet house.

122D ST., 238 WEST.—Two front rooms; shower; all conveniences; Subway, "L"; private family. Green.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

123D ST., 243 WEST.—Nicely furnished small room, modern private house; terms moderate; gentlemen.

127TH ST., near Riverside, (192 Claremont Av.)—Bright, clean room adjoining bath; Subway; moderate. W. C.

131ST ST., 273 WEST.—Widow can spare room, all improvements, top floor. King.

137TH ST., 622 WEST.—Sunny room, large closet, high-class apartment, adjoining drive; Subway express station; $5.00 week; 'phone 2330 Audubon. Goodrich.

138TH, 618 WEST.—Large front room, private house, overlooking Hudson; bath; telephone; Subway; references.

143D ST., 518 WEST.—Unusual outside room; quiet; elevator; telephone; Subway; Christian family. Apartment 26.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless, residential neighborhood, overlooking Central Park; four magnificent, connecting, spacious, Z 108 Times Downtown.

A. E. HENNING & CO.,
110 WEST 34TH ST.,
APARTMENTS, ROOMS, AND STUDIOS, FURNISHED, UNFURNISHED; CONSULT US.

BACHELOR'S quarters, with Turkish bath privilege. HOLLANDER'S BATHS, 149 W. 125th.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., corner 127th St.—Handsomely furnished complete four, five rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; $11 weekly upward; beautifully furnished room, bath, kitchen, $3, $8 weekly.

THE MARBLE H

CITY CLERGY SEEK PROTESTANT UNION

First Step Toward This End Taken Yesterday at Clerical Conference.

MANY CREEDS REPRESENTED

Bishop Greer, Presiding, Tells Hundred-Odd Ministers That Episcopal Church Is Ready.

Protestant ministers of New York took a step yesterday that may lead, so they hope, to a united Protestantism in New York, and eventually in all America. The meeting was held upon invitation of the Federation of Churches, and the more than 100 ministers present were made up of Baptists, Congregationalists, Disciples, Seventh Day Adventists, Episcopalians, Quakers, Lutherans, Methodists, Moravians, Presbyterians, Pentecostal Nazarenes, Reformed, Swedenborgians, Unitarians, Universalists, and three ministers who said they did not belong to any of these.

It was called a clerical conference, and was held in the new rooms of the Aldine Association, at Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. The Bronx and Brooklyn were represented as well as Manhattan. It was the first gathering of the conference, but it was announced that it is to be continued, an organization having been perfected, with monthly meetings regularly, save in the Summer. Among the ministers present were the foremost leaders in all of the bodies named, and by all of the speakers, of whom there were eight, it was asserted that bygones must be bygones. Hereafter Protestants are going to show a united front, and when they do so, all the speakers agreed, there is going to be a tremendous gain for Christian growth, for New York and for America.

Bishop Greer of the Episcopal Church presided. He talked with unexpected frankness, and told the ministers of these various bodies that he wished all were his clergy, and that he stood ready at any time to ordain them. The Episcopal position was explained at length, and difficulties of co-operation were outlined such as have never before, it was said, been talked over in a similar way.

Speaking for Presbyterians, the Rev. Dr. George Alexander, Moderator of the New York Presbytery, declared they stand ready to meet Episcopalians half way. Bishop Greer had mentioned the Moderator by name, saying he wished he might have the privilege of laying on of hands upon such a leader as he. Replying, the veteran Presbyterian leader said he would not seriously object. It surely would not hurt him, and it might do good.

The Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton of Brooklyn, speaking for Congregationalists, told the ministers that when he submitted Episcopal ordination all of his friends would know it. When the laugh subsided he enumerated the political, social, amusement, Sabbath rest, labor, and other questions on which Protestants might unite.

Other speakers included the Rev. Dr. J. B. Remensnyder, who spoke for Lutherans, and said they were the second largest body in New York; the Rev. Dr. Frank Mason North, who believed the Methodists would join heartily; the Rev. Dr. Swift of the American Tract Society, who wondered how many religious bodies are willing to sacrifice their names in order that the cause of Christ might be advanced, and the Rev. J. H. Melish of Brooklyn, who made the announcement that the conference is to be permanent and is to meet next on April 11, with the Rev. Dr. C. F. Aked in the chair. In closing Bishop Greer stated that the only matter in hand was to hear from representatives of each body in the conference what are the hindrances to co-operation.

"If the Protestants were to unite," said he, "their very union, without other effort on their part, would do more to banish agnosticism than all the arguments that were ever put into all of the books. It would be an evidential note in behalf of righteousness such as the world has not yet heard."

After the meeting adjourned ministers, whose names were familiar, met each other in person for the first time. The conference membership is to be enlarged until, if possible, it includes all of the Protestant ministers in the greater city. In the membership now are the Rev. Drs. Atterbury, Carson, and McAfee among Presbyterians, the Rev. Drs. Cobb and Farrar of the Reformed Church, the Rev. Dr. Aked, Baptist; the Rev. Drs. Stires, Clendenin, Mottet, and Townsend, and the Rev. Messrs. Scarlett, Crocker, Cook, Miller, Hulse, Steen, and Wood among Episcopalians.

FOR SHIP SUBSIDY BILL.

Congressman Humphrey Attacks the Trust—Message from President Taft.

The Committee of One Hundred of the National Association of Manufacturers on the Merchant Marine dined last night at the Hotel Knickerbocker and afterward listened to addresses on the vital necessity of passing a ship subsidy bill to prevent the American flag disappearing from the ocean. D. A. Tompkins of Charlotte, N. C., Chairman of the committee, was toastmaster.

Congressman W. E. Humphrey of Washington, who has a subsidy bill before Congress, said in opening his address that he had an interview with President Taft on Sunday, in which the Chief Magistrate said:

"Give my compliments to the great organization that you represent and tell them that the work has my interest. I think it is one of the greatest questions before the American people to-day, and I will do all in my power to bring about the establishment of our mercantile marine."

"Both on the Atlantic and the Pacific," Mr. Humphrey went on, "are foreign trusts preying on American commerce. On the Pacific Ocean is the Ship Owners International Union, representing more than 1,300,000 tons—practically all the foreign sail tonnage on the Pacific Ocean. It is composed of English, German, and French ships.

"Its declared purpose is to raise freight rates from American ports. Immediately after its formation rates on the Pacific were advanced more than 400 per cent. The freight on a ton of wheat from Seattle to Europe was raised from $1.25 a ton to $5.62, and now is $6.90 a ton. This Summer ships carried to Seattle freight from Europe for $1.25 a ton, but refused to take a return cargo for less than $6.90, and sailed away in ballast.

"Our next contest will be upon the Pacific. We are as helpless to-day on that ocean as was Russia. Japan to-day has 550 vessels fit for transports. The United States has on the Pacific six merchant vessels and four or five antiquated Government transports. Japan can easily carry 200,000 troops at one time; on the Pacific we could not carry 10,000. Japan could place 250,000 troops in the Philippines in thirty days, and 100,000 in Hawaii in the same time. We could not get 10,000 troops ready to embark from any point upon the Pacific Coast in thirty days. If we had transports we would not dare attempt to take them to our island possessions, for we have nothing but cruisers to meet the battleships of Japan."

Henry Clews gave figures of the decline of American shipping. Only about 9 per cent. of the imports and exports of the United States, he said, are now being carried in vessels flying the American flag.

Here to Paint Rockefeller.

Eduard Kombosy, the Vienna portrait painter, was a passenger on the Hamburg American liner Amerika, which got here yesterday. He has a number of commissions to execute, and one of them is to paint a portrait of John D. Rockefeller. This is the artist's second visit to this country.

W. SELIGMAN'S WILL FILED.

Insures Against Daughters' Fortunes Being Controlled by French Husbands.

William Seligman, the international banker, who died Jan. 6 in Paris, resorted to an ingenious device to prevent bequests left to his daughters falling under the control of their husbands, as provided by French law. His will, filed yesterday with the Surrogate, contains a holographic will, written by him in French, which leaves all the property to David Washington Seligman, his executor under both the French and American wills. This French will reads:

"This is my will. I declare that I am a citizen of the United States. I give, devise, and bequeath to my son, David Washington Seligman, all the property which I shall leave, appointing him my universal legatee, imposing upon him the obligation to execute certain instructions which he shall know. I also appoint him, the said David Washington Seligman, my testamentary executor, with possession of my estate. Dated April 22, 1907."

Mr. Seligman feared being buried alive, and provided as follows in the first section of his American will: "I order and direct that I shall not be buried or laid into the coffin until my body shows undoubted signs of putrefaction."

All of the bequests in the will are in terms of foreign money, principally French. The bequests to his brother-in-law, Ignatz Wedeles, and to Bella and Betty Wedeles are in German money. Ignatz is to receive an annuity of 3,000 marks, and Bella and Betty Wedeles an annuity jointly of 5,000 marks.

The bequests include 100,000f. to a granddaughter, Louise Marie Michel; 75,000f. each to granddaughters Raymon Regina and Susanna Augusta Wasserman; 10,000f. to Reine Negel, a chambermaid, and equitable shares of the residue to his sons and daughters, Fanny Levy, Leonora Wasserman, Johanna Cary Rhode, David Washington Seligman, Percy George Seligman, to whom he gave 25,000,000f. during life, and to a granddaughter, Margaret Levy Nathan, who gets her dead mother's share. Any legatee who contests the will is cut off with 25,000f.

J. B. THOMAS DISAPPEARS.

Utica Man Cashed $4,000 Draft Here After Selling His Horses.

UTICA, N. Y., March 14.—John B. Thomas, a prosperous Utica horse dealer, has disappeared, and it is believed that he met with foul play in New York City. The fact that he had $4,000 in his pockets when he disappeared strengthens this belief.

Mr. Thomas went to New York early last week to dispose of a carload of horses. Last Tuesday night he telephoned his wife in Utica that he would arrive home the following morning. Since then no trace of him has been found.

Mrs. Thomas went to New York on Thursday. At the Hotel Cadillac, where her husband had stopped, she learned that he had left there Tuesday night for home. The wife engaged a private detective and ascertained that her husband had received $4,000 for his horses, but further than the fact that he cashed a draft for this amount at a New York bank nothing could be learned of him.

At Police Headquarters it was said last night that the case of Mr. Thomas was reported several days ago. A confidential alarm was sent out concerning his disappearance last Friday.

At the Hotel Cadillac is was said that Mr. Thomas arrived a week ago Sunday night and registered, paying for his rooms in advance. He stayed until Tuesday and then went away, and nothing has been seen or heard of him since. Mr. Thomas, it was added, was not a drinking man and was very quiet and retiring in disposition. He is about 40 years old. Whether or not he cashed a check for $4,000 was not known at the Hotel Cadillac.

CORPORATION COUNSELS QUIT.

Assistants In Charge of Bureau of Street Openings Tender Resignation.

Another echo of the promised reforms in the handling of condemnation proceedings, announced by the Mayor and the Corporation Counsel, came yesterday with the resignation of the three principal assistants in the Law Department, who have had charge of the Bureau of Street Opening. The men are: John B. Dunn, chief of the bureau; James F. Quigley, in charge of the Brooklyn office, and Thomas C. Blake, Mr. Dunn's chief assistant. They have all been in the office for years, and received salaries of $7,500, $5,000, and $6,000 respectively. Dunn is a member of the General Committee of Tammany Hall.

When Corporation Counsel Watson was asked about the resignations, he said that he wished to cast no personal reflection upon the three men, although he feels that he should have men of his own choice in charge of the bureau. He stated that he regards the abuses which he has found more the result of a system which has prevailed for several years rather than the fault of the men in the bureau.

This is one of the most important branches of the city government which has to do with condemnation proceedings. There is a large staff of Assistant Corporation Counsel in the bureau, and there are continually in the neighborhood of 150 condemnation Commissioners assigned to its work.

FIRECRACKER CAUSES A PANIC.

Thrown Through a Window of a Moving-Picture Show.

Just as the curtain was falling last night at the Theatro Elena, a moving picture and vaudeville house kept by Aristède Carbone at 2,097 Third Avenue, there was a loud report at the front door, followed by a clatter of glass. The next moment the 150 men, women, and children in the place were in a panic, fighting hysterically to get out. Several among them who had been sitting near the front windows, where the explosion occurred, were slightly cut by glass.

The police say that the explosion was caused by an Italian firecracker thrown from the front vestibule through the small windows just above the folding doors that serve as entrances and exits. They recalled a suspicious fire at the place early Saturday morning, when the piano was found to be soaked with kerosene and a can of oil standing near by. They think both the fire and the explosion of last night may have been the work of some rival of Carbone.

Tenement Fire Menaces Church.

A fire, probably of incendiary origin, destroyed a four-story double frame tenement at 69 Havemeyer Street, Williamsburg, last night. The sacred vessels and host were carried from the German Roman Catholic Church of the Annunciation, adjoining, although the fire did not spread. The nuns in the convent just across the street also led the seventy girls there out into the courtyard to avoid a possible panic. The damage was $8,000. No one was hurt.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M. Loss.
1:45—297 Cherry St.; Silverstein & Garshofsky $700
2:05—137 West 27th St.; unknown $25
2:30—124 Manhattan St.; H. Hallman.. None
2:50—378 Pleasant Av.; unknown ..... Slight
5:05—410 and 412 East 138th St.; Charles Graham $500
5:00—297 Cherry St.; Silverstein & Garshofsky ..... Trifling
7:40—2,454 Hughes Av.; Philomena Fischink ..... Trifling
9:10—1,510 Lexington Av.; Tessie Rinswing..$5
10:15—61 East 110th St.; Julia Goldstein..Slight
10:25—62 and 64 Grove St.; L. Barnett..... $25
10:30—536 Broadway; Samuel Ascher & Co. ..... Trifling
11:25—2,210 5th Av.; Randolph Wain....$1,000
11:35—1,117 and 1,119 Westchester Av.; Friedman & Co. $50
P.M.
1:35—231 East 101st St.; F. Ettinger.. Trifling
4:45—In front of 60 Liberty St.; A. M. Clegg. ..... Trifling
4:45—539 East 78th St.; J. Regenberg....$150
5:00—2,360 Old Broadway; Fred Meyer.... Trifling
5:05—67 Forsyth St.; Raphael Bloch..... $5
6:35—231 East 109d St.; Gussie Gobit..... $5
7:15—500 East 14th St.; Ferdinand Colite.. Trifling
7:30—1,464 Madison Av.; I. Miller..... Trifling
7:50—777 11th Av.; Patrick Marooney..Trifling
8:10—500 West 30th St.; L. Bacchi... Trifling
9:00—98 Gearch St.; Carmello Naso.... Trifling
11:00—121 Ludlow St.; Louis Rosenberger..$75

IMMIGRATION SCHOOL WON'T BE ABOLISHED

Secretary Kohler of Baron de Hirsch Fund Explains That City Is to Undertake Work.

WOULD AVOID DUPLICATION

Since Proper Provision Will Be Made, Other Demands on Fund Can Receive More Attention Now.

The possible closing of the immigrant school at the Educational Alliance through the withdrawal of the subvention hitherto made to it by the Baron de Hirsch Fund, was explained yesterday by Max J. Kohler, Honorary Secretary of the Baron de Hirsch Fund, and by Louis Marshall, representing the committee of the Educational Alliance, as due to the fact that the Board of Education now has formed special classes for immigrants, making it unwise to duplicate with the funds of private charitable enterprises work done by the municipal authorities. Other deserving claims, it is set forth, are made upon the Baron de Hirsch Fund, notably in the extension of work in trade schools. The two day classes for immigrants, however, which the Board of Education yet does not duplicate, will be continued at the Educational Alliance until the Board of Education undertakes similar classes.

"The classes at the Educational Alliance have been of two kinds," said Mr. Kohler, "day classes for immigrants and Summer night classes. The day classes for children have been designed to prepare immigrant children in English for admission to advanced grades in the public schools. The night classes have been in session merely in the Summer months, when the public school night classes are closed."

It is undoubtedly the general opinion of the community, as well as of the two organizations involved, that the work accomplished during the last twenty years in these classes deserves praise, and that pride may be felt by all familiar with them in the results achieved. When the need of instituting such special classes for immigrants originally occurred to the Trustees of the fund, their first step was to try to induce the Board of Education to organize them, and it was only after these efforts failed that the fund started these classes itself. When the Educational Alliance was formed, that organization took them over with pecuniary assistance from the fund.

"The need of maintaining such classes for children at the expense of private charitable organizations has ceased now, however, and so also will it be with the vacation night classes between April and September; as soon as the city authorities furnish such needed instruction—as they should do—private charitable enterprise seems to be out of place and is to be dropped. Fortunately, the work of these special immigrant classes, maintained for many years by the Baron de Hirsch Fund, is thoroughly understood by the efficient District Superintendent of Public Schools having charge of this very district, and the public can rely safely upon the maintenance of high standards of excellence on the part of the public school classes which soon will supersede the immigrant classes referred to. It was the unanimous opinion of a joint committee of both organizations that such duplication of activity soon would exist, unless the Baron de Hirsch Fund classes were discontinued.

"Those who attended the annual meeting of the Educational Alliance heard the Acting President refer anew to the principle that has always guided that organization—to wit, the avoidance of duplicating municipal activities with funds of a charitable organization. The present is merely another application of the same principle. Both the Educational Alliance and the Baron de Hirsch Fund have the proud satisfaction of knowing that this branch of their joint activities has proved so successful that the city itself is now carrying on this work on a larger scale than they could undertake.

"Needless to say, there are other deserving claims upon the fund receiving consideration from the Trustees, particularly the plan of extending the work of its trade schools, but the Baron de Hirsch Fund will continue to render assistance to the admirable general work conducted by the Educational Alliance in the midst of the Jewish immigrant population of the city.

"The article in to-day's TIMES was evidently based upon a misapprehension of the facts, for the good work of Americanizing the Jewish immigrant will not be diminished. It also erred in referring to the discontinuance of similar classes in Brooklyn heretofore subsidized by the Baron de Hirsch Fund in the building of the Hebrew Educational Society. The fact is that the Brooklyn organization likewise proposed to discontinue these classes under its charge because it was duplicating work now assumed by the Board of Education, and for that reason the Baron de Hirsch Fund proposed to reduce its subsidy. It was found impracticable, however, to have the city take over such classes at once, and the fund accordingly voted to continue substantially the whole subsidy for the present fiscal year."

KIDNAP BOY AND DESERT HIM.

Two Women Leave Italian Lad in Car When His Crying Attracts Attention.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., March 14.—Fearing that the Black Hand Society had kidnapped his four-year-old son, Leonard Decarlo, a prosperous shoe dealer of North Tarrytown, went to Chief of Police Minnerly yesterday and asked that an alarm be sent out. This morning word came from the police of White Plains that a boy answering the description of the Decarlo boy had been picked up, and the boy was brought back to his father.

According to the police of White Plains, two women dressed in black spirited the boy from his home yesterday and took him on a trolley to White Plains, where they intended taking the Harlem train to New York. When the boy reached White Plains he was crying, and the conductor of the car tried to find out what the trouble was. The two women then disappeared, and the conductor turned the boy over to the police.

Mr. Decarlo said yesterday that he had received two months ago a letter signed by the Black Hand demanding money. The writer wanted the money placed in a spot four miles from here. He went to the spot with his three brothers, but no one came. Mr. Decarlo said that he had forgotten all about the letter until his boy failed to come home.

"I didn't tell the police about the Black Hand letter at first," said Mr. Decarlo, "because I had an idea who wrote it. I haven't been bothered since that letter, and don't think I shall get another."

Latham Finds Few Novelties Abroad.

Fred G. Latham, general stage director for Charles Dillingham, returned yesterday from a month in Europe. Among the productions he saw abroad that impressed him most were Leo Falls's operetta, "Die Geschiedene Frau," which is being played in Berlin, Vienna, and several other Continental cities, and "Die Sprudelfee," which is also very popular. Nightly attendance for four weeks at the principal theatres and music halls, he said, revealed nothing equal to the regular productions of the best class in this country. The best effects, he declared, were all taken from American productions.

2,000 Sheep Drowned in Canyon.

EVANSTON, Wyo., March 14.—Freshet waters rushed down a ravine in Bear River Cañon to-day and drowned 2,000 sheep belonging to Peter Olson. The entire herd was overwhelmed within a few minutes.

is modern and sanitary. It stands for refinement, hygiene, cleanliness, as against what is unmodern, wasteful, and often germ-laden—the common soap cake.

The SOAPATOR furnishes each user individual soap.

A mere turn of the handle shaves off light flaky granules from a concealed cylinder of soap.

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our invitation to test our ability to save you money on your clothes, you'll thank us for urging you to do so. Let it be soon.

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Full Dress and Tuxedo suits—worth double..... From $17.50 up

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WIDOW'S PORTION NOT ENOUGH

Second Wife of Banker Who Left $600,000 Would Break Will.

Surrogate Cohalan heard yesterday testimony bearing on the circumstances of the execution of the will of John C. Latham, the banker, who died Aug. 18 last at the Waldorf of pneumonia. The will of Mr. Latham disposing of an estate of $600,000, has been contested by Mrs. Elsie Gaylord Latham, his widow. Mrs. Gaylord Latham receives scarcely more than her legal widow's third under the terms of the will, and bases her attack on allegations of undue influence and lack of testamentary capacity.

Mrs. Latham was Latham's second wife. Mr. Latham married her in December, 1901. She is now 27 years old. His first wife had died in April, 1900. Mr. Latham was born in 1844, and served in the civil war on the Confederate side. He came to New York in 1870, and formed the firm of Latham, Alexander & Co.

Richard T. Green and John Thomas Smith, who represent Mrs. Latham and her daughter, alleged that undue influence was exerted by Harry Allen, a brother of the first wife. Testimony that Latham knew what he was doing when he signed the will was given by Grattan Colvin, the attorney who drew the will, and George W. Close and August M. Vorhis, who were witnesses.

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Derby & Soft Hats . . . $3.00 & $4.00

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should not have your eggs fresh every morning just as you have your milk fresh every morning. Order from your grocer or send us your name and address and we shall see that you get prompt service.

THE 16-HOUR EGG COMPANY

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sack suits from blue, black, light, medium and dark gray worsted serges. Overcoats from black and gray fancy herringbone cheviots. These materials are excellent in quality and tailor very satisfactory. Samples and our book of fashion given or mailed to any address.

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LAST year added three new shops to our chain and yielded an important increase in our business. In a few days we open still another shop—the tenth—at New street and Exchange place.

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Non-Subscription Perf'm'ces This Week: THURS. & SAT. EVGS., SAT. MATINEE.

Seats in All Parts of the House.

Tickets for All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.

Maurice Maeterlinck's Miracle Play, SISTER BEATRICE and Act IV. of Ibsen's Poetic Drama, BRAND

Shakespeare's Charming Comedy, TWELFTH NIGHT

Sheldon's Drama, THE NIGGER | Jenssen's Drama, THE WITCH

To-night, 8:30. Sister Beatrice and Brand
Wed. Mat., 2:15. Sister Beatrice and Brand
Wed. Eve., 8:30. Sister Beatrice and Brand
Thurs. Mat., 1:45. (Opera).....Werther and (Div't) Pavlowa and Mordkin
Thurs. Eve., 8:30.....The Witch
Fri. Eve., 8, (Opera) Il Barbiere di Siviglia and (Div't) Pavlowa and Mordkin
Sat. Mat., 2.....Twelfth Night
Sat. Eve., 8:30.....The Nigger

NEXT WEEK.

Mon. Eve. & Sat. Mat., The School for Scandal; Wed. & Thurs. Evgs., Twelfth Night; Thurs. Mat. & Fri. Evg., Sister Beatrice and Brand; Sat. Eve., Strife. Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c; Opera, $5 to $1

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Entire Block, 6th Ave. 43rd-44th Sts.

Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Eve. 8, 25c. to $1.50.

Entire Circus by 50 Little Poppis | A Trip To Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:30. Last 7 Times MAXINE ELLIOTT in The Inferior Sex. Beg. WED., MARCH 23. (Seats Thurs.)

THE WHIRLWIND (BACCARAT) WITH MARIETTA OLLY

HACKETT Theatre, 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. Next Week The Last The Turning Point By Preston Gibson.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

Broadway Thea. B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT IN THE LOTTERY MAN

Lew Fields HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. Tom'w, 2:15. BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. Tom'w, 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY Extra Mat. Thurs. St. Patrick's Day.

COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. MARY MANNERING in A MAN'S WORLD.

WESTEND 125th, West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. Laurence Irving in THE AFFINITY Mabel Hackney

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

To-day at 2. Special Matinee at POPULAR PRICES. DOUBLE BILL. Hensel und Gretel. Mmes. Alten, Mattfeld, Meitschik, Wickham; M. Goritz, Con. Hertz. And Entire Ballet Coppelia. Mlle. Pavlowa.

To-night at 7:45. Spec'l Perf'ce Local Aid Soc'y. Aida. Mmes. Gadski, Homer, Gluck; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola, Rossi, Condo, Toscanini. And Divertissement, Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkin.

Wed. Evg. at 7:45. Double Bill: Il Barbiere di Siviglia. Mlle. de Hidalgo; MM. Bonci, Forsell, Didur, Pini-Corsi, Condo. Podesti. And Act I. ballet Coppelia, with Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkin.

Thursday Evening at 8.....Pique Dame

Fri. Evg. at 8. Double Bill: First Performance of Frederick Converse's opera, The Pipe of Desire, preceded by Paulanci.

Saturday Afternoon at 1:45.....Tannhauser

Saturday Evening at 8.....La Gioconda

Next Week: Monday Evening.....Pique Dame

Wed. Evg., Aida. Mmes. Destinn, Homer; MM. Caruso, Amato, Didur, Rossi, Condo, Toscanini.

AT THE NEW THEATRE.

Thurs. Mat. at 1:45, Werther. And divertissement, Pavlowa and Mordkin.

Fri. Evg., Barbiere di Siviglia. And divertissement, Pavlowa and Mordkin.

At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

Mon. Evg., Mch. 21, Rigoletto. Mmes. de Hidalgo, Maubourg; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola, Rossi, Begue, Cond., Tango.

WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Ave.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE.

Wed. at 8 sharp, PELLEAS AND MELISANDE. Miss Garden, Mlles. Gerville-Reache, Trentini; MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Crabbe, Huberdeau. Fri., double bill, (last time,) DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT: Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Gilibert, &c., followed by CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA: Mmes. Carmen-Melis, Duchene; MM. Lucas, Crabbe. Sat. aft., (last time,) TALES OF HOFFMANN: Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle; MM. Renaud, Devries, Gilibert, &c. Sat. Eve., (Pop. Prices,) double bill, (last time,) LA NAVARRAISE: Mlle. Gerville-Reache; MM. Devries, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Crabbe, Nicolay; followed by PAGLIACCI. Mlle. Trentini, Mr. Orville Harrold, (his last appearance,) MM. Sammarco, Crabbe. Mon., March 21, (only time,) LAKME: Mme. Tetrazzini, Mlles. Trentini, Vicarino, Mmes. Duchene, Severina; Mr. John McCormack, MM. Huberdeau, Crabbe, Russo.

Subscription books for next season now open, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

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2d Concert, Thursday Eve., March 17

PASSION MUSIC

By Palestrina, Lotti, Durante, Schreck. Songs by Elgar, Brahms, Cornelius.

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TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.

Damrosch Silver Jubilee

Symphony No. 9, Schubert; Barcarolle, Saint-Saens; Concertstueck for Piano, Weber; Die Hunnenschlacht, Liszt.

Mme. Bloomfield Zeisler, Soloist.

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A wearing point as well as a talking point is the "strapped seam."

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. "A portrayal of which any actress should be proud."—Sun. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Sir A. W. Pinero's "MID-CHANNEL."

GARRICK Theatre, 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Saturday, 2:20. "GALES OF LAUGHTER."—Telegram. HATTIE WILLIAMS and all Star Cast in the 3 act farce THE GIRL HE COULDN'T LEAVE BEHIND HIM.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. LAST 11 NIGHTS BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's MRS. DOT

*** TO-DAY at 1:30, The Great Star Benefit for Art Workers' Club.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:15. "THE FUNNIEST PERSON ON THE STAGE TO-DAY."—Alan Dale. WM. COLLIER in his greatest success A LUCKY STAR

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Saturday at 2:15. "As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy and 3 times as funny." THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Sat. at 2. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS WITH BEST CAST OF 100 EVER SEEN

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, Best Seats $1.50. Henry W. Savage offers MADAME X "Full of throbbing humanity."—Mail.

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. JOS. M. GAITES' New Musical Production. BRIGHT EYES by the Authors of 3 TWINS, with Cecil Lean & Florence Holbrook.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Evs. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. FORTUNE HUNTER with JOHN BARRYMORE

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w Best Seats $1. It's Naughty, But It's Nice. 2ND MONTH WHERE THERE'S A WILL Seats Selling 6 Wee ↓ Ahead.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY of Music. Evgs. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c. Last Week—Henry W. Savage offers THE MERRY WIDOW

Popular Prices. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2. NXT WK. SOTHERN & MARLOWE in AS YOU LIKE IT. Seats on Sale.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "A play that sends 'Raffles' back to the infant class."—Leslie's Weekly. 3RD MONTH H. B. WARNER IN ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE

Next Friday Afternoon, "Alias Jimmy Valentine" by All Child Cast. Seats at Box Office.

GARDEN Thurs. 27th & Mad. Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Wed., Fri. & Sat. BEN GREET PLAYERS IN REPERTOIRE. "Everyman," To-night and Fri. Mat. (at 3:15) "She Stoops to Conquer," Wed. Mat. & Evg. "The Rivals".....Thursday Evening "Dr. Faustus" (1st time in America) Friday & Saturday Evgs. & Saturday Mat.

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AMERICAN West 42d St. Daily Mat. 25c. "After the Opera." A Princess of Israel, Montgomery & Moore, Cliff Gordon, 4 Nightons, Reine Davies, others.

THE BELASCO TUYVESAN DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY BELASCO Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. CHARLOTTE WALKER—Just a Wife

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IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Every Eve. 8:15, the great comic opera success, "The Tyrolean," "The Vogelhaendler." Sat. Mat., Marta Spier in "Die beruehmte Frau."

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. MRS. PATRICK CAMPBEL